



2017
South Dakota
KIDS COUNT
25th Annual
Factbook



UNIVERSITY OF
SOUTH DAKOTA
BEACON SCHOOL OF BUSINESS

Photo courtesy of South Dakota Department of Tourism <http://www.travelsd.com>



SOUTH DAKOTA KIDS COUNT
BEACOM SCHOOL OF BUSINESS
UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH DAKOTA
414 E. CLARK STREET
VERMILLION, SD 57069-2390



December 2017

Dear KIDS COUNT Reader,

Welcome to the 25th edition of the South Dakota KIDS COUNT Factbook! For over two decades, the South Dakota Kids Count Factbook has served as the go-to resource for data on the well-being of kids in South Dakota. This year's report brings with it updated data on child wellbeing in South Dakota, offering our most comprehensive and in-depth look ever at the status of South Dakota's children.

South Dakota KIDS COUNT believes that all children should have the opportunity to grow into successful adults and that our state's policies need to support them and their families on the pathway to adulthood. The Factbook takes an in-depth look at our state's children and various measured indicators from childhood to adulthood. You will notice that this year's Factbook uses a new approach for sorting our data, having switched from a county-organized layout, to the new indicator-organized layout. The data continues to illustrate the importance for South Dakota to ensure children have access to opportunity and support systems as they take the steps toward becoming successful adults.

We hope you find this year's edition of the South Dakota KIDS COUNT Factbook helpful. As always, we welcome your feedback. This report exists to help you—whether you are a policymaker, legislative staff member, administrator, child advocate, or anyone else who wants to help ensure that South Dakota's children have the opportunity to lead the happy and healthy lives they deserve.

We hope that you enjoy the 2017 South Dakota KIDS COUNT Factbook!

Sincerely,

Handwritten signature of Carole Cochran in black ink.

carole cochran
Program Director

Handwritten signature of Vanessa Nelson in black ink.

Vanessa Nelson
Information Specialist

Handwritten signature of Josh Hayes in black ink.

Josh Hayes
Staff Assistant

Handwritten signature of Lexie Morrison in black ink.

Lexie Morrison
Staff Assistant



STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA

DENNIS DAUGAARD, GOVERNOR

December 2017

My Fellow South Dakotans,

I am pleased to present the 2017 South Dakota KIDS COUNT Factbook. This book provides statistical information for people across the state to assess progress in child well-being.

For more than twenty years, we have measured South Dakota's progress across multiple factors focusing on child well-being. This report is among the longest, continuously reported results and indicators for children and families in the state and reflects our commitment to South Dakota's long-term success.

The children of South Dakota are our future. We are committed to creating opportunities for South Dakota's children that provide them with resources necessary to become successful individuals. With the support of our government agencies, community partners, and engaged citizens, we are investing in our future by making South Dakota a place where children can grow up healthy and make the most of every opportunity.

I encourage you to use the information provided as a tool for planning and acting on behalf of our children. It is through our collective efforts that we can make a difference in the lives of South Dakota's children and the communities in which they live.

Sincerely,

Dennis Daugaard

Acknowledgements

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Additional funding from: South Dakota Department of Social Services

The individuals and their organizations that provide the data for the factbook :

- Carrie Cushing, Division of Administration, Data, Statistics, & Vital Records, Department of Health
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- Cheriee Watterson and Sandra Kangas Office of Educational Services & Support, Child & Adult Nutrition Services, Department of Education
- Jordan Heckenlaible, Department of Social Services, TANF/SNAP/Medical Services
- Carroll Forsch, Division of Child Care Services, Department of Social Services
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- Kathy Christenson, Unified Judicial System
- Breinne (Bre) Baltzer, Division of Community and Behavioral Health, Department of Social Services
- Accident Records, Department of Public Safety

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Layout and Design of the 2017 SDKC Factbook by Josh Hayes

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Table of Contents

Welcome	6
Data Resources.....	7
How to Interpret Health Data.....	8
How to Perform Data Calculations	9
Demographics	
Population Changes in South Dakota.....	10
Demographics in South Dakota	11
Health	
Infant Mortality, Child & Teen Deaths.....	12
Low Birth Weight Babies, Prenatal Care, Births to Single Teens	13
Education	
Enrollment, Dropout Rate, Graduation Rate and Child Count	14
Free & Reduced Price School Lunches By County	15
Economic	
TANF - SNAP - Medicaid.....	16
Income and Labor Force	17
Safety	
Youth Interactions with DOC and Drug Treatment Admissions.....	18
Traffic Safety and Child Abuse and Neglect.....	19
Regional Data.....	20-25
County Demographics Data.....	26-29
County Health Data.....	30-41
Non-Public School District Data	42-45
Public School District Data.....	46-51
County Child Care	52-53
County Economic Data	54-79
County Safety Data.....	80-87
Sources & Definitions	88-90

Welcome

South Dakota KIDS COUNT

Mission

South Dakota KIDS COUNT supports the decision-makers, advocates, and the public to act towards the best interest of all of South Dakota's children.

Vision

South Dakota KIDS COUNT project will be the primary source for program and policy decisions to ensure all children in South Dakota have the resources they need to be healthy, educated, and safe.

Values

- Quality, credible data are necessary to make responsible decisions about policy and resource allocation.
- All South Dakota children, regardless of race or ethnicity, deserve equal access to opportunity. Racial and ethnic outcome disparities are reduced or eliminated.
- The best outcomes for South Dakota's children are achieved when multiple organizations and groups work together as partners.

Some Cautions for Using the Data

Small numbers - Much of the data in the Factbook is calculated based on small numbers of events i.e., child death rate, infant mortality rate. As the population base becomes smaller, as it does in many South Dakota counties, the number or percent may vary considerably from year to year.

Understand the indicator - Rates are not reported for counties when the number of events are too small to be meaningful. Some indicators are reported in numbers, some as percents and some as rates (rate per 1,000, or rate per 100,000). Read the data sources and definitions found at the beginning of each section. How to Perform Data Calculations is found on page 9.

Time period - Data are based on different time intervals (e.g., state fiscal year, five-year averages). The reader is cautioned to check each indicator. Again, check definitions and data sources to determine the exact time period being reported.

Accessing KIDS COUNT Data

Each indicator section and county page can be accessed in portable document format (PDF) on the South Dakota KIDS COUNT website www.sdkidscount.org

The Kids Count Data Center provides easy access to state, county, and regional data for indicators in the SD KIDS COUNT Factbook and other indicators not published in the Factbook. The KIDS COUNT Data Center allows users to do more than just view the data. Users can also:

- Create a customized profile of data for a selected county or region
- Generate customized maps for presentations and publications that show how children are faring in a community;
- Embed automatically updated maps and graphs in other websites or blogs.

Instructions on how to use the data center:

<http://www.usd.edu/business/south-dakota-kids-count/tool-box>

The infographic is titled "KIDS COUNT DATA CENTER" and features a central tablet displaying the website interface. Three callout boxes highlight key features: "SHARE" (posting data visualizations on social media), "VISUALIZE" (creating custom profiles, maps, and charts), and "SEARCH" (finding statistics by location or keyword). A "SEARCH BY CHARACTERISTIC" box explains the search filters: age, family, nativity, and race/ethnicity, and lists 44 markers for child and family well-being.

DataCenter.KidsCount.org/SD

Hundreds of child well-being indicators at your fingertips to support smart decision making and good policies for children and families.

Data Resources

The data and information found in the 2017 South Dakota KIDS COUNT Factbook were provided by:

The Annie E. Casey Foundation

<http://www.aecf.org/kidscount>
701 St. Paul Street
Baltimore, MD 21202
Phone: 410-547-6600

SD Department of Education

<http://doe.sd.gov/>
Judy Merriman
Office of Finance and Management
800 Governors Dr.
Pierre, SD 57501-2291
Phone: 605-773-4737
Email: Judy.Merriman@state.sd.us

<http://doe.sd.gov/cans/index.aspx>
Sandra Kangas
Child & Adult Nutrition Services
800 Governors Drive
Pierre, SD 57501-2294
Phone: 605-773-3413

Email: Sandra.Kangas@state.sd.us
SD Department of Health

<http://doh.sd.gov/>
Carrie Cushing
Data Statistics
Dept. of Health
600 East Capitol Ave.
Pierre, SD 57501-2536
Phone: 605-773-4958
Email: Carrie.Cushing@state.sd.us

SD Department of Public Safety

http://dps.sd.gov/enforcement/accident_records/default.aspx
Accident Records
118 West Capitol Avenue
Pierre, SD 57501
Phone: 605-773-3178

SD Unified Judicial System

<http://ujs.sd.gov/>
Charles Frieberg
500 East Capitol
Pierre, SD 57501-5090
Phone: 605-773-3474
Email: Charles.Frieberg@ujs.state.sd.us

SD Department of Social Services

<http://dss.sd.gov/tanf/>
<http://dss.sd.gov/snap/index.asp>
<http://dss.sd.gov/medicalservices/>
Jordan Heckenlaible
700 Governors Drive
Pierre, SD 57501-2291
Phone: 605-773-5013
Email: Jordan.Heckenlaible@state.sd.us

<http://dss.sd.gov/childcare/>
Carroll Forsch
Child Care Services
700 Governors Drive
Pierre, SD 57501-2291
Phone: 605-773-4766
Email: Carroll.Forsch@state.sd.us

<http://dss.sd.gov/childprotection/>
JoLynn Bostrom
Child Protection Services
Phone: 605-347-2588 ext 203
Email: JoLynn.Bostrom@state.sd.us

<http://dss.sd.gov/behavioralhealth/>
Community Behavioral Health
Breinne (Bre) Baltzer
521 E. Sioux Ave c/o 700 Governors Drive
Pierre, SD 57501
Phone: 605-773-3123
Email: breinne.baltzer@state.sd.us

How to Interpret Health Data

Information and limitations of the health data:

Mortality and death rates are calculated by taking the number of deaths in any given category, dividing it by the total number of individuals in that category, and multiplying by 1,000 or 100,000 (whatever number is chosen).

$$\frac{\text{Total death}}{\text{Population Base}} \times 1,000$$

A percentage is calculated using the same formula only multiplied by 100.

As the population base becomes smaller, as it does in many counties in South Dakota, statistical variation becomes more prominent and more prone to anomalies. For example, let's say a county has 2 infants die out of 85 live births. If we divide 2 by 85 and multiply by 1,000 we get an infant mortality rate of 24 per 1,000. If the next year only 1 infant dies out of 85 live births, the infant mortality rate would be 12. This so-called large decrease is a result of statistical variation and the magnitude of the drop is exaggerated because of the use of a base of 1,000.

$$\frac{\text{Infant deaths}}{\text{Population Base}} \times 1,000 = \frac{2}{85} \times 1,000 = 0.0235 \times 1,000 = 24 \text{ per } 1,000$$

In an attempt to minimize chance variations, five-year averages are used. Despite these precautions, in the most sparsely populated counties, using 5 year averages still will not reduce chance variation significantly for some of the indicators due to the small number of events. A rate or percent is not calculated for those counties where the event number is below 3.

The standard error (SE) of a rate is used in health statistics when studying or comparing rates. The SE defines a rate's variability and can be used to calculate a confidence interval (CI) to determine the actual variance of a rate 95% of the time. Rates for two different populations are considered significantly different when their confidence intervals do not overlap.

The Beadle County percent of births to single teens was 8% for 2012-16. The 95% confidence interval [CI] is 1.36%. This was based on 134 births to single teens out of 1,674 total live births in the county. Beadle County's percent of births to single teens is significantly different than the South Dakota rate. This is because the confidence intervals for Beadle County (6.6% to 9.4%) do not overlap the state's (5.7% to 6.1%). In other words, Beadle County's percent of births to single teens falls outside of the state's confidence interval and the percentages are higher than the state's making Beadle County's rate worse than the state's average.

The 95% confidence interval [CI] for Perkins County is 3.48%. The percent of low birthweight babies was 5.6%. The percent of low birthweight babies for Perkins County (based on 10 low birthweight babies for 2012-16 out of 178 total live births) is not significantly different from South Dakota because the percent of low birthweight babies for Perkins County (2.1% to 9.1%) overlap the state's (6.2% to 6.6%). In other words, Perkins County's percent of low birthweight babies falls within the state's confidence interval making Perkins County's rate the same as the state's average.

The 95% confidence interval [CI] for Roberts County was 1.36%. The percent of low birthweight babies is 4.3%. The percent of low birthweight babies for Roberts County (based on 39 low birthweight babies during 2012-16 out of 902 total live births) is significantly different from South Dakota because the percent of low birthweight babies for Roberts County (3.0% to 5.7%) do not overlap the state (6.2% to 6.6%). In other words, Roberts County's percent of low birthweight babies does not fall within the state's confidence interval and the percentages are lower than the state's making Roberts County's rate better than the state's average.

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How to Perform Data Calculations

There are numerous computations in this report that involve rates, percentage, and percent change over time. Many of these calculations are similar. The one that is used depends on what one wants to say about the data. Basically, each of these calculations involves dividing one piece of data by another.

Percentage

A 'percentage' means one part in one hundred. Ten percent means 10 out of 100. To calculate a percent, divide the number in a subgroup (or smaller number) by the number in the total group and multiply by 100.

Example: Percent=(number in subgroup / number in whole group) (number of births to single teens in South Dakota, 2016 [640]) / (number of all live births in South Dakota [12,270]) x 100.

$$640 / 12,270 = 0.052 \times 100 = 5.2\%$$

About 5% of live births in South Dakota, in 2016, were to single teens (single females under age 20).

Rate

A rate is simply the number of things per some other number, usually 100, 1,000 or other multiples of 10. A percentage is a rate - per 100. Depending on the size of the subgroup, a rate greater than 100 is often used. This is the case in health statistics such as infant mortality, child death, etc. To calculate a rate you need three pieces of information:

- (1) the total group number,
- (2) the number in the sub group and
- (3) the 'per' number—per 1,000, 10,000, or 100,000. The per number is your multiplier.

Example: Rate=(number in sub-group / number in whole group) x multiplier (number of teen deaths in South Dakota, 2016 [51] / number of children ages 15-19 in South Dakota [56,838]) x multiplier.

$$51 / 56,838 = 0.000897 \times 100,000 = 89.72 \text{ or rounded to } 89.7$$

The teen death rate for South Dakota in 2016 was 89.7 per 100,000 teens ages 15-19.

Rates can also be obtained per month or per day. For 2016 the figures for live births would show:

$$12,270 \text{ births} / 12 \text{ months} = 1,023 \text{ live births per month in South Dakota}$$

$$12,270 \text{ births} / 365 \text{ days} = 34 \text{ live births per day in South Dakota}$$

Percent Change

Change from one time period to the next can be calculated. This is called the 'percent change'. It is calculated in the following manner: (newer year number - older year number) / older year number x 100

Example:

2010 population under age 20 in South Dakota = 226,740 (newer number)
2000 population under age 20 in South Dakota = 234,385 (older number)

$$(226,740 - 234,385) = -7,645$$
$$-7,645 / 234,385 = -.00326 \times 100 = -3.26\% \text{ or rounded to } 3.3\%$$

This figure indicates that between the years of 2000 and 2010, the number of children under age 20 decreased by about 3%.

Demographics



Children under age 18 in poverty, 2016
17%

35,000 children

Source: KIDS COUNT Data Center

Children ages 6 to 17 in poverty, 2016
16%

21,000 children

Source: KIDS COUNT Data Center

Total Family Households (families) with own children under 18

92,357

2016 ACS 1-year estimates

Children Under Age 20

236,526 children

2016 ACS 1-year estimates



7% of the population are under the age of 5
2016 estimates

Missouri Census Data Center

48% of grandparents in South Dakota are responsible for their own grandchildren under 18.

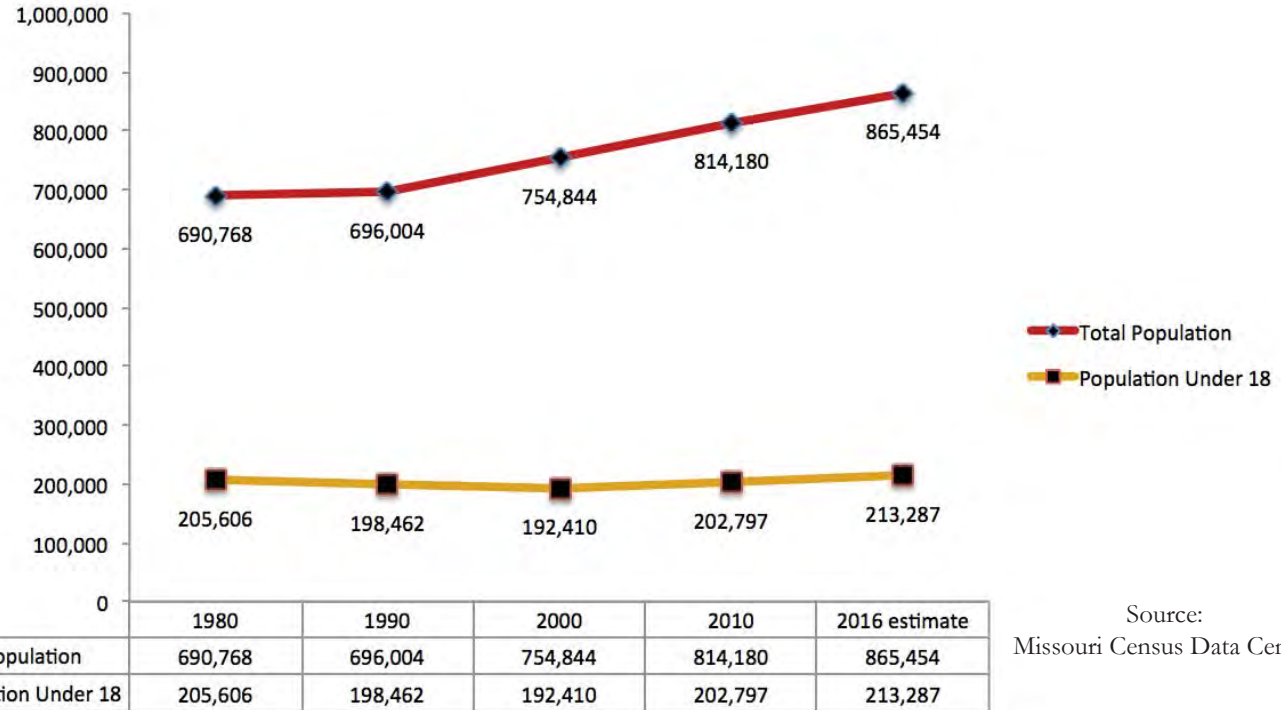
2016 ACS 1-year estimates



19% of the population under the age of 5 are in poverty

2016 ACS 1-year estimates
KIDS COUNT Data Center

Population Changes in South Dakota



Source: Missouri Census Data Center

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Source: KIDS COUNT Data Center

Children ages 6 to 17 in poverty, 2016
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Source: KIDS COUNT Data Center

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2016 ACS 1-year estimates



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Missouri Census Data Center

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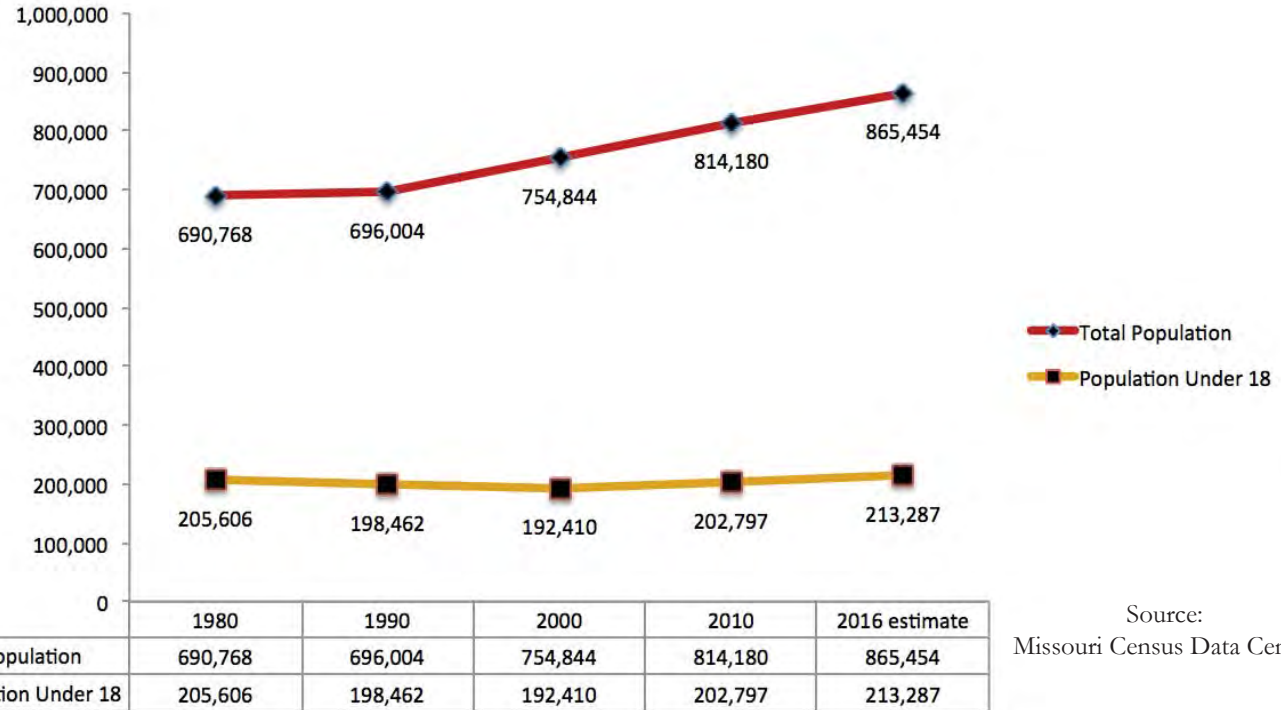
2016 ACS 1-year estimates



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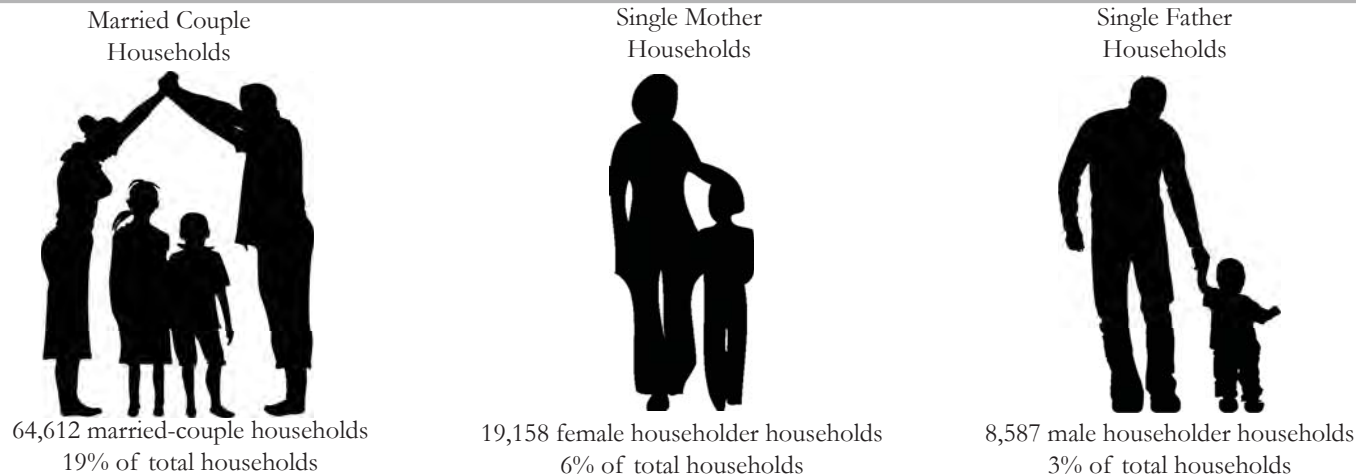
2016 ACS 1-year estimates
KIDS COUNT Data Center

Population Changes in South Dakota



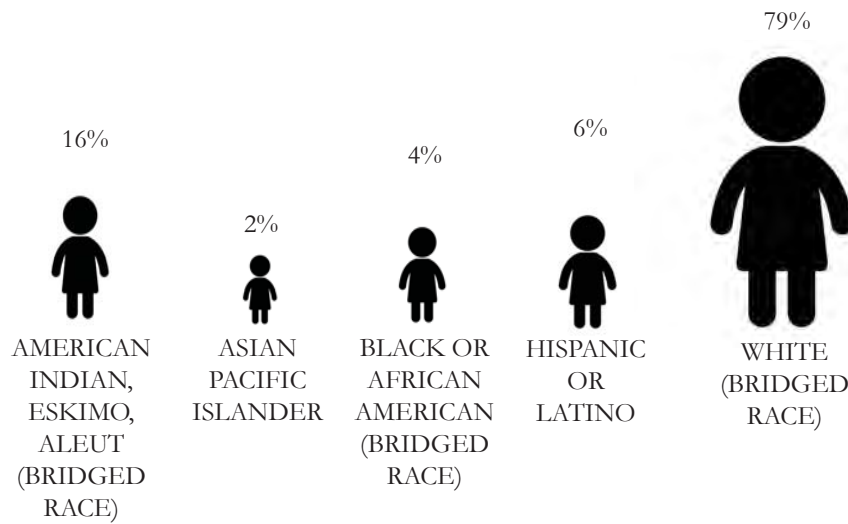
Source: Missouri Census Data Center

Demographics in South Dakota



Numbers and percentages based on households with own children under age 18. Total households: 334,003.
 U. S. Census Bureau - <http://www.census.gov/>: 2016 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates.

PERCENTAGE OF CHILDREN UNDER 18 BY RACE IN SOUTH DAKOTA 2015 ESTIMATE



American Indian, Eskimo, Aleut (bridged race)
 Age 0 to 4..... 10,091
 Age 5 to 9..... 9,494
 Age 10 to 148,782
 Age 15 to 197,631

Asian & Pacific Islander
 Age 0 to 4.....1,214
 Age 5 to 9..... 994
 Age 10 to 141,086
 Age 15 to 191,246

Black or African Americans (bridged race)
 Age 0 to 4.....2,765
 Age 5 to 9.....2,596
 Age 10 to 142,118
 Age 15 to 191,768

Hispanic or Latino
 Age 0 to 4.....4,883
 Age 5 to 9.....3,914
 Age 10 to 143,070
 Age 15 to 192,643

White (bridged race)
 Age 0 to 4..... 47,297
 Age 5 to 9..... 47,393
 Age 10 to 14 45,856
 Age 15 to 19 56,838

Source:
 KIDS COUNT Data Center
 2016 estimates

Health



Infant Mortality deaths per 1,000 live babies

White.....5.1
 American Indian.....12.2
 Other Races.....11.1

Child Deaths per 100,000 children ages 1-14

White.....20.4
 American Indian.....54.3
 Other Races.....16.5

Teen Violent Deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15-19

White.....44.9
 American Indian.....171.8
 Other Races.....80.3

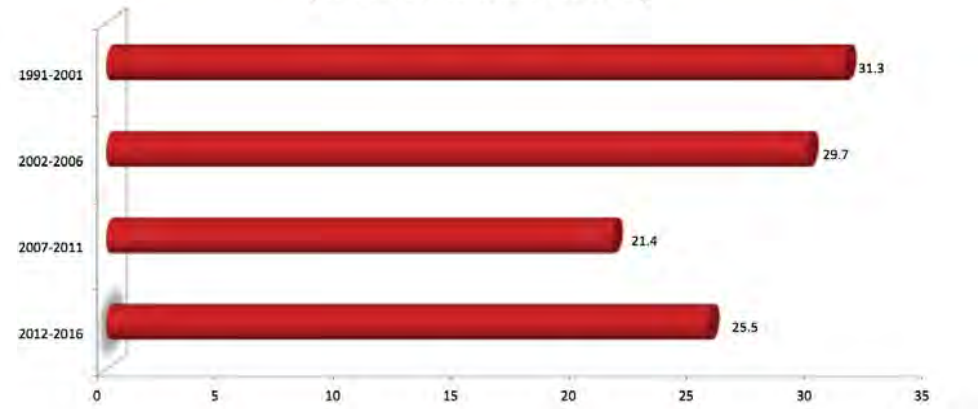
American Indian is significantly higher than white in each of these three indicators

Infant Mortality, Child Deaths, and Teen Violent Deaths

SOUTH DAKOTA INFANT MORTALITY RATE (PER 1,000 LIVE BIRTHS)



SOUTH DAKOTA CHILD DEATH RATE (PER 100,000 CHILDREN AGES 1-14)

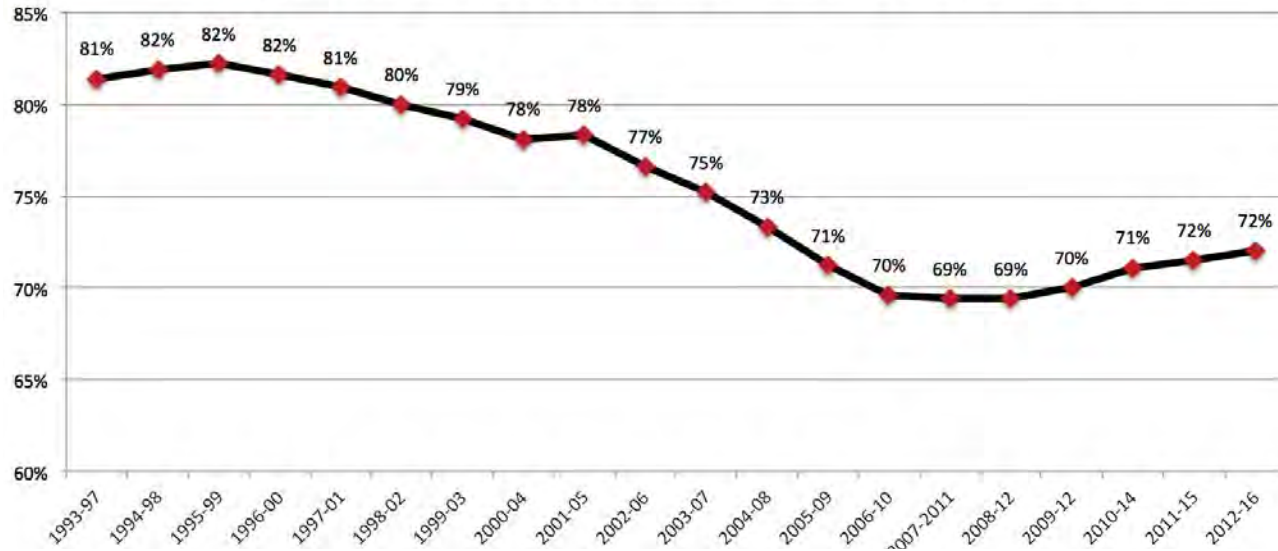


NUMBER OF TEEN VIOLENT DEATHS
 1997-2001... 226 DEATHS
 2002-2006... 225 DEATHS
 2007-2011... 196 DEATHS
 2012-2016... 181 DEATHS

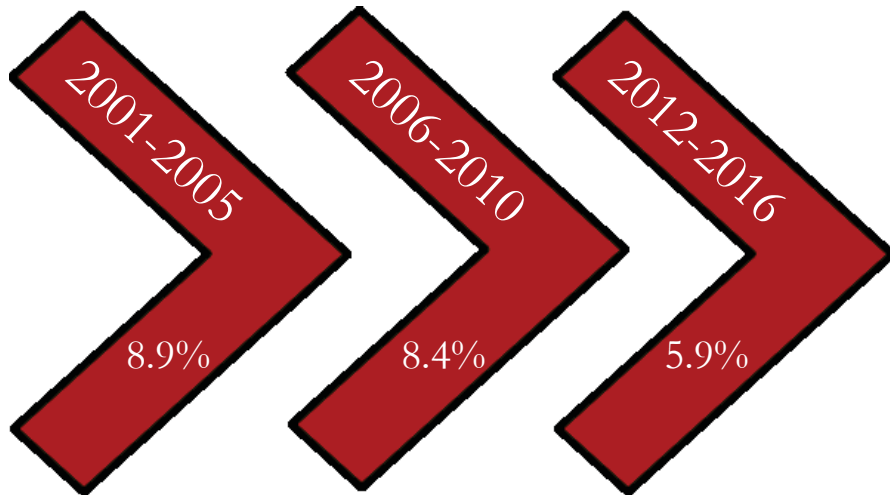
18%
 Improvement
 1997-2001 to 2012-2016
 Time Period

Prenatal Care, Births to Single Teens, & Low Birth Weight Babies

SOUTH DAKOTA PERCENT OF FIRST TRIMESTER PRENATAL CARE



BIRTHS TO SINGLE TEENS UNDER 20



LOW BIRTH WEIGHT BABIES (UNDER ABOUT 5.5 POUNDS)

1997-2001	6.0%
2002-2006	6.9%
2007-2011	7.0%
2012-2016	6.4%



Prenatal Care

During 1st Trimester

White.....	79%
American Indian.....	49%
Other Races.....	54%
Two or More Races.....	62%

White is significantly higher than American Indian.

Births to Single Teens

Girls Under Age 20

White.....	4%
American Indian.....	15%
Other Races.....	4%
Two or More Races.....	13%

American Indian is significantly higher than white.

Low Birth Weight Babies

Less than 5.5 pounds

White.....	6%
American Indian.....	7%
Other Races.....	5%
Two or More Races.....	7%

American Indian is significantly higher than white.

Source:

South Dakota Department of Health

doh.sd.gov

Data are for 2012-16

Education



Children with special needs in SD schools:

Emotionally Disturbed
1,145

Cognitive Disability
1,856

Hearing Loss
94

Specific Learning Disability
6,836

Multiple Disabilities
541

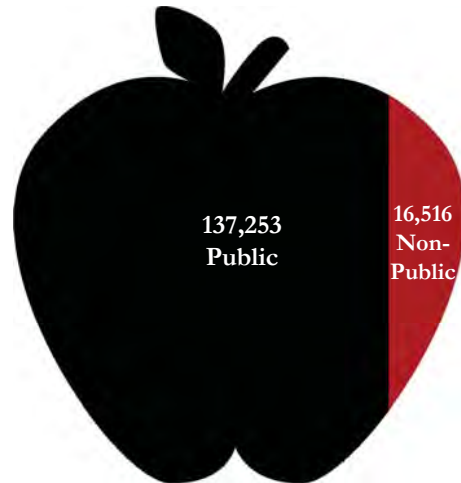
Orthopedic Impairments
65

Vision Loss
46

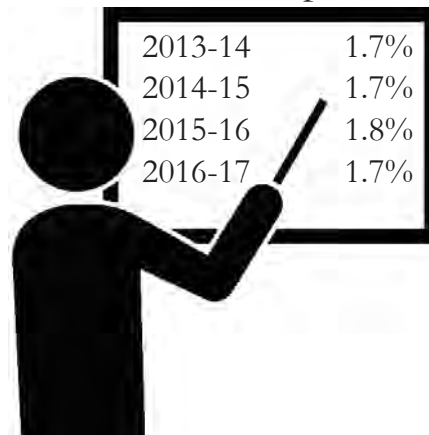
December 2016 Child Count

Enrollment, Dropout Rate, Graduation, & Performance Indicators

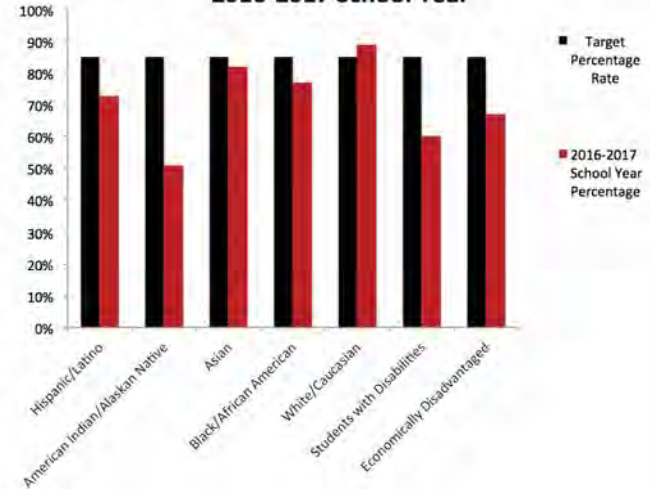
Public & Non-public School Enrollment
Fall 2017



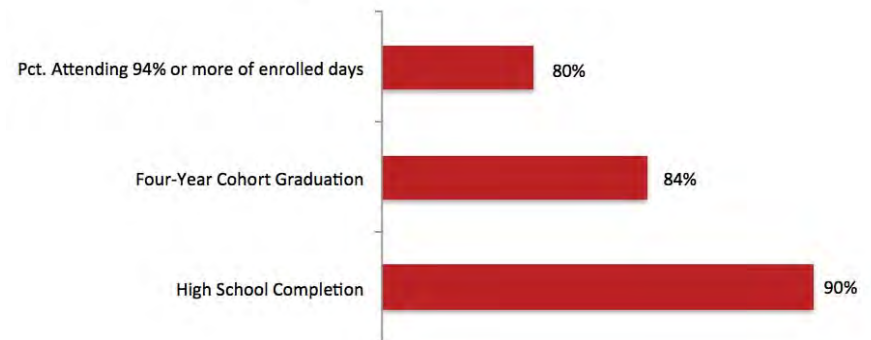
Public School Dropout Rate



Four-Year Cohort Graduation Percentage:
2016-2017 School Year



Performance Indicators
2016-2017 School Year

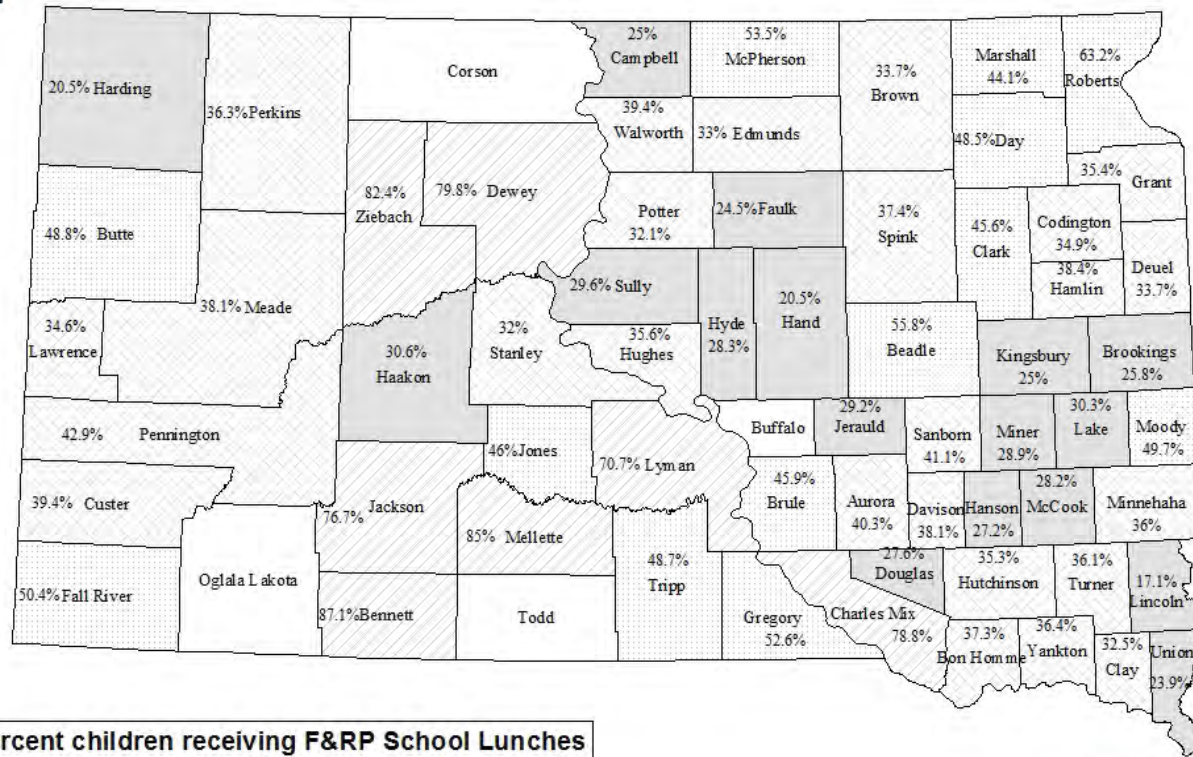


Source: South Dakota Department of Education, doe.sd.gov

Free & Reduced Price Lunch By County



Percent of Children Receiving Free & Reduced Price School Lunch by County 2017
South Dakota: 42%



Percent children receiving F&RP School Lunches

- 17.1% - 30.6%
- 30.7% - 42.9%
- 43% - 63.2%
- 63.3% - 87.1%

Counties with no percentage have 90% or more of the children eligible for free and reduced priced meals or 20 or fewer children enrolled in the school agency. To show the percentages for these sites would overtly identify children and their eligibility for free or reduced price meals.

Map by SD KIDS COUNT
Beacom School of Business
University of South Dakota, 2017



Children with special needs in SD schools:

Deafness
54

Speech/Language Disorder
4,293

Other Health Impaired
2,623

Autism Spectrum Disorder
1,318

Developmental Delay (Preschool ages 3-5)
1,296

Traumatic Brain Injury
54

Deaf-Blind
<10

December 2016 Child Count

Source: South Dakota Department of Education

Economic



Medicaid Participation 2017

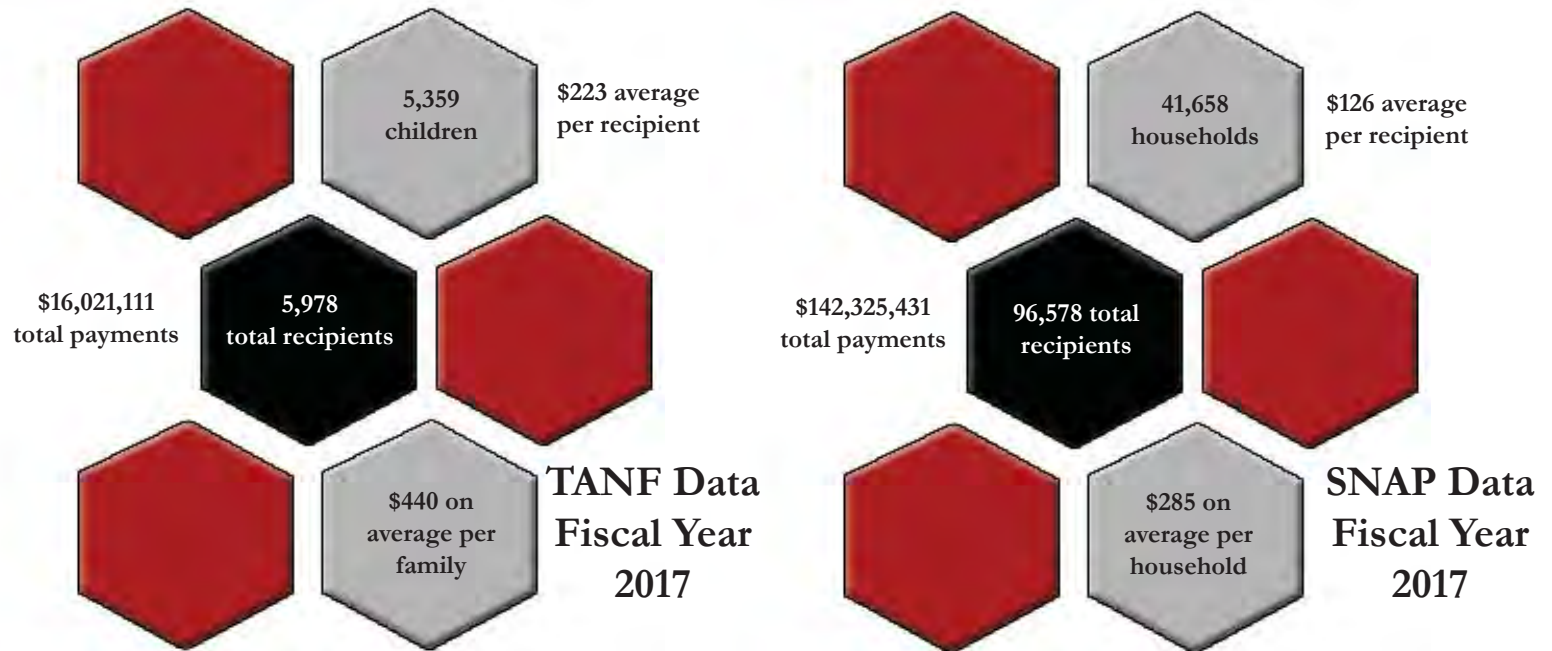
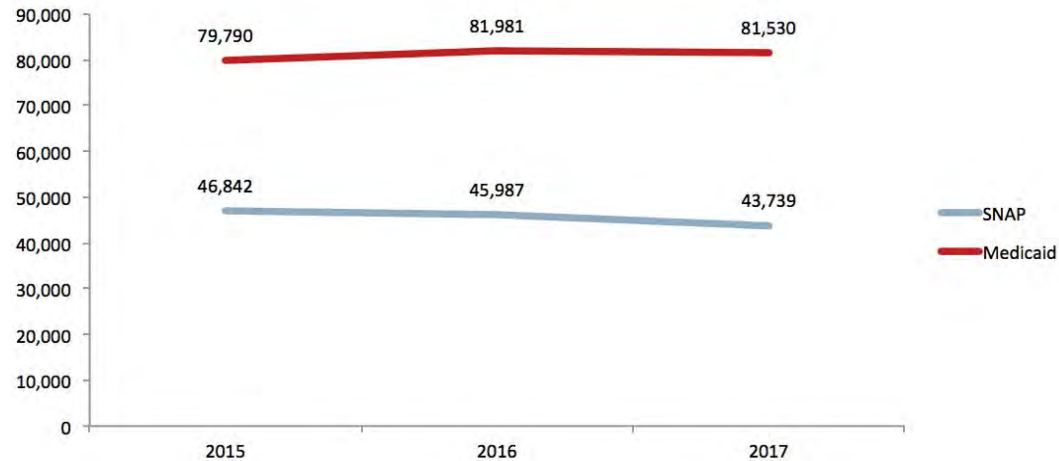
Ages 0-5	29,341
Ages 6-13	35,890
Ages 14-18	16,299

SNAP Participation 2017

Ages 0-4	14,411
Ages 5-13	22,763
Ages 14-17	6,565

TANF, Medicaid, and SNAP

Under age 18 Medicaid & Snap Three Year Trend



Source: South Dakota Department of Social Services

Income and Labor Force



Sex by age by employment in labor force, 2016	
Male	Percent
Age 16-19 in labor force	49%
Age 20-24 in labor force	73%
Female	
Age 16-19 in labor force	58%
Age 20-24 in labor force	85%
Source: U.S. Census Bureau 2016 American Community Survey 1-year estimates	



80%

of children ages 6 to 17 with all parents in the labor force

Children under 6 years with all parents in the labor force

76%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau 2016 American Community Survey 1-year Estimates



- 2016 Per-capita Income: \$28,585
~Per-capita income is the mean income computed for every man, woman, & child in the state.
~Example: Total income for Clay County divided by the total population of Clay County equals per-capita income.
Source: 2016 American Community Survey 1-year estimates
- 2016 Median Household Income: \$54,467
~ The median divides the income distribution into two equal parts, one having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below the median.
Source: 2016 American Community Survey, 1-year estimates

Families with income in the past 12 months below the poverty level

Married couple families 3.5% with related children of householder under 18 years 4.3%

with related children of householder under 5 years 3.7%

Female headed families 30.7% with related children of householder under 18 years 38.1%

with related children of householder under 5 years 38.1%

All families 8.2% with related children of householder under 18 years 13.1%

with related children of householder under 5 years 13.9%

Safety



Licensed Drivers by Age 2016

0 to 13	0.0%
14 to 15	1.7%
16 to 17	2.6%
18	1.4%
19	1.5%
Total	7.2%

Drivers in Fatal & Injury Crashes 2016

0 to 13	7
14 to 15	175
16 to 17	329
18	220
19	179
Total	910

14% of total crashes

Drinking Drivers in Fatal & Injury Crashes 2016

0 to 13	0
14 to 15	4
16 to 17	16
18	12
19	8
Total	30

9% of total crashes

Source: South Dakota Department of Public Safety, dps.sd.gov

Youth Interactions with DOC and Drug Treatment Admissions

Non-adjudicated Actions
State Fiscal Year 2017

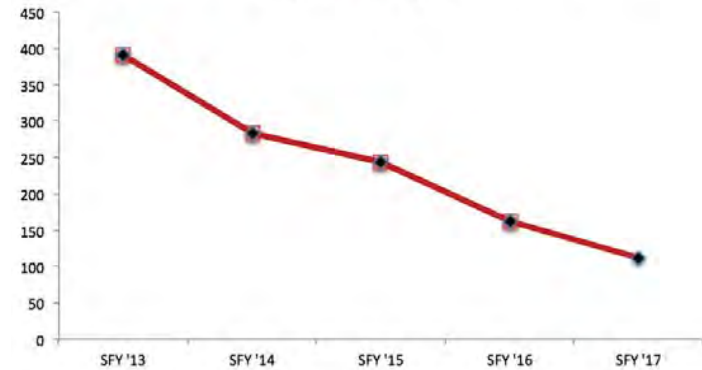
5,475



602

Adjudicated
Actions State Fiscal Year
2017

Youth Commitments to the Department of Corrections by SFY



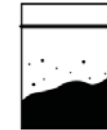
Top 3 Drugs Used by Juveniles in 2017



Marijuana/Hashish
60.0%

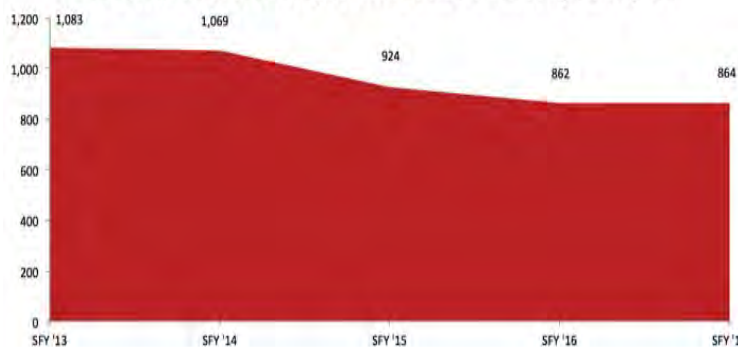


Alcohol
31.0%



Meth
4.0%

Youth Admissions To Drug or Alcohol Treatment Programs By SFY



Source: South Dakota Department of Human Services

Youth Commitments to DOC Percent Change From 2010 to Current Year

- 65%

Youth Admissions to Drug & Alcohol Treatment Percent Change From 2010 to Current Year

- 46%

Traffic Safety and Child Abuse and Neglect



In 2016, pedestrians under age 20 account for 29% (27 of 93) of injuries in traffic crashes.



In 2016, bicyclists under age 20 comprised 43% of all injuries in traffic crashes.



In 2016, motorcycle drivers under the age of 20 were involved in 14 crashes

Child Abuse and Neglect State Fiscal Year 2017

Breakdown by type of abuse or neglect:
 Physical Abuse: 151 children
 Sexual Abuse: 44 children
 Physical Neglect: 1,161 children
 Emotional Maltreatment: 10 children

2,484 families completed an Initial Family Assessment that included 4,631 children
 1,726 children identified for safety responses:
 668 remained in their homes in need of services
 1,103 removed from the home by law enforcement or a court
 Source: Child Protection Services, Dept of Social Services

Speeding Drivers in Fatal & Injury Crashes 2016

0 to 13	.....2
14 to 15	.....13
16 to 17	.....42
18	.....34
19	.....22
Total	.....113

23% of total crashes

Fatalities in Crashes by Age 2016

0 to 5	.....4
6 to 13	.....2
14 to 15	.....2
16 to 17	.....5
18	.....3
19	.....4
Total	.....20

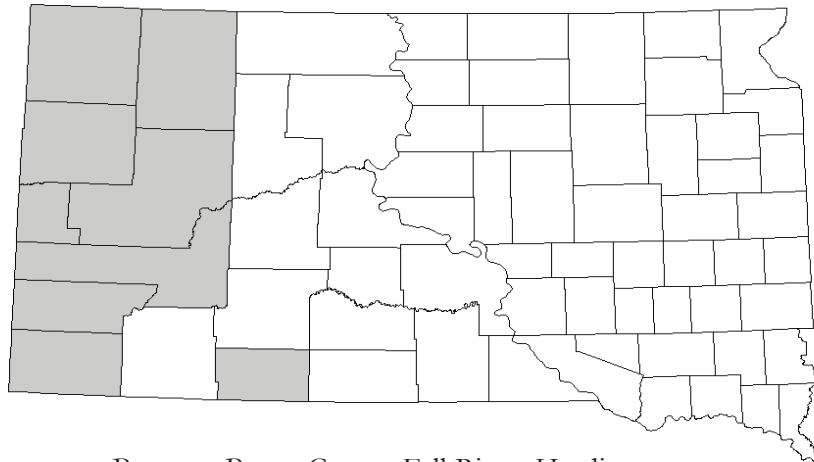
17% of total crash fatalities

Injuries in Crashes by Age 2016

0 to 5	.....82
6 to 13	.....198
14 to 15	.....176
16 to 17	.....267
18	.....165
19	.....144
Total	.....1,032

20% of total crash injuries

Black Hills Council of Local Governments



Bennett, Butte, Custer, Fall River, Harding,
Lawrence, Meade, Pennington, Perkins

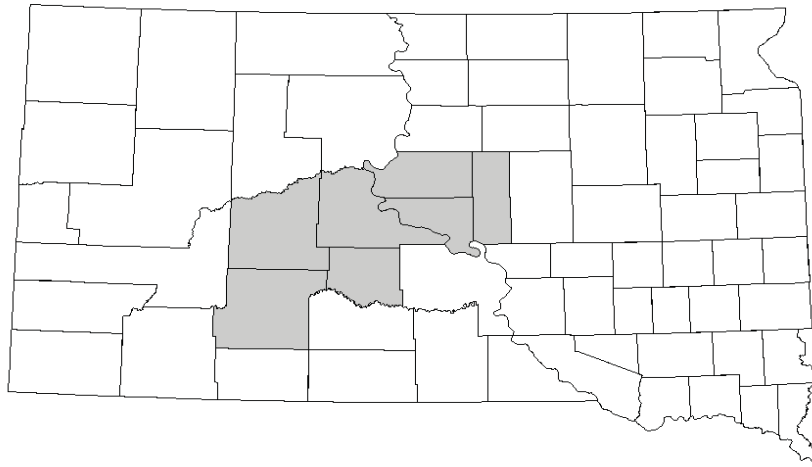
HEALTH	Total	Rate
Low Birthweight Babies, 2012-2016	860	7%
Infant Mortality Rate, 2012-2016	73	6.0
Child Death Rate, 2012-2016	33	19.3
Teen Violent Death Rate, 2012-2016	30	50.0
Births to Single Teens, 2012-2016	745	6.1%
First Trimester Prenatal Care, 2012-2016	8,968	73.6%

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	Total	Percent
TANF children, State Fiscal Year (SFY) 2017	947	2.2%
Age 0-4 receiving SNAP, SFY 2017	3,082	25.6%
Age 5-13 receiving SNAP, SFY 2017	5,091	22.8%
Age 14-17 receiving SNAP, SFY 2017	1,492	15.1%
Age 0-5 Eligible for Medical Services, SFY 2017	6,061	42.1%
Age 6-13 Eligible for Medical Services, SFY 2017	7,814	39.1%
Age 14-18 Eligible for Medical Services, SFY 2017	3,384	28.9%
South Dakota Free & Reduced Price School Lunch Eligibility, 2017-2018 school year	146,933	42%

DEMOGRAPHICS	Total	Percent
Total Population, 2016 estimate	195,717	100%
Total Pop. 0 to 4, 2016 estimate	12,049	20%
Total Pop. Under Age 20, 2016 estimate	48,484	21%
South Dakota Under Age 18 in Poverty, 2015 estimate	36,584	17.7%

YOUTH JUSTICE, SFY 2017	Total	Percent
Adjudicated Cases	1,356	7%
Non-Adjudicated Cases	24	0.1%
Commitments to the Dept. of Corrections	22	0.11%
Admissions of Youth to Drug or Alcohol Treatment Programs	275	1.4%

Central South Dakota Enhancement District



Haakon, Hughes, Hyde, Jackson, Jones, Stanley, Sully

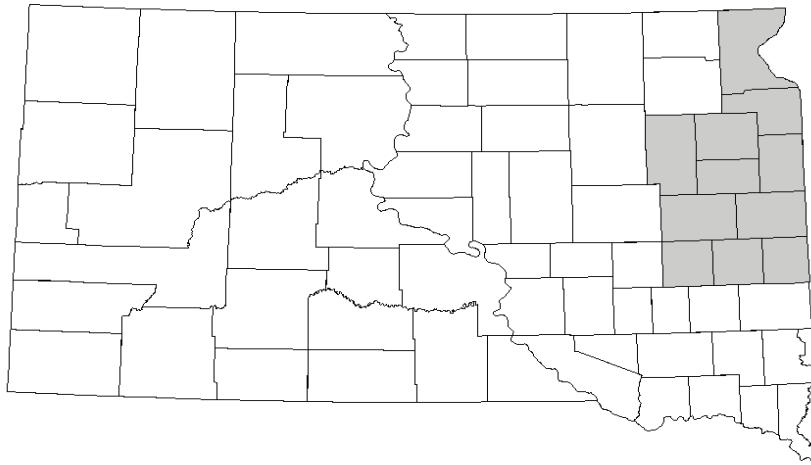
HEALTH	Total	Rate
Low Birthweight Babies, 2012-2016	129	6.3%
Infant Mortality Rate, 2012-2016	18	8.7
Child Death Rate, 2012-2016	6	21.4
Teen Violent Death Rate, 2012-2016	12	133.0
Births to Single Teens, 2012-2016	144	7%
First Trimester Prenatal Care, 2012-2016	1,120	55%

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	Total	Percent
TANF children, State Fiscal Year (SFY) 2017	231	3.2%
Age 0-4 receiving SNAP, SFY 2017	483	23.1%
Age 5-13 receiving SNAP, SFY 2017	688	19%
Age 14-17 receiving SNAP, SFY 2017	212	14.1%
Age 0-5 Eligible for Medical Services, SFY 2017	990	39.7%
Age 6-13 Eligible for Medical Services, SFY 2017	1,114	34.6%
Age 14-18 Eligible for Medical Services, SFY 2017	535	28.6%
South Dakota Free & Reduced Price School Lunch Eligibility, 2017-2018 school year	146,933	42%

DEMOGRAPHICS	Total	Percent
Total Population, 2016 estimate	29,511	100%
Total Pop. 0 to 4, 2016 estimate	2,090	3%
Total Pop. Under Age 20, 2016 estimate	7,875	3%
South Dakota Under Age 18 in Poverty, 2015 estimate	36,584	17.7%

YOUTH JUSTICE, SFY 2017	Total	Percent
Adjudicated Cases	135	4.4%
Non-Adjudicated Cases	15	0.5%
Commitments to the Dept. of Corrections	4	0.13%
Admissions of Youth to Drug or Alcohol Treatment Programs	65	2.1%

First District Association of Local Governments



Brookings, Clark, Codington, Deuel, Grant, Hamlin,
Kingsbury, Lake, Miner, Moody, Roberts

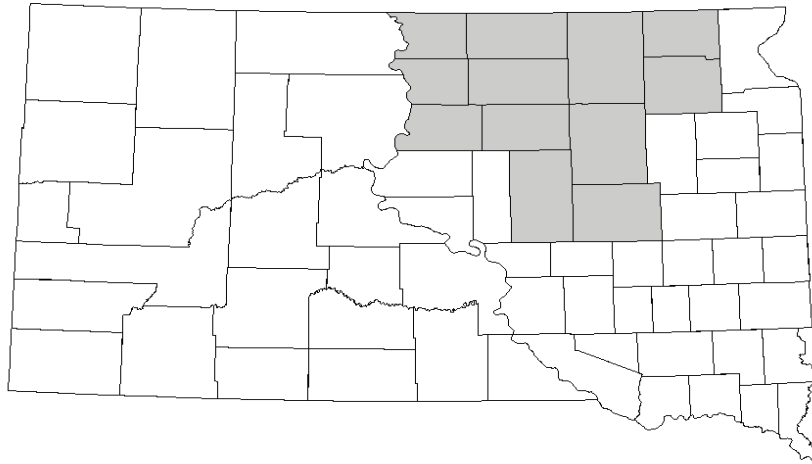
HEALTH	Total	Rate
Low Birthweight Babies, 2012-2016	443	5.5%
Infant Mortality Rate, 2012-2016	48	6.0
Child Death Rate, 2012-2016	22	20.6
Teen Violent Death Rate, 2012-2016	15	32.4
Births to Single Teens, 2012-2016	381	4.7%
First Trimester Prenatal Care, 2012-2016	6,009	75.3%

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	Total	Percent
TANF children, State Fiscal Year (SFY) 2017	174	0.6%
Age 0-4 receiving SNAP, SFY 2017	1,467	18%
Age 5-13 receiving SNAP, SFY 2017	2,158	15.4%
Age 14-17 receiving SNAP, SFY 2017	512	8.8%
Age 0-5 Eligible for Medical Services, SFY 2017	3,379	35%
Age 6-13 Eligible for Medical Services, SFY 2017	3,791	30.4%
Age 14-18 Eligible for Medical Services, SFY 2017	1,597	20.8%
South Dakota Free & Reduced Price School Lunch Eligibility, 2017-2018 school year	146,933	42%

DEMOGRAPHICS	Total	Percent
Total Population, 2016 estimate	120,212	100%
Total Pop. 0 to 4, 2016 estimate	8,149	13%
Total Pop. Under Age 20, 2016 estimate	32,801	14%
South Dakota Under Age 18 in Poverty, 2015 estimate	36,584	17.7%

YOUTH JUSTICE, SFY 2017	Total	Percent
Adjudicated Cases	621	5.2%
Non-Adjudicated Cases	59	0.5%
Commitments to the Dept. of Corrections	16	0.13%
Admissions of Youth to Drug or Alcohol Treatment Programs	62	0.5%

Northeast Council of Local Governments



Beadle, Brown, Campbell, Day, Edmunds, Faulk, Hand, Marshall, McPherson, Potter, Spink, Walworth

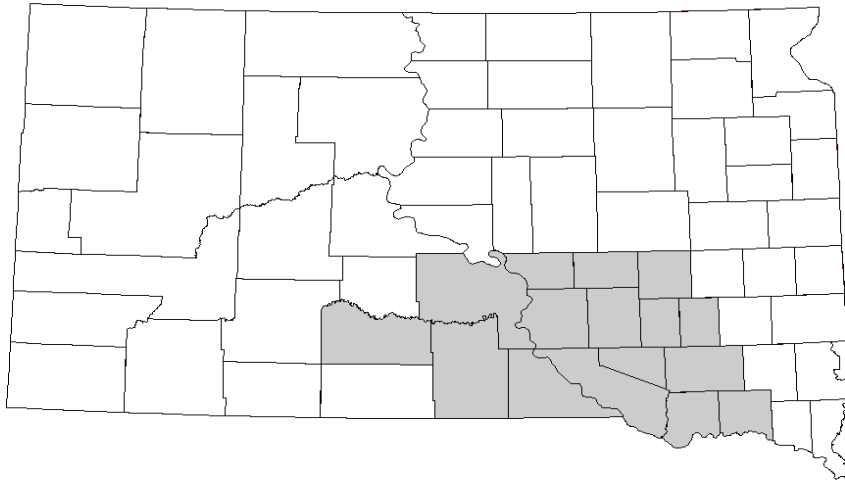
HEALTH	Total	Rate
Low Birthweight Babies, 2012-2016	404	6.3%
Infant Mortality Rate, 2012-2016	43	6.7
Child Death Rate, 2012-2016	16	18.6
Teen Violent Death Rate, 2012-2016	15	50.3
Births to Single Teens, 2012-2016	323	5%
First Trimester Prenatal Care, 2012-2016	4,101	64.6%

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	Total	Percent
TANF children, State Fiscal Year (SFY) 2017	135	0.6%
Age 0-4 receiving SNAP, SFY 2017	1,445	21.9%
Age 5-13 receiving SNAP, SFY 2017	2,107	18.5%
Age 14-17 receiving SNAP, SFY 2017	531	10.8%
Age 0-5 Eligible for Medical Services, SFY 2017	3,156	39.7%
Age 6-13 Eligible for Medical Services, SFY 2017	3,505	34.9%
Age 14-18 Eligible for Medical Services, SFY 2017	1,474	24.8%
South Dakota Free & Reduced Price School Lunch Eligibility, 2017-2018 school year	146,933	42%

DEMOGRAPHICS	Total	Percent
Total Population, 2016 estimate	95,371	100%
Total Pop. 0 to 4, 2016 estimate	6,590	11%
Total Pop. Under Age 20, 2016 estimate	24,997	11%
South Dakota Under Age 18 in Poverty, 2015 estimate	36,584	17.7%

YOUTH JUSTICE, SFY 2017	Total	Percent
Adjudicated Cases	573	5.9%
Non-Adjudicated Cases	42	0.4%
Commitments to the Dept. of Corrections	7	0.7%
Admissions of Youth to Drug or Alcohol Treatment Programs	66	0.7%

Planning & Development District III



Aurora, Bon Homme, Brule, Buffalo, Charles Mix, Davison, Douglas, Gregory, Hanson, Hutchinson, Jerauld, Lyman, Mellette, Sanborn, Tripp, Yankton

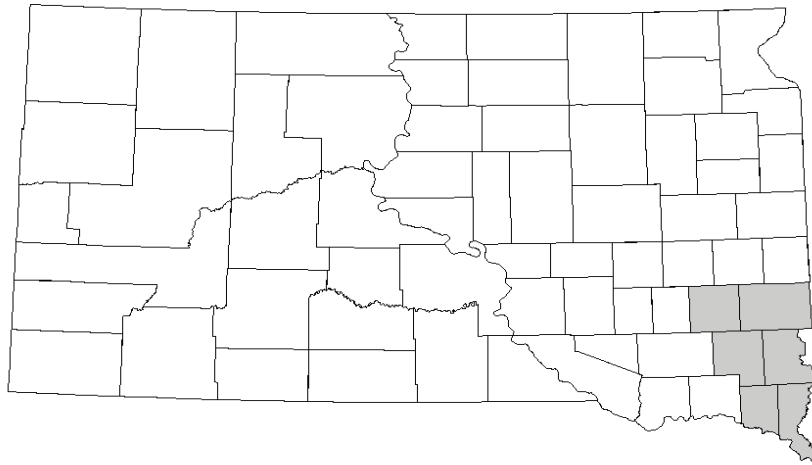
HEALTH	Total	Rate
Low Birthweight Babies, 2012-2016	417	5.9%
Infant Mortality Rate, 2012-2016	52	7.6
Child Death Rate, 2012-2016	31	32.4
Teen Violent Death Rate, 2012-2016	21	61.7
Births to Single Teens, 2012-2016	500	7.1%
First Trimester Prenatal Care, 2012-2016	4,956	71.4%

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	Total	Percent
TANF children, State Fiscal Year (SFY) 2017	800	3.2%
Age 0-4 receiving SNAP, SFY 2017	1,654	23.3%
Age 5-13 receiving SNAP, SFY 2017	2,633	21.1%
Age 14-17 receiving SNAP, SFY 2017	784	14.5%
Age 0-5 Eligible for Medical Services, SFY 2017	3,576	42%
Age 6-13 Eligible for Medical Services, SFY 2017	4,336	39.2%
Age 14-18 Eligible for Medical Services, SFY 2017	2,059	30.9%
South Dakota Free & Reduced Price School Lunch Eligibility, 2017-2018 school year	146,933	42%

DEMOGRAPHICS	Total	Percent
Total Population, 2016 estimate	102,649	100%
Total Pop. 0 to 4, 2016 estimate	7,108	12%
Total Pop. Under Age 20, 2016 estimate	27,427	12%
South Dakota Under Age 18 in Poverty, 2015 estimate	36,584	17.7%

YOUTH JUSTICE, SFY 2017	Total	Percent
Adjudicated Cases	599	5.5%
Non-Adjudicated Cases	76	0.7%
Commitments to the Dept. of Corrections	13	0.12%
Admissions of Youth to Drug or Alcohol Treatment Programs	119	1.1%

South Eastern Council of Governments



Clay, Lincoln, McCook, Minnehaha, Turner, Union

HEALTH	Total	Rate
Low Birthweight Babies, 2012-2016	1,310	6.3%
Infant Mortality Rate, 2012-2016	105	5.0
Child Death Rate, 2012-2016	65	23.5
Teen Violent Death Rate, 2012-2016	45	49.5
Births to Single Teens, 2012-2016	832	4%
First Trimester Prenatal Care, 2012-2016	16,110	78.8%

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	Total	Percent
TANF children, State Fiscal Year (SFY) 2017	757	1%
Age 0-4 receiving SNAP, SFY 2017	3,431	16.2%
Age 5-13 receiving SNAP, SFY 2017	5,450	14.9%
Age 14-17 receiving SNAP, SFY 2017	1,586	10.8%
Age 0-5 Eligible for Medical Services, SFY 2017	7,840	30.8%
Age 6-13 Eligible for Medical Services, SFY 2017	9,188	28.4%
Age 14-18 Eligible for Medical Services, SFY 2017	3,836	21.2%
South Dakota Free & Reduced Price School Lunch Eligibility, 2017-2018 school year	146,933	42%

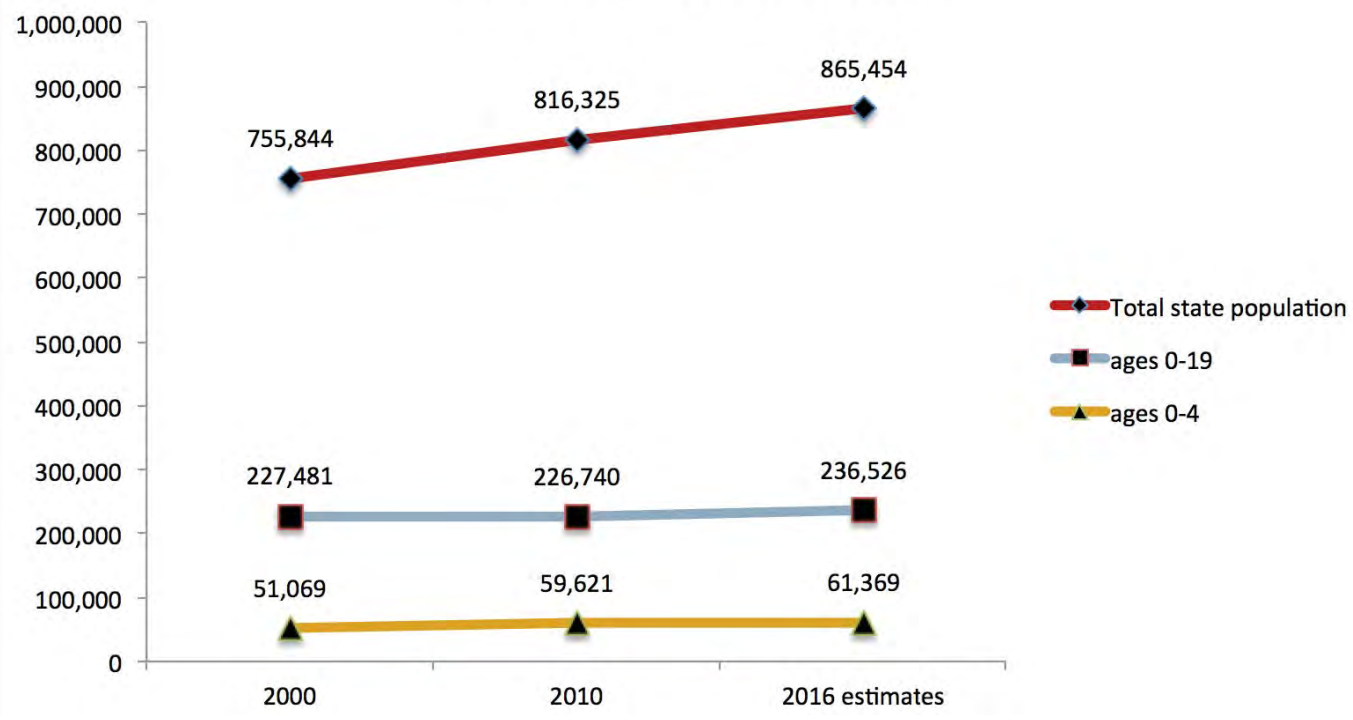
DEMOGRAPHICS	Total	Percent
Total Population, 2016 estimate	284,776	100%
Total Pop. 0 to 4, 2016 estimate	21,220	35%
Total Pop. Under Age 20, 2016 estimate	79,776	34%
South Dakota Under Age 18 in Poverty, 2015 estimate	36,584	17.7%

YOUTH JUSTICE, SFY 2017	Total	Percent
Adjudicated Cases	2,189	7.2%
Non-Adjudicated Cases	385	1.3%
Commitments to the Dept. of Corrections	50	0.16%
Admissions of Youth to Drug or Alcohol Treatment Programs	234	0.8%

2016 Population Estimate: 0-4, 0-19



State Population Trends



	Total	ages 0-4	ages 0-19
State	865,454	61,369	236,526
Aurora	2,736	177	778
Beadle	18,101	1,617	5,289
Bennett	3,460	343	1,259
Bon Homme	6,984	353	1,460
Brookings	34,135	2,177	9,619
Brown	39,128	2,547	10,368
Brule	5,238	364	1,490
Buffalo	2,043	224	852
Butte	10,205	618	2,661
Campbell	1,378	55	255
Charles Mix	9,396	858	3,027
Clark	3,656	349	996
Clay	14,086	708	3,696
Codington	28,063	1,869	7,454
Corson	4,132	403	1,561
Custer	8,596	327	1,498
Davison	19,903	1,271	5,193
Day	5,571	329	1,351
Deuel	4,231	232	1,064
Dewey	5,742	705	2,262
Douglas	2,932	197	729
Edmunds	3,952	282	994
Fall River	6,849	313	1,357
Faulk	2,354	188	602
Grant	7,148	441	1,783
Gregory	4,171	259	1,068
Haakon	1,892	105	463
Hamlin	6,028	557	2,001
Hand	3,319	183	765
Hanson	3,374	284	1,159
Harding	1,278	81	330
Hughes	17,600	1,227	4,554
Hutchinson	7,368	596	1,960

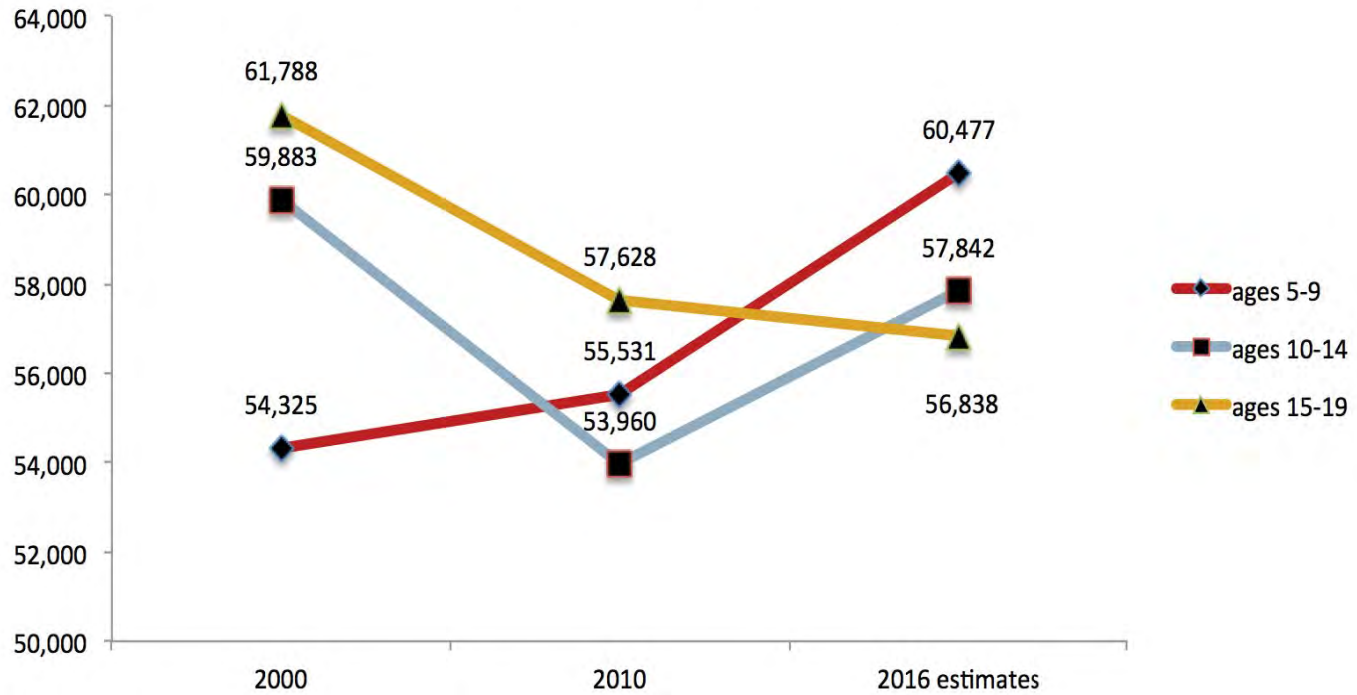
	Total	ages 0-4	ages 0-19
Hyde	1,352	70	301
Jackson	3,326	352	1,237
Jerauld	2,004	145	502
Jones	927	43	200
Kingsbury	5,001	297	1,192
Lake	12,909	715	3,079
Lawrence	25,281	1,180	5,528
Lincoln	54,469	4,125	16,596
Lyman	3,894	352	1,226
McCook	5,625	424	1,606
McPherson	2,438	174	611
Marshall	4,801	344	1,189
Meade	27,693	1,689	7,167
Mellette	2,102	174	699
Miner	2,281	128	581
Minnehaha	187,318	14,622	51,828
Moody	6,505	482	1,858
Oglala Lakota	14,415	1,589	5,908
Pennington	109,372	7,330	27,999
Perkins	2,983	168	685
Potter	2,299	113	514
Roberts	10,255	902	3,174
Sanborn	2,396	196	610
Spink	6,420	371	1,624
Stanley	2,993	200	780
Sully	1,421	93	340
Todd	10,155	1,288	4,442
Tripp	5,492	349	1,374
Turner	8,317	493	2,120
Union	14,934	848	3,930
Walworth	5,610	387	1,435
Yankton	22,616	1,309	5,300
Ziebach	2,801	178	993

Missouri Census Data Center. (2017). Population Estimates by Age 2016.

2016 Population Estimate: 5-9, 10-14, 15-19



State Population Trends

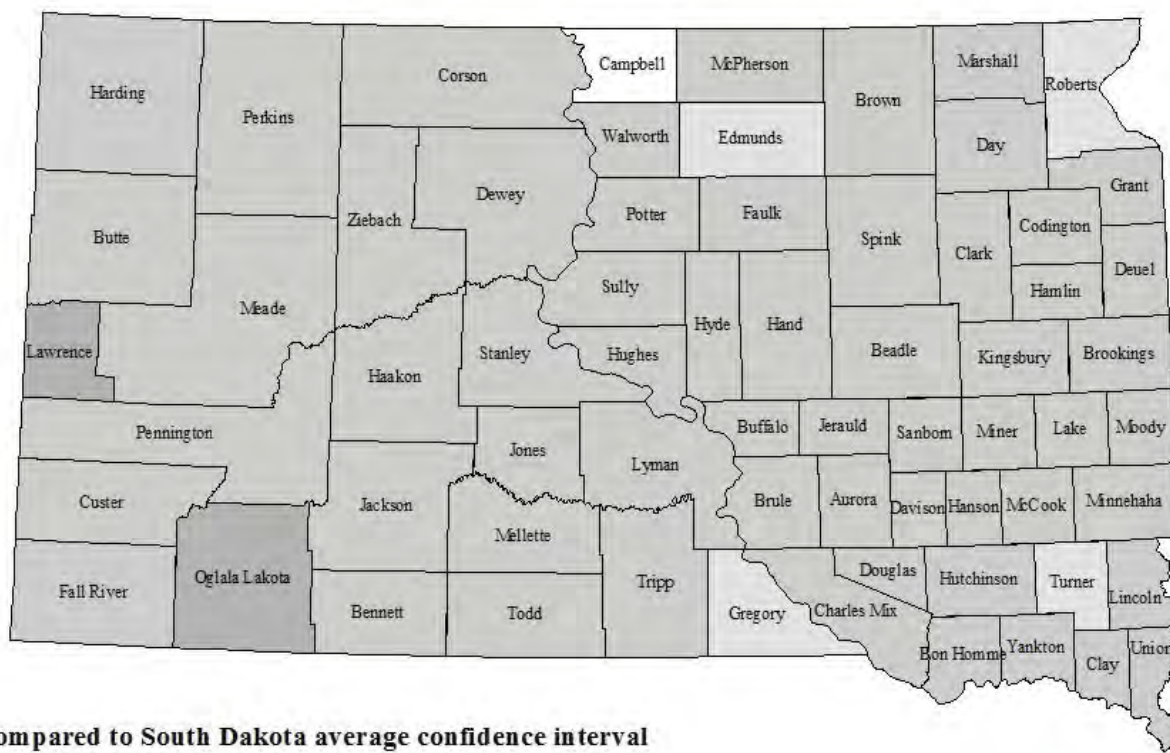


	ages 5-9	ages 10-14	ages 15-19
State	60,477	57,842	56,838
Aurora	201	187	213
Beadle	1,356	1,213	1,103
Bennett	327	333	256
Bon Homme	355	353	399
Brookings	1,899	1,846	3,697
Brown	2,777	2,509	2,535
Brule	387	371	368
Buffalo	237	223	168
Butte	675	738	630
Campbell	58	62	80
Charles Mix	796	718	655
Clark	256	192	199
Clay	725	638	1,625
Codington	1,960	1,919	1,706
Corson	383	460	315
Custer	341	383	447
Davison	1,325	1,284	1,313
Day	381	337	304
Deuel	285	281	266
Dewey	576	526	455
Douglas	174	190	168
Edmunds	231	252	229
Fall River	313	359	372
Faulk	141	153	120
Grant	437	450	455
Gregory	283	274	252
Haakon	122	125	111
Hamlin	504	541	399
Hand	217	179	186
Hanson	291	321	263
Harding	78	71	100
Hughes	1,247	1,054	1,026
Hutchinson	458	448	458

	ages 5-9	ages 10-14	ages 15-19
Hyde	79	77	75
Jackson	304	281	300
Jerauld	145	130	82
Jones	62	53	42
Kingsbury	310	304	281
Lake	696	712	956
Lawrence	1,373	1,289	1,686
Lincoln	4,730	4,459	3,282
Lyman	299	314	261
McCook	443	407	332
McPherson	149	158	130
Marshall	300	279	266
Meade	1,954	1,882	1,642
Mellette	188	180	157
Miner	144	159	150
Minnehaha	13,273	12,252	11,681
Moody	480	470	426
Oglala Lakota	1,589	1,437	1,293
Pennington	7,274	6,942	6,453
Perkins	177	164	176
Potter	143	144	114
Roberts	815	741	716
Sanborn	144	145	125
Spink	380	462	411
Stanley	179	232	169
Sully	79	95	73
Todd	1,170	1,075	909
Tripp	325	357	343
Turner	563	576	488
Union	1,007	1,086	989
Walworth	350	344	354
Yankton	1,311	1,335	1,345
Ziebach	246	311	258
Missouri Census Data Center. (2017). Population Estimates by Age 2016.			

Low Birth Weight Babies (less than 5.5 pounds)

Low Birthweight - less than 2,500 grams (about 5.5 pounds)
 County comparisons to South Dakota (2012-16)
 South Dakota rate = 6.4%
 (3,915 low weight births)



Counties compared to South Dakota average confidence interval

- Low number of events (LNE) or no events
- Rate significantly better than South Dakota average
- Rate not significantly different than South Dakota average
- Rate significantly worse than South Dakota average



Map by SD KIDS COUNT, 10/2017
 Data source: South Dakota Department of Health

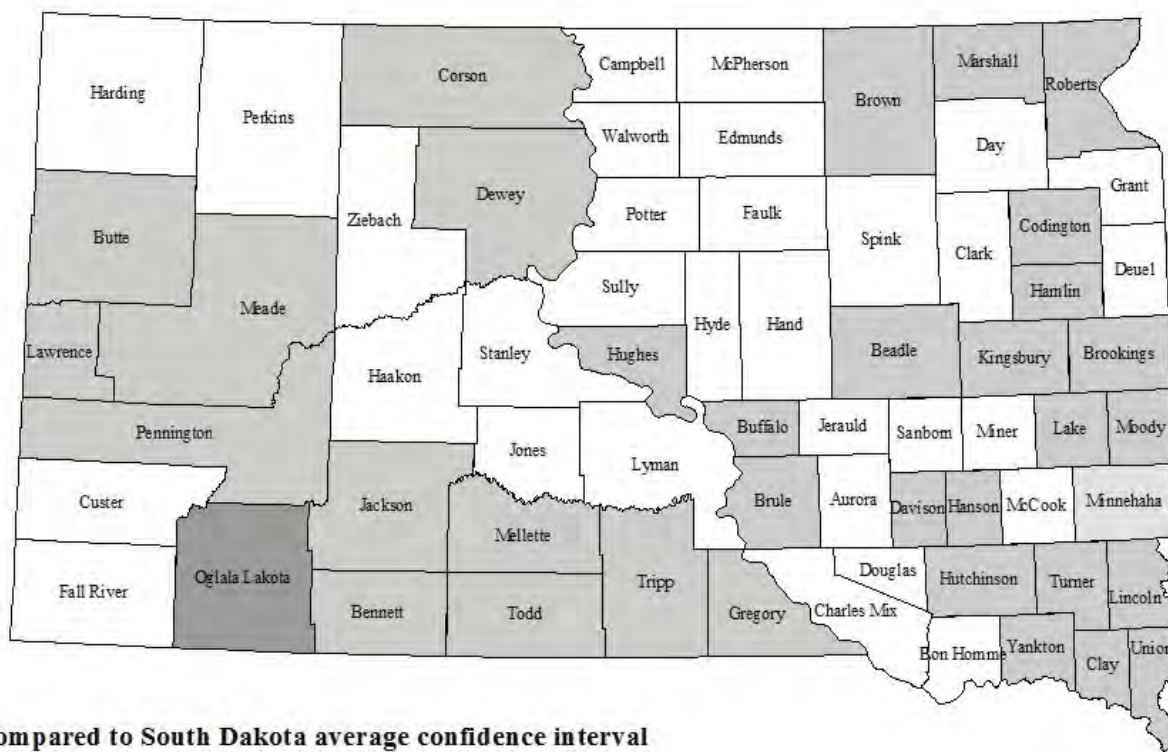
Low Birthweight Babies	2016		2012-16 Combined		2012-16
	#	%	#	%	Confidence Interval
State	830	6.8%	3,915	6.4%	±0.20%
Aurora	4	8.2%	13	6.7%	±3.64%
Beadle	21	6.1%	120	7.2%	±1.28%
Bennett	3	4.6%	16	4.6%	±2.27%
Bon Homme	5	7.4%	16	4.8%	±2.35%
Brookings	30	7.2%	112	5.3%	±0.98%
Brown	42	7.5%	158	6.3%	±0.98%
Brule	3	4.2%	19	5.1%	±2.30%
Buffalo	5	9.6%	21	8.4%	±3.58%
Butte	6	4.4%	47	7.5%	±2.13%
Campbell	-	-	-	-	-
Charles Mix	7	4.3%	50	6.2%	±1.72%
Clark	5	7.7%	15	5.2%	±2.64%
Clay	7	4.8%	42	5.6%	±1.69%
Codington	20	5.4%	128	6.7%	±1.16%
Corson	14	13.9%	38	8.4%	±2.66%
Custer	9	13.0%	31	8.7%	±3.06%
Davison	14	5.4%	66	5.1%	±1.23%
Day	4	8.0%	21	6.8%	±2.93%
Deuel	8	12.5%	11	4.5%	±2.63%
Dewey	21	12.9%	61	8.0%	±2.01%
Douglas	*	*	11	5.5%	±3.27%
Edmunds	*	*	5	2.1%	±1.83%
Fall River	6	10.0%	25	7.9%	±3.11%
Faulk	-	-	12	7.9%	±4.47%
Grant	3	3.6%	21	5.0%	±2.15%
Gregory	3	5.2%	9	3.5%	±2.27%
Haakon	*	*	5	5.0%	±4.38%
Hamlin	5	4.5%	29	4.8%	±1.76%
Hand	4	10.3%	11	6.4%	±3.80%
Hanson	*	*	16	3.39%	±3.39%
Harding	-	-	4	4.45%	±4.45%
Hughes	21	9.0%	77	6.4%	±1.44%
Hutchinson	8	6.7%	28	5.2%	±1.94%

	2016		2012-16 Combined		2012-16
	#	%	#	%	Confidence Interval
Hyde	*	*	4	5.2%	±5.09%
Jackson	8	9.9%	27	7.4%	±2.78%
Jerauld	3	15.0%	7	6.1%	±4.51%
Jones	*	*	4	7.5%	±7.40%
Kingsbury	6	9.0%	21	6.7%	±2.88%
Lake	9	6.8%	32	4.9%	±1.69%
Lawrence	23	9.5%	98	8.3%	±1.65%
Lincoln	50	6.2%	214	5.4%	±0.73%
Lyman	5	6.1%	24	6.7%	±2.70%
McCook	3	4.4%	19	5.0%	±2.26%
McPherson	3	11.1%	9	7.0%	±4.59%
Marshall	4	5.4%	22	6.6%	±2.75%
Meade	20	7.4%	110	7.2%	±1.34%
Mellette	*	*	10	5.5%	±3.39%
Miner	-	-	6	4.9%	±3.90%
Minnehaha	189	6.4%	966	6.6%	±0.42%
Moody	7	7.7%	29	6.3%	±2.28%
Oglala Lakota	22	7.7%	133	8.1%	±1.38%
Pennington	111	7.6%	519	6.8%	±0.58%
Perkins	*	*	10	5.6%	±3.48%
Potter	*	*	7	5.8%	±4.29%
Roberts	6	3.6%	39	4.3%	±1.36%
Sanborn	*	*	7	3.8%	±2.82%
Spink	3	3.5%	18	4.6%	±2.12%
Stanley	*	*	9	4.6%	±2.98%
Sully	-	-	3	4.2%	±4.72%
Todd	20	7.7%	106	7.9%	±1.49%
Tripp	*	*	17	4.8%	±2.30%
Turner	3	4.0%	16	3.7%	±1.80%
Union	15	9.2%	53	6.6%	±1.78%
Walworth	4	6.6%	21	5.7%	±2.44%
Yankton	19	6.0%	103	7.4%	±1.43%
Ziebach	-	-	14	8.1%	±4.24%

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, *cells with less than 3 are suppressed

Infant Mortality Rate (per 1,000 live births)

Infant Mortality (Rate per 1,000 live births)
 County comparisons to South Dakota (2012-16)
 South Dakota rate = 6.6 per 1,000 live births
 (406 infant deaths)



Counties compared to South Dakota average confidence interval

- Low number of events (LNE) or no events
- Rate significantly better than South Dakota average
- Rate not significantly different than South Dakota average
- Rate significantly worse than South Dakota average



Map by SD KIDS COUNT, 10/2017
 Data source: South Dakota Department of Health

Infant Mortality	2016		2012-16 Combined		2012-16		2016		2012-16 Combined		2012-16
	#	Rate	#	Rate	Confidence Interval		#	Rate	#	Rate	Confidence Interval
State	59	4.9	406	6.6	±0.65	Hyde	-	-	-	-	-
Aurora	-	-	-	0	-	Jackson	-	-	4	10.9	±10.71
Beadle	*	*	18	10.8	±4.97	Jerauld	-	-	*	*	*
Bennett	-	-	7	20.2	±14.99	Jones	*	*	*	*	*
Bon Homme	-	-	*	*	*	Kingsbury	-	-	3	9.6	±10.88
Brookings	*	*	17	8.0	±3.80	Lake	-	-	4	6.1	±5.97
Brown	*	*	13	5.2	±2.81	Lawrence	-	-	8	6.8	±4.71
Brule	*	*	3	8.1	±9.15	Lincoln	4	5.0	23	5.8	±2.39
Buffalo	*	*	5	19.8	±17.39	Lyman	-	-	*	*	*
Butte	-	-	3	4.8	±5.39	McCook	-	-	*	*	*
Campbell	-	-	-	-	-	McPherson	*	*	*	*	*
Charles Mix	-	-	*	*	*	Marshall	*	*	4	12.0	±11.74
Clark	*	*	3	10.5	±11.83	Meade	*	*	5	3.3	±2.85
Clay	-	-	5	6.6	±5.83	Mellette	*	*	3	16.4	±18.55
Codington	*	*	7	3.7	±2.72	Miner	-	-	-	-	-
Corson	*	*	7	15.4	±11.37	Minnehaha	12	4.1	68	4.7	±1.11
Custer	-	-	*	*	*	Moody	-	-	3	6.5	±7.33
Davison	*	*	7	5.4	±4.00	Oglala Lakota	6	21.4	31	19.0	±6.67
Day	-	-	*	*	*	Pennington	7	4.8	48	6.3	±1.77
Deuel	-	-	*	*	*	Perkins	-	-	*	*	*
Dewey	-	-	9	11.8	±7.71	Potter	-	-	*	*	*
Douglas	-	-	*	*	*	Roberts	*	*	5	5.5	±4.85
Edmunds	*	*	*	*	*	Sanborn	-	-	-	-	-
Fall River	-	-	*	*	*	Spink	-	-	*	*	*
Faulk	-	-	-	-	-	Stanley	-	-	-	-	-
Grant	-	-	*	*	*	Sully	-	-	-	-	-
Gregory	*	*	4	15.4	±15.14	Todd	3	12.2	17	12.6	±5.98
Haakon	-	-	-	-	-	Tripp	-	-	3	8.5	±9.64
Hamlin	-	-	3	5.0	±5.65	Turner	-	-	3	6.9	±7.80
Hand	-	-	-	-	-	Union	*	*	5	6.3	±5.48
Hanson	-	-	5	21.6	±18.97	Walworth	*	*	*	*	*
Harding	-	-	-	-	-	Yankton	*	*	12	8.6	±4.87
Hughes	*	*	13	10.9	±5.91	Ziebach	-	-	*	*	*
Hutchinson	*	*	3	5.6	±6.35						

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, * cells with less than 3 are suppressed

Child Death Rate (per 100,000, ages 1-14)

Child Deaths (Rate per 100,000 children age 1-14)
 County comparisons to South Dakota (2012-16)
 South Dakota rate = 25.5 per 100,000 children 1-14
 (209 child deaths)



Counties compared to South Dakota average confidence interval

- Low number of events (LNE) or no events
- Rate significantly better than South Dakota average
- Rate not significantly different than South Dakota average

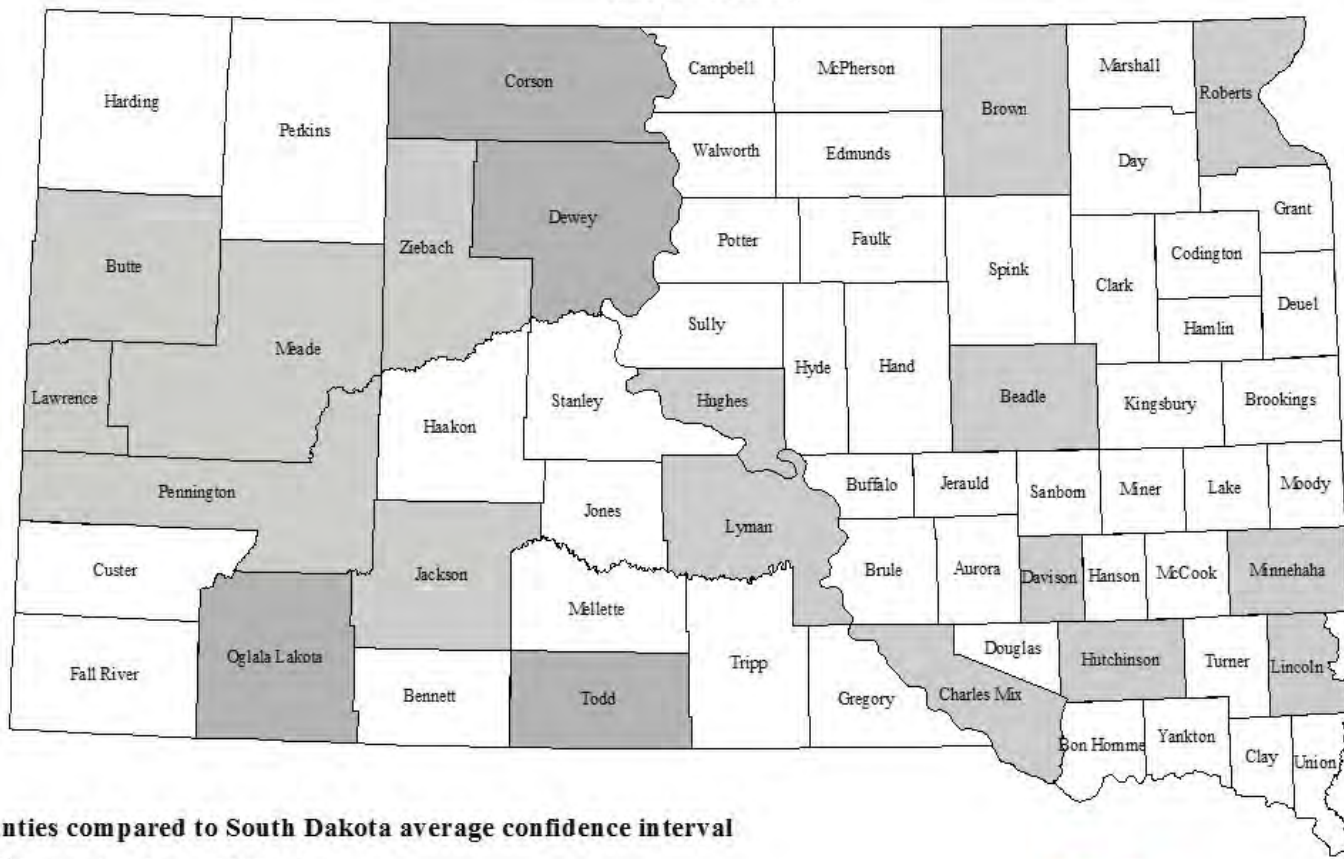


Map by SD KIDS COUNT, 10/2017
 Data source: South Dakota Department of Health

Child Deaths	2016		2012-16 Combined		2012-16		2016		2012-16 Combined		2012-16
	#	Rate	#	Rate	Confidence Interval		#	Rate	#	Rate	Confidence Interval
State	46	27.5	209	25.5	±3.46	Hyde	-	-	-	-	-
Aurora	-	-	*	*	*	Jackson	*	*	5	117.8	±103.22
Beadle	-	-	*	*	*	Jerauld	-	-	*	*	*
Bennett	*	*	*	*	*	Jones	-	-	-	-	-
Bon Homme	*	*	*	*	*	Kingsbury	-	-	-	-	-
Brookings	*	*	4	15.5	±15.15	Lake	-	-	*	*	*
Brown	*	*	7	19.7	±14.61	Lawrence	-	-	*	*	*
Brule	-	-	-	-	-	Lincoln	4	31.8	8	13.3	±9.19
Buffalo	-	-	*	*	*	Lyman	-	-	-	-	-
Butte	-	-	*	*	*	McCook	*	*	*	*	*
Campbell	-	-	-	-	*	McPherson	-	-	-	-	-
Charles Mix	3	136.8	10	93.5	±57.95	Marshall	-	-	*	*	*
Clark	*	*	*	*	*	Meade	*	*	3	11.7	±13.21
Clay	-	-	*	*	*	Mellette	-	-	-	-	-
Codington	-	-	4	14.9	±14.64	Miner	-	-	-	-	-
Corson	*	*	4	69.7	±68.33	Minnehaha	9	24.2	48	26.9	±7.62
Custer	*	*	*	*	*	Moody	-	-	3	46.8	±52.93
Davison	*	*	4	22.4	±21.97	Oglala Lakota	5	116.0	21	97.8	±41.85
Day	*	*	*	*	*	Pennington	4	19.9	22	22.0	±9.20
Deuel	-	-	-	-	-	Perkins	-	-	-	-	-
Dewey	-	-	*	*	*	Potter	-	-	-	-	-
Douglas	-	-	*	*	*	Roberts	-	-	6	53.0	±42.43
Edmunds	-	-	-	-	-	Sanborn	-	-	-	-	-
Fall River	*	*	*	*	*	Spink	-	-	*	*	*
Faulk	*	*	*	*	*	Stanley	-	-	-	-	-
Grant	*	*	*	*	*	Sully	-	-	-	-	-
Gregory	-	-	*	*	*	Todd	*	*	8	49.4	±34.24
Haakon	-	-	-	-	-	Tripp	-	-	*	*	*
Hamlin	-	-	*	*	*	Turner	-	-	*	*	*
Hand	-	-	-	-	-	Union	-	-	4	27.8	±27.24
Hanson	-	-	-	-	-	Walworth	*	*	3	62.9	±71.14
Harding	-	-	-	-	-	Yankton	*	*	4	21.6	±21.20
Hughes	-	-	*	*	*	Ziebach	-	-	*	*	*
Hutchinson	-	-	3	46.5	±52.59	Source: South Dakota Department of Health, *cells with less than 3 are suppressed					

Teen Violent Deaths (per 100,000, ages 15-19)

Teen Deaths (Rate per 100,000 children age 15-19)
 County comparisons to South Dakota (2012-16)
 South Dakota rate = 63.3 per 100,000 children 15-19
 (181 child deaths)



Counties compared to South Dakota average confidence interval

- Low number of events (LNE) or no events
- Rate not significantly different than South Dakota average
- Rate significantly worse than South Dakota average



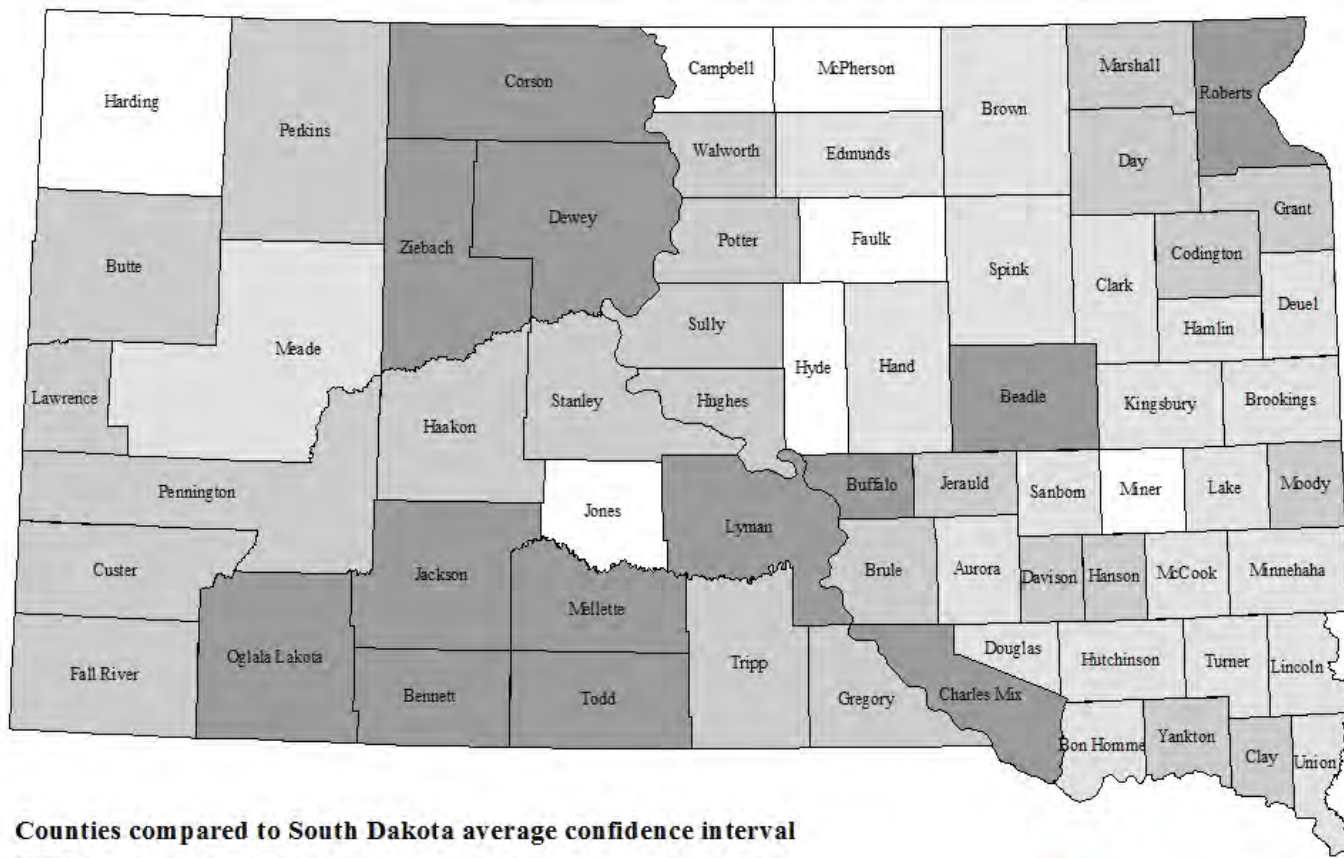
Map by SD KIDS COUNT, 10/2017
 Data source: South Dakota Department of Health

Teen Deaths	2016		2012-16 Combined		2012-16		2016		2012-16 Combined		2012-16
	#	Rate	#	Rate	Confidence Interval		#	Rate	#	Rate	Confidence Interval
State	51	89.7	181	63.3	±9.22	Hyde	*	*	*	*	*
Aurora	-	-	-	-	-	Jackson	-	-	5	357.1	±313.05
Beadle	-	-	4	70.1	±70.1	Jerauld	*	*	*	*	*
Bennett	-	-	*	*	*	Jones	-	-	-	-	-
Bon Homme	-	-	-	-	-	Kingsbury	-	-	*	*	*
Brookings	-	-	*	*	*	Lake	-	-	*	*	*
Brown	-	-	5	39.9	±34.96	Lawrence	-	-	3	34.2	±38.67
Brule	-	-	*	*	*	Lincoln	4	121.9	9	59.0	±38.52
Buffalo	-	-	*	*	*	Lyman	*	*	3	215.1	±243.36
Butte	*	*	4	129.8	±127.19	McCook	-	-	-	-	-
Campbell	-	-	-	-	-	McPherson	-	-	-	-	-
Charles Mix	-	-	4	115.5	±113.16	Marshall	*	*	*	*	*
Clark	-	-	*	*	*	Meade	*	*	3	37.0	±41.92
Clay	-	-	*	*	*	Mellette	-	-	-	-	-
Codington	-	-	*	*	*	Miner	-	-	-	-	-
Corson	*	*	6	366.5	±293.28	Minnehaha	5	42.8	32	55.2	±19.11
Custer	*	*	*	*	*	Moody	-	-	*	*	*
Davison	*	*	4	60.3	±59.07	Oglala Lakota	4	309.4	16	244.3	±119.71
Day	*	*	*	*	*	Pennington	9	139.5	15	45.6	±23.06
Deuel	-	-	-	-	-	Perkins	-	-	*	*	*
Dewey	*	*	7	309.2	±229.05	Potter	-	-	-	-	-
Douglas	-	-	-	-	-	Roberts	*	*	6	158.5	±126.84
Edmunds	-	-	-	-	-	Sanborn	-	-	-	-	-
Fall River	*	*	*	*	*	Spink	-	-	-	-	-
Faulk	*	*	*	*	*	Stanley	-	-	*	*	*
Grant	-	-	-	-	-	Sully	-	-	-	-	-
Gregory	-	-	*	*	*	Todd	6	660.1	10	235.2	±145.77
Haakon	-	-	-	-	-	Tripp	*	*	*	*	*
Hamlin	-	-	*	*	*	Turner	-	-	*	*	*
Hand	-	-	-	-	-	Union	-	-	-	-	-
Hanson	*	*	*	*	*	Walworth	*	*	*	*	*
Harding	-	-	-	-	-	Yankton	-	-	*	*	*
Hughes	*	*	5	96.0	±84.19	Ziebach	-	-	4	291.5	±285.71
Hutchinson	-	-	3	123.3	±139.53						

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, *cells with less than 3 are suppressed

Births to Single Teens (single females under age 20)

Births to single teens
 County comparisons to South Dakota (2012-16)
 South Dakota rate = 6.3% of single teens under age 20
 (3,610 births to single teens [5.9%])



Counties compared to South Dakota average confidence interval

- Low number of events (LNE) or no events
- Rate significantly better than South Dakota average
- Rate not significantly different than South Dakota average
- Rate significantly worse than South Dakota average



Map by SD KIDS COUNT, 10/2017
 Data source: South Dakota Department of Health

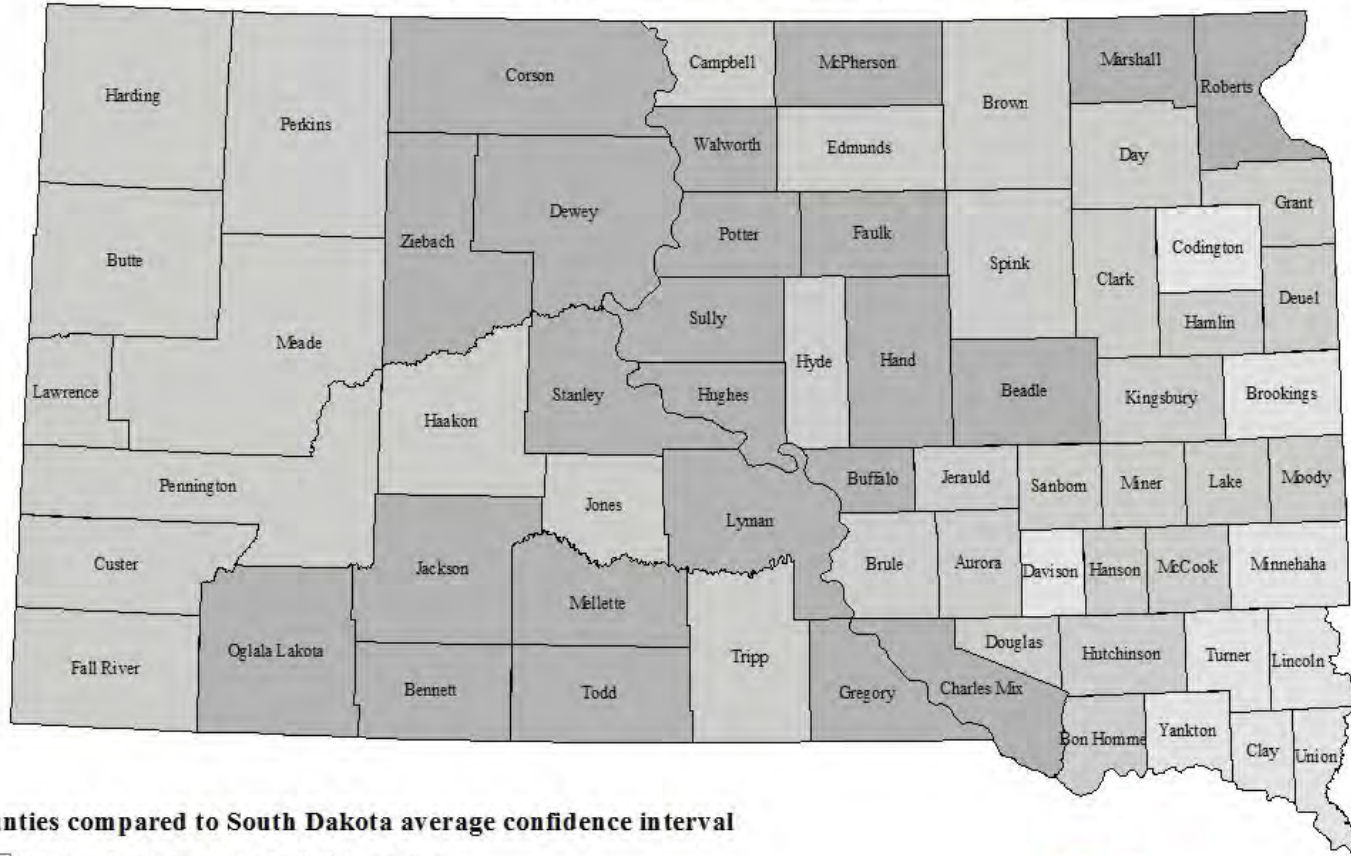
Births to Single Teens	2016		2012-16 Combined		2012-16
	#	%	#	%	Confidence Interval
State	640	5.2%	3,610	5.9%	±0.19%
Aurora	3	6.1%	4	2.1%	±2.02%
Beadle	31	8.9%	134	8.0%	±1.36%
Bennett	3	4.6%	57	16.5%	±4.28%
Bon Homme	-	-	8	2.4%	±1.66%
Brookings	12	2.9%	57	2.7%	±0.70%
Brown	23	4.1%	106	4.2%	±0.80%
Brule	3	4.2%	26	7.0%	±2.69%
Buffalo	8	15.4%	36	14.3%	±4.67%
Butte	10	7.4%	43	6.8%	±2.04%
Campbell	-	-	*	*	*
Charles Mix	17	10.4%	88	10.9%	±2.28%
Clark	4	6.2%	9	3.1%	±2.05%
Clay	9	6.1%	35	4.7%	±1.54%
Codington	20	5.4%	111	5.8%	±1.08%
Corson	9	8.9%	48	10.5%	±2.98%
Custer	*	*	21	5.9%	±2.52%
Davison	16	6.2%	83	6.4%	±1.38%
Day	*	*	17	5.5%	±2.63%
Deuel	-	-	7	2.8%	±2.10%
Dewey	17	10.4%	96	12.6%	±2.52%
Douglas	-	-	6	3.0%	±2.41%
Edmunds	*	*	7	2.9%	±2.17%
Fall River	4	6.7%	22	7.0%	±2.92%
Faulk	-	-	*	*	*
Grant	4	4.8%	18	4.3%	±1.99%
Gregory	4	6.9%	17	6.6%	±3.12%
Haakon	*	*	4	4.0%	±3.92%
Hamlin	*	*	17	2.8%	±1.34%
Hand	*	*	4	2.3%	±2.29%
Hanson	*	*	8	3.5%	±2.40%
Harding	-	-	-	-	-
Hughes	15	6.4%	70	5.9%	±1.37%
Hutchinson	*	*	16	3.0%	±1.47%

	2016		2012-16 Combined		2012-16
	#	%	#	%	Confidence Interval
Hyde	-	-	*	*	*
Jackson	7	8.6%	53	14.5%	±3.90%
Jerauld	-	-	4	3.5%	±3.41%
Jones	-	-	*	*	*
Kingsbury	*	*	10	3.2%	±1.99%
Lake	4	3.0%	26	4.0%	±1.52%
Lawrence	10	4.1%	54	4.6%	±1.22%
Lincoln	11	1.4%	70	1.8%	±0.42%
Lyman	7	8.5%	40	11.2%	±3.48%
McCook	*	*	14	3.7%	±1.94%
McPherson	-	-	-	-	-
Marshall	*	*	13	3.9%	±2.12%
Meade	13	4.8%	60	3.9%	±0.99%
Mellette	7	15.9%	25	13.7%	±5.36%
Miner	-	-	*	*	*
Minnehaha	109	3.7%	686	4.7%	±0.35%
Moody	*	*	24	5.2%	±2.07%
Oglala Lakota	38	13.4%	290	17.7%	±2.04%
Pennington	93	6.3%	482	6.3%	±0.56%
Perkins	*	*	6	3.4%	±2.70%
Potter	3	10.7%	4	3.3%	±3.24%
Roberts	11	6.5%	100	11.1%	±2.17%
Sanborn	*	*	4	2.2%	±2.13%
Spink	3	3.5%	14	3.6%	±1.87%
Stanley	5	11.9%	10	5.1%	±3.15%
Sully	*	*	5	6.9%	±2.19%
Todd	45	17.3%	227	16.8%	±2.19%
Tripp	5	6.3%	30	8.5%	±3.05%
Turner	-	-	7	1.6%	±1.19%
Union	5	3.1%	20	2.5%	±1.10%
Walworth	9	14.8%	22	6.0%	±2.50%
Yankton	22	6.9%	105	7.5%	±1.44%
Ziebach	3	11.1%	24	13.9%	±5.55%

Source: South Dakota Department of Health, *cells with less than 3 are suppressed

Women Receiving Prenatal Care (1st trimester)

Prenatal Care (during first trimester)
 County comparisons to South Dakota (2012-16)
 South Dakota rate = 72%
 (43,327 women received prenatal care during first trimester)



Counties compared to South Dakota average confidence interval

- Rate significantly better than South Dakota average
- Rate not significantly different than South Dakota average
- Rate significantly worse than South Dakota average



Map by SD KIDS COUNT, 10/2017
 Data source: South Dakota Department of Health

Prenatal Care	2016		2012-16 Combined		2012-16
	#	%	#	%	Confidence Interval
State	8,812	72.7%	43,327	72.0%	±0.68%
Aurora	33	68.8%	130	69.9%	±12.01%
Beadle	203	60.6%	894	55.9%	±3.66%
Bennett	44	67.7%	178	52.4%	±7.69%
Bon Homme	58	86.6%	264	80.2%	±9.68%
Brookings	338	82.0%	1,703	80.7%	±3.83%
Brown	355	63.8%	1,792	71.4%	±3.31%
Brule	45	63.4%	239	65.5%	±8.30%
Buffalo	10	22.7%	72	31.7%	±7.33%
Butte	108	80.6%	488	78.1%	±6.93%
Campbell	4	50.0%	43	75.4%	±22.55%
Charles Mix	100	61.7%	516	65.0%	±5.61%
Clark	44	68.8%	183	64.4%	±9.34%
Clay	122	83.6%	599	80.4%	±6.44%
Codington	293	79.4%	1,508	79.4%	±4.01%
Corson	41	46.1%	186	43.8%	±6.29%
Custer	45	65.2%	248	70.1%	±8.72%
Davison	208	81.3%	1,038	80.7%	±4.91%
Day	39	78.0%	219	71.6%	±9.48%
Deuel	51	79.7%	199	80.6%	±11.19%
Dewey	83	52.2%	368	49.4%	±5.05%
Douglas	36	78.3%	145	74.4%	±12.10%
Edmunds	26	57.8%	159	66.8%	±10.38%
Fall River	43	71.7%	209	67.6%	±9.17%
Faulk	18	58.1%	89	58.6%	±12.16%
Grant	70	83.3%	326	78.9%	±8.57%
Gregory	36	62.1%	155	60.8%	±9.57%
Haakon	12	63.2%	70	70.0%	±16.40%
Hamlin	74	66.7%	439	73.2%	±6.84%
Hand	22	56.4%	97	57.7%	±11.49%
Hanson	27	69.2%	151	65.4%	±10.43%
Harding	15	100.0%	65	74.7%	±18.16%
Hughes	113	48.5%	634	53.5%	±4.16%
Hutchinson	89	74.8%	366	69.2%	±7.09%

	2016		2012-16 Combined		2012-16
	#	%	#	%	Confidence Interval
Hyde	14	70.0%	49	64.5%	±18.05%
Jackson	48	60.0%	191	53.2%	±7.55%
Jerauld	17	85.0%	83	72.2%	±15.53%
Jones	4	30.8%	30	56.6%	±20.26%
Kingsbury	61	91.0%	247	79.4%	±9.90%
Lake	102	76.7%	482	74.6%	±6.66%
Lawrence	202	84.2%	938	80.1%	±5.13%
Lincoln	696	87.1%	3,290	85.4%	±2.92%
Lyman	32	42.1%	165	47.8%	±7.30%
McCook	51	76.1%	276	74.0%	±8.73%
McPherson	12	44.4%	66	52.8%	±12.74%
Marshall	39	52.7%	191	57.7%	±8.18%
Meade	201	74.7%	1,178	77.1%	±4.40%
Mellette	18	41.9%	85	48.9%	±10.39%
Miner	15	75.0%	83	68.6%	±14.76%
Minnehaha	2,231	77.1%	10,917	76.6%	±1.44%
Moody	78	85.7%	325	71.4%	±7.77%
Oglala Lakota	175	62.3%	940	58.3%	±3.73%
Pennington	1,093	74.5%	5,546	73.0%	±1.92%
Perkins	30	75.0%	118	67.4%	±12.17%
Potter	14	50.0%	67	55.4%	±13.26%
Roberts	102	62.2%	514	57.8%	±5.00%
Sanborn	30	78.9%	138	75.4%	±12.58%
Spink	49	58.3%	261	67.4%	±8.18%
Stanley	27	65.9%	111	57.5%	±10.70%
Sully	8	50.0%	35	48.6%	±16.10%
Todd	93	37.8%	485	39.2%	±3.49%
Tripp	54	69.2%	241	69.5%	±8.77%
Turner	64	85.3%	355	82.6%	±8.59%
Union	133	82.1%	673	84.9%	±6.41%
Walworth	31	52.5%	223	62.3%	±8.18%
Yankton	269	85.1%	1,168	84.6%	±4.85%
Ziebach	14	51.9%	84	50.0%	±10.69%

Source: South Dakota Department of Health

Non-Public School Data

County	District Name	Drop-out Rate 16/17	Enrollment Fall 2017	Percent Eligible Free & Reduced Price School Lunch 16/17 School Year
Beadle	Holy Trinity	N/A	86	N/A
Beadle	James Valley Christian	N/A	220	12%
Bennett	American Horse	2%	291	**
Brookings	Advance	--	<10	N/A
Brookings	Volga Christian	N/A	29	N/A
Brown	Aberdeen Catholic System	N/A	451	11.6%
Brown	Behavior Care Specialists	0%	28	N/A
Brown	Hutterville Colony	N/A	29	N/A
Brown	SD School for the Blind and Visually Impaired	0%	23	N/A
Brown	Trinity Lutheran	N/A	51	N/A
Brule	Dakota Milestones	33.3%	<10	N/A
Brule	St. Joseph Indian School	N/A	168	N/A
Charles Mix	Marty Indian	7%	231	**
Clay	St. Agnes	N/A	131	9.7%
Clay	SESDAC	0%	<10	N/A
Codington	Great Plains Lutheran	N/A	117	N/A
Codington	Human Service/New Horizon	37.5%	<10	N/A
Codington	Immaculate Conception	N/A	181	12%
Codington	St. Martins Lutheran	N/A	119	22.3%
Codington	Watertown Christian	N/A	67	N/A
Corson	Rock Creek Day	0%	61	N/A
Corson	Little Eagle	0%	75	**

Non-Public School Data

County	District Name	Drop-out Rate 16/17	Enrollment Fall 2017	Percent Eligible Free & Reduced Price School Lunch 16/17 School Year
Davison	John Paul II Elementary	N/A	179	10.4%
Davison	LifeQuest	N/A	13	N/A
Davison	Mitchell Christian	N/A	129	N/A
Day	Enemy Swim Day	0%	168	**
Dewey	Cheyenne River- BIE	3.9%	805	89.2%
Dewey	Tiospaye Topa	1.8%	154	**
Douglas	Dakota Christian	N/A	87	N/A
Fall River	Bethesda Lutheran	N/A	<10	N/A
Grant	St. Lawrence	N/A	122	N/A
Hamlin	NE Ed Service Co-op	0%	15	N/A
Hamlin	Poinsett Colony Elementary	N/A	<10	N/A
Hand	Sunshine Bible Academy	N/A	82	N/A
Hughes	Pierre Indian Center	0%	179	**
Hughes	St. Joseph	N/A	185	6.40%
Hutchinson	Freeman Academy	N/A	88	N/A
Hyde	Crow Creek Tribal	11.9%	404	N/A
Jackson	Crazy Horse School	9.9%	299	**
Lake	Madison Christian	N/A	10	N/A
Lake	St. Thomas	N/A	65	11.8%
Lawrence	Black Hills Sp Serv Co-op	16.2%	43	N/A
Lawrence	Northern Hills Training Center	0%	<10	N/A
Lyman	Lower Brule	5.3%	310	**

NA = No data

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Non-Public School Data

County	District Name	Drop-out Rate 16/17	Enrollment Fall 2017	Percent Eligible Free & Reduced Price School Lunch 16/17 School Year
McCook	St. Marys- Salem	N/A	51	N/A
Minnehaha	Baan Dek Montessori	N/A	<10	N/A
Minnehaha	Bethel Lutheran	N/A	17	N/A
Minnehaha	Children's Home Society	N/A	126	87.80%
Minnehaha	Dakotabilities	N/A	<10	N/A
Minnehaha	East Dakota Ed Co-op	14.1%	72	38%
Minnehaha	Good Shepherd Lutheran	N/A	56	N/A
Minnehaha	LifeScope	18.7%	116	**
Minnehaha	Lutheran High of Sioux Falls	N/A	34	N/A
Minnehaha	McCrossan Boys Ranch	N/A	57	**
Minnehaha	Sioux Falls Catholic	N/A	2,611	7.50%
Minnehaha	Sioux Falls Christian	N/A	1,302	N/A
Minnehaha	Sioux Falls Lutheran Assoc.	N/A	132	7.40%
Minnehaha	Southeastern	8%	29	N/A
Minnehaha	St. Marys- Dell Rapids	N/A	225	6.60%
Minnehaha	West Oak Learning Center	0%	<10	N/A
Moody	Flandreau Indian	13.8%	234	81.9%
Oglala Lakota	Isna Wica Owayawa Loneman School	4.9%	220	**
Oglala Lakota	Lakota Speaking Academy	N/A	<10	N/A
Oglala Lakota	Little Wound	5.2%	831	**

Non-Public School Data

County	District Name	Drop-out Rate 16/17	Enrollment Fall 2017	Percent Eligible Free & Reduced Price School Lunch 16/17 School Year
Oglala Lakota	Pine Ridge	10.3%	817	**
Oglala Lakota	Porcupine Contract	3%	149	**
Oglala Lakota	Red Cloud Indian	N/A	580	72.70%
Oglala Lakota	Wounded Knee	4%	156	**
Pennington	Black Hills Lutheran	N/A	14	N/A
Pennington	Black Hills Works	N/A	<10	N/A
Pennington	Calvary Baptist Christian	N/A	147	N/A
Pennington	Children's House Montessori	N/A	<10	N/A
Pennington	Rapid City Catholic System	N/A	895	4.60%
Pennington	Rapid City Christian	N/A	212	N/A
Pennington	St. Pauls Lutheran	N/A	90	N/A
Pennington	Zion Lutheran RC	N/A	159	N/A
Roberts	Tiospa Zina Tribal	12.7%	508	76.1%
Todd	Sapa Un Catholic Academy	N/A	37	N/A
Todd	St. Francis Indian	N/A	676	**
Todd	White Eagle Christian Academy	N/A	13	N/A
Yankton	Ability Building Services Inc.	N/A	<10	N/A
Yankton	Sacred Heart	N/A	273	12.6%
Yankton	SD Human Services Inc.	0%	21	N/A
Ziebach	Takini	13.5%	157	**

NA = No data

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Public School Data

County	District Name	Drop-out Rate 16/17	Enrollment Fall 2017	Disability Dec. 16	Percent Eligible Free & Reduced Price School Lunch 16/17 School Year
Aurora	Plankinton	1.1%	350	50	36.9%
Aurora	White Lake	0%	127	12	49.1%
Beadle	Huron	4.7%	2,598	411	61.8%
Beadle	Iroquois	1%	229	41	45.3%
Beadle	Wolsey-Wessington	0%	384	46	35.6%
Bennett	Bennett County	3.4%	495	72	79%
Bon Homme	Avon	0.8%	246	42	37.5%
Bon Homme	Bon Homme	1%	554	74	38.4%
Bon Homme	Scotland	1.6%	290	52	35.2%
Brookings	Brookings	1.1%	3,405	505	25.1%
Brookings	Deubrook Area	0%	384	50	26.8%
Brookings	Elkton	0.6%	392	37	41.3%
Brookings	Sioux Valley	0%	653	82	20.8%
Brown	Aberdeen	1.7%	4,517	705	39.8%
Brown	Frederick Area	0%	160	26	33.7%
Brown	Groton Area	0%	577	38	17.5%
Brown	Warner	0.7%	313	79	12.3%
Brule	Chamberlain	1.1%	896	112	46.2%
Brule	Kimball	0.8%	318	31	44.9%
Buffalo	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Butte	Belle Fourche	1.1%	1,378	239	46.8%
Butte	Newell	2.6%	312	60	57.9%
Campbell	Herreid	0	109	13	25%
Charles Mix	Andes Central	4.9%	350	36	**
Charles Mix	Platte-Geddes	0.5%	502	55	19.1%

Public School Data

County	District Name	Drop-out Rate 16/17	Enrollment Fall 2017	Disability Dec. 16	Percent Eligible Free & Reduced Price School Lunch 16/17 School Year
Charles Mix	Wagner Community	3.6%	983	143	**
Clark	Clark	0.9%	382	57	48.1%
Clark	Willow Lake	1.1%	250	28	40.6%
Clay	Irene-Wakonda	0%	316	66	38.6%
Clay	Vermillion	1.6%	1,268	157	32.9%
Codington	Florence	2.1%	273	42	44.5%
Codington	Henry	1.3%	177	26	44.3%
Codington	Watertown	1.1%	3,975	572	35.1%
Codington	Waverly	0.9%	260	36	35%
Corson	McIntosh	4.2%	195	32	70.5%
Corson	McLaughlin	7.4%	464	109	**
Corson	Smee	5.3%	200	48	**
Custer	Custer	1.6%	899	122	39.4%
Custer	Elk Mountain	0%	16	*	N/A
Davison	Ethan	0%	268	24	30.8%
Davison	Mitchell	0.7%	2,781	449	39.7%
Davison	Mount Vernon	0%	230	30	37%
Day	Waubay	7.4%	183	28	64.5%
Day	Webster Area	0.4%	555	80	24.2%
Deuel	Deuel	1.5%	525	64	33.7%
Dewey	Eagle Butte	0%	355	50	N/A
Dewey	Timber Lake	0%	365	49	41.7%
Douglas	Armour	0%	167	20	23.8%
Douglas	Corsica-Stickney	0%	268	30	30.1%
Edmunds	Bowdle	2.1%	119	16	24.2%

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Public School Data

County	District Name	Drop-out Rate 16/17	Enrollment Fall 2017	Disability Dec. 16	Percent Eligible Free & Reduced Price School Lunch 16/17 School Year
Edmunds	Edmunds Central	0%	161	17	31.9%
Edmunds	Ipswich Public Area	0%	442	55	35.4%
Fall River	Edgemont	0%	153	37	55.5%
Fall River	Hot Springs	1.8%	819	124	42.2%
Fall River	Oelrichs	2.4%	142	25	**
Faulk	Faulkton Area	0%	332	34	24.5%
Grant	Big Stone City	0%	101	13	61%
Grant	Grant-Deuel	0%	60	14	N/A
Grant	Milbank	0.2%	957	140	33.1%
Gregory	Burke	1%	242	31	46.4%
Gregory	Gregory	2.6%	369	39	52.9%
Gregory	South Central	2.6%	108	17	62.5%
Haakon	Haakon	0%	300	35	30.6%
Hamlin	Castlewood	0.8%	305	31	22.5%
Hamlin	Estelline	1.9%	285	45	35.4%
Hamlin	Hamlin	0.7%	815	75	45.4%
Hand	Miller	0.6%	463	70	20.5%
Hanson	Bridgewater-Emery	0%	341	59	27.1%
Hanson	Hanson	0%	425	68	27.2%
Harding	Harding County	0%	195	42	20.5%
Hughes	Pierre	1.7%	2,699	326	29.3%
Hutchinson	Freeman	0.8%	313	66	26.5%
Hutchinson	Menno	0%	285	27	54%
Hutchinson	Parkston	1.2%	563	56	24.2%
Hutchinson	Tripp-Delmont	0%	160	27	56.2%

Public School Data

County	District Name	Drop-out Rate 16/17	Enrollment Fall 2017	Disability Dec. 16	Percent Eligible Free & Reduced Price School Lunch 16/17 School Year
Hyde	Highmore-Harrold	1.6%	246	34	28.3%
Jackson	Kadoka Area	0.7%	329	52	54.5%
Jerauld	Wessington Springs	2.1%	356	41	29.2%
Jones	Jones County	0%	186	36	46%
Kingsbury	Arlington	0%	277	33	17.1%
Kingsbury	De Smet	1.5%	316	43	26.6%
Kingsbury	Lake Preston	0%	172	24	35.9%
Lake	Chester Area	4.7%	602	52	21.4%
Lake	Madison Central	0.5%	1,216	176	29%
Lake	Rutland	0%	176	18	45.2%
Lake	Oldham-Ramona	0%	168	22	52.2%
Lawrence	Lead-Deadwood	12.7%	819	105	49.1%
Lawrence	Spearfish	0.8%	2,390	308	30.1%
Lincoln	Canton	0.8%	870	164	30%
Lincoln	Harrisburg	0.6%	4,551	716	13.9%
Lincoln	Lennox	0%	1,159	166	16.2%
Lincoln	Tea Area	0.3%	1,773	215	19%
Lyman	Lyman	2.9%	377	47	49.2%
McCook	Canistota	0%	214	34	30.8%
McCook	McCook Central	0.6%	406	66	25.7%
McCook	Montrose	0%	254	45	31.2%
McPherson	Eureka	1.4%	170	28	38%
McPherson	Leola	3.1%	202	29	67.2%
Marshall	Britton-Hecla	0.6%	414	66	42.4%
Marshall	Langford Area	1%	214	31	47.2%

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Public School Data

County	District Name	Drop-out Rate 16/17	Enrollment Fall 2017	Disability Dec. 16	Percent Eligible Free & Reduced Price School Lunch 16/17 School Year
Meade	Faith	1.2%	168	21	37.1%
Meade	Meade	1.6%	2,812	484	38.2%
Mellette	White River	4.9%	418	81	85%
Miner	Howard	0%	363	54	28.9%
Minnehaha	Baltic	0.9%	531	62	17.8%
Minnehaha	Brandon Valley	0.2%	4,056	471	18.5%
Minnehaha	Dell Rapids	0.7%	933	141	19.8%
Minnehaha	Garretson	0.4%	503	58	19.1%
Minnehaha	Sioux Falls	2.4%	24,866	3,788	44.3%
Minnehaha	Tri-Valley	0%	916	136	25.2%
Minnehaha	West Central	2.4%	1,351	185	17.5%
Moody	Colman-Egan	0%	246	39	26.4%
Moody	Flandreau	2.2%	677	86	49.1%
Oglala Lakota	Oglala Lakota	1.8%	1,457	330	**
Pennington	Douglas	0.9%	2,953	419	38.4%
Pennington	Hill City	0.4%	460	66	37.4%
Pennington	New Underwood	0.8%	237	31	26%
Pennington	Rapid City	3.1%	13,759	2,016	46.6%
Pennington	Wall	0.9%	257	14	36.9%
Perkins	Bison	0%	152	24	39.6%
Perkins	Lemmon	1.7%	246	44	34.3%
Potter	Gettysburg	1.7%	243	34	29.8%
Potter	Hoven	0%	110	26	37.4%
Roberts	Rosholt	0%	244	28	38.3%
Roberts	Summit	0%	163	23	61.8%

Public School Data

County	District Name	Drop-out Rate 16/17	Enrollment Fall 2017	Disability Dec. 16	Percent Eligible Free & Reduced Price School Lunch 16/17 School Year
Roberts	Wilmot	1.9%	236	42	53.7%
Roberts	Sisseton	2.9%	902	193	64.6%
Sanborn	Sanborn Central	0%	196	14	37.1%
Sanborn	Woonsocket	0%	255	24	43.9%
Spink	Doland	0%	175	27	57.4%
Spink	Northwestern Area	0.9%	266	31	29.5%
Spink	Redfield	0.7%	639	136	34.3%
Spink	Hitchcock-Tulare	0%	232	33	39.9%
Stanley	Stanley County	0%	449	61	32%
Sully	Agar-Blunt-Onida	1.7%	250	44	29.6%
Todd	Todd County	4.3%	2,037	347	**
Tripp	Colome Consolidated	0.9%	235	24	53%
Tripp	Winner	0.7%	722	93	47.4%
Turner	Centerville	0%	281	46	41.3%
Turner	Marion	2.7%	184	38	45%
Turner	Parker	0.5%	446	57	25.9%
Turner	Viborg-Hurley	0%	368	53	40%
Union	Alcester-Hudson	0%	363	63	32.2%
Union	Beresford	0%	673	94	22.7%
Union	Dakota Valley	1.2%	1,300	134	17.1%
Union	Elk Point-Jefferson	0.7%	694	86	22.7%
Walworth	Mobridge-Pollock	1.9%	626	114	44.5%
Walworth	Selby Area	0%	194	24	22.2%
Yankton	Gayville-Volin	1.4%	307	44	43.1%
Yankton	Yankton	0.4%	2,874	498	38.2%
Ziebach	Dupree	2.5%	383	71	79%

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CHILD CARE ASSISTANCE Average Number of Children Served Each Month Fiscal Year 2016 (July 2016 - June 2017)

(Note: numbers may not add correctly due to rounding).

County	TANF/TCC	Non-TANF	Foster Care	Total
State	323	2,568	631	3,522
Aurora	0	7	6	13
Beadle	1	31	3	35
Bennett	3	9	0	12
Bon Homme	1	9	2	12
Brookings	6	42	10	58
Brown	6	107	12	125
Brule	6	11	12	29
Buffalo	1	8	2	11
Butte	2	28	17	47
Campbell	0	0	0	0
Charles Mix	10	20	4	34
Clark	0	7	3	10
Clay	11	40	2	53
Codington	13	81	12	106
Corson	1	0	0	1
Custer	4	13	6	23
Davison	6	80	15	101
Day	0	2	0	2
Deuel	0	5	3	8
Dewey	11	8	2	21
Douglas	0	1	5	6
Edmunds	0	0	2	2
Fall River	1	13	6	20
Faulk	0	0	0	0
Grant	0	9	2	11
Gregory	1	8	5	14
Haakon	0	0	0	0
Hamlin	0	2	5	7
Hand	2	3	0	5
Hanson	0	3	2	5
Harding	0	1	0	1
Hughes	12	77	62	151
Hutchinson	1	5	1	7

County	TANF/TCC	Non-TANF	Foster Care	Total
Hyde	0	0	2	2
Jackson	0	2	0	2
Jerauld	0	1	0	1
Jones	0	0	0	0
Kingsbury	1	4	0	5
Lake	1	14	4	19
Lawrence	5	61	16	82
Lincoln	2	100	41	143
Lyman	5	5	0	10
McCook	0	11	0	11
McPherson	0	1	2	3
Marshall	0	4	3	7
Meade	7	61	22	90
Mellette	0	1	2	3
Miner	0	0	0	0
Minnehaha	79	1,067	167	1,313
Moody	1	1	5	7
Oglala Lakota	28	3	0	31
Pennington	55	424	118	597
Perkins	0	3	0	3
Potter	0	0	0	0
Roberts	2	20	2	24
Sanborn	0	1	0	1
Spink	0	12	2	14
Stanley	0	3	13	16
Sully	0	1	0	1
Todd	9	8	3	20
Tripp	3	4	1	8
Turner	4	16	3	23
Union	4	31	5	40
Walworth	4	5	3	12
Yankton	9	73	15	97
Ziebach	5	6	1	12

Source: Office of Child Care Services, Dept. of Social Services

Number of Registered and/ or Licensed Child Care Programs for the State & Counties September 2017

A - Licensed Group Family Child Care Homes
 B - Registered Family Child Care Homes
 C - Licensed Child Care Centers
 D - Licensed Before & After School Programs

County	A	B	C	D
State	54	533	216	150
Aurora	0	2	1	1
Beadle	0	17	2	6
Bennett	1	2	0	0
Bon Homme	0	4	0	0
Brookings	0	21	6	7
Brown	2	26	8	3
Brule	3	1	2	1
Buffalo	0	0	3	0
Butte	2	11	1	3
Campbell	0	1	0	0
Charles Mix	0	6	3	1
Clark	0	3	1	0
Clay	0	2	4	2
Codington	1	24	4	7
Corson	0	0	0	2
Custer	0	1	1	2
Davison	1	25	6	3
Day	0	2	0	1
Deuel	0	0	1	0
Dewey	2	1	1	0
Douglas	0	0	0	1
Edmunds	1	1	0	1
Fall River	0	2	2	1
Faulk	0	1	0	1
Grant	1	6	0	1
Gregory	0	3	2	1
Haakon	2	0	0	0
Hamlin	1	3	0	0
Hand	0	1	1	1
Hanson	0	0	2	1
Harding	0	0	0	0
Hughes	2	9	5	2
Hutchinson	1	4	2	0

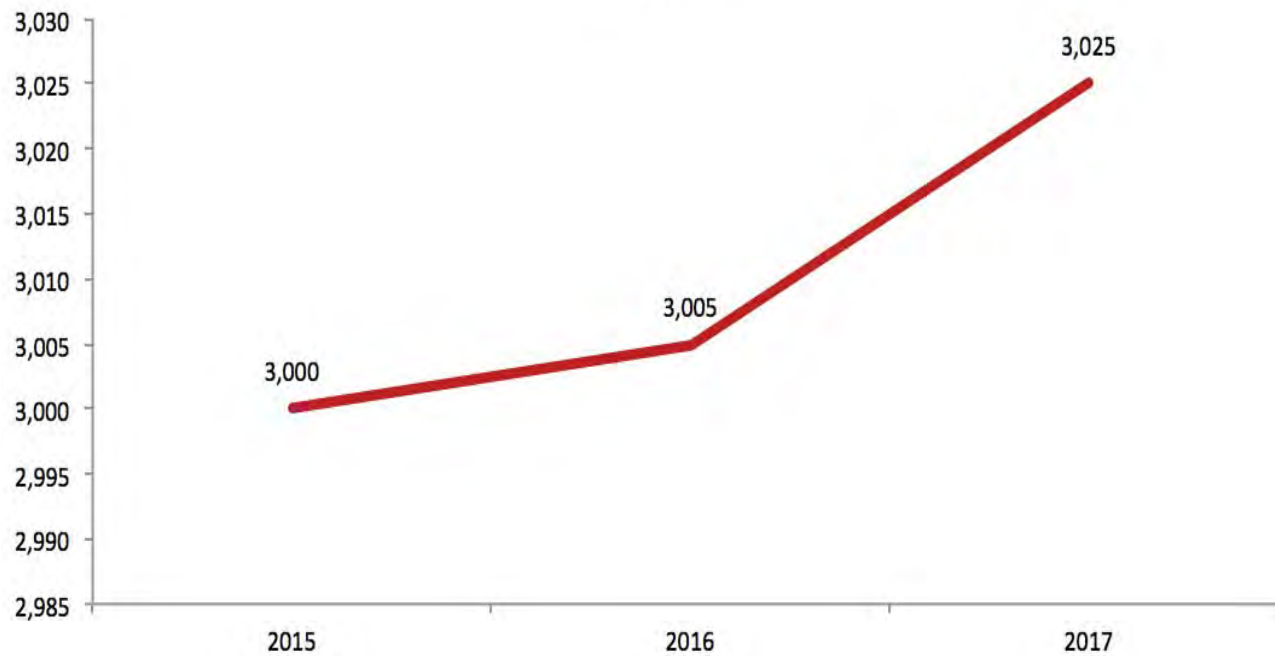
County	A	B	C	D
Hyde	0	1	0	0
Jackson	2	0	0	1
Jerauld	0	2	0	1
Jones	0	0	0	0
Kingsbury	0	2	1	1
Lake	0	15	1	4
Lawrence	0	5	5	3
Lincoln	0	23	11	6
Lyman	0	1	1	0
McCook	5	1	0	1
McPherson	0	4	0	0
Marshall	2	0	1	1
Meade	3	16	6	4
Mellette	0	0	0	0
Miner	0	0	1	1
Minnehaha	6	172	82	44
Moody	1	4	0	0
Oglala Lakota	4	0	0	0
Pennington	5	61	26	21
Perkins	0	0	1	0
Potter	0	1	0	0
Roberts	1	4	6	3
Sanborn	0	0	0	0
Spink	0	11	1	0
Stanley	0	1	1	1
Sully	0	0	0	0
Todd	0	0	2	0
Tripp	0	2	0	1
Turner	2	2	1	2
Union	2	5	6	3
Walworth	0	2	0	0
Yankton	0	19	5	3
Ziebach	1	0	0	0

Source: Office of Child Care Services, Dept. of Social Services

T A N F Basic Participation - Families (SFY avg.)



State Trends



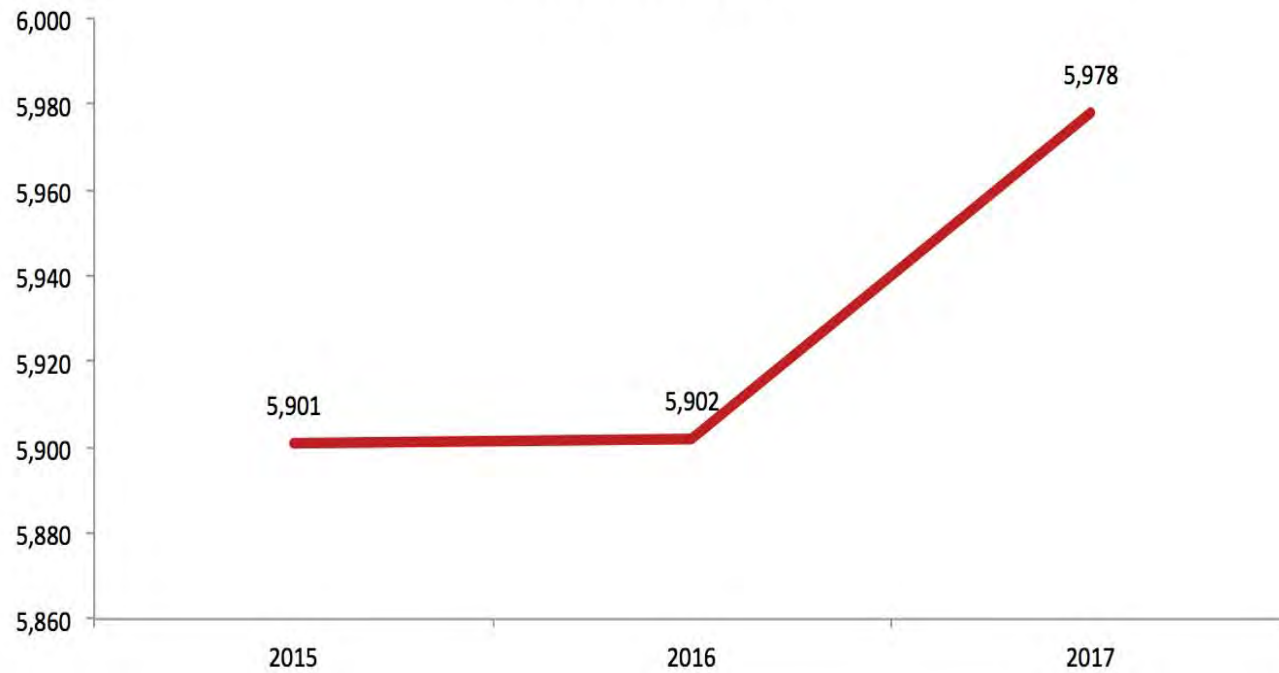
T A N F Families	2015	2016	2017
State	3,000	3,005	3,035
Aurora	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Beadle	12	15	13
Bennett	105	103	100
Bon Homme	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	6
Brookings	29	27	29
Brown	39	43	38
Brule	12	16	15
Buffalo	70	66	64
Butte	15	16	12
Campbell	0	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Charles Mix	144	142	127
Clark	0	0	5 or fewer
Clay	24	27	25
Codington	26	34	37
Corson	137	114	117
Custer	11	11	12
Davison	37	41	37
Day	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Deuel	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Dewey	160	153	159
Douglas	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Edmunds	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Fall River	11	9	11
Faulk	0	0	0
Grant	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Gregory	16	19	20
Haakon	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Hamlin	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Hand	0	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Hanson	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Harding	0	0	0
Hughes	42	46	48
Hutchinson	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer

	2015	2016	2017
Hyde	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Jackson	81	77	73
Jerauld	5 or fewer	0	0
Jones	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Kingsbury	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Lake	6	6	6
Lawrence	22	27	24
Lincoln	13	15	22
Lyman	34	42	42
McCook	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
McPherson	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	0
Marshall	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Meade	21	16	25
Mellette	43	42	40
Miner	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Minnehaha	380	374	392
Moody	15	12	19
Oglala Lakota	547	552	361
Pennington	317	343	524
Perkins	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Potter	5 or fewer	0	0
Roberts	7	10	8
Sanborn	0	0	5 or fewer
Spink	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Stanley	6	6	6
Sully	5 or fewer	0	5 or fewer
Todd	360	352	360
Tripp	39	32	30
Turner	7	8	5 or fewer
Union	14	10	12
Walworth	17	21	24
Yankton	31	31	40
Ziebach	101	100	99
Source: South Dakota Department of Social Services			

T A N F Basic Participation — Recipients (SFY avg.)



State Trends



T A N F Recipients	2015	2016	2017
State	5,901	5,902	5,978
Aurora	5 or fewer	8	8
Beadle	25	34	27
Bennett	205	203	198
Bon Homme	11	11	11
Brookings	58	44	56
Brown	67	84	63
Brule	15	23	28
Buffalo	121	126	122
Butte	30	27	24
Campbell	0	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Charles Mix	302	304	267
Clark	0	0	5 or fewer
Clay	52	51	45
Codington	47	70	59
Corson	262	227	207
Custer	22	23	18
Davison	76	85	67
Day	7	5 or fewer	6
Deuel	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Dewey	278	265	253
Douglas	5 or fewer	7	6
Edmunds	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Fall River	18	13	21
Faulk	0	0	0
Grant	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Gregory	28	35	30
Haakon	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Hamlin	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Hand	0	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Hanson	5 or fewer	6	11
Harding	0	0	0
Hughes	68	80	89
Hutchinson	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	7

	2015	2016	2017
Hyde	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Jackson	163	149	141
Jerauld	5 or fewer	0	0
Jones	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Kingsbury	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Lake	10	12	8
Lawrence	37	50	46
Lincoln	25	27	39
Lyman	63	92	89
McCook	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	8
McPherson	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	0
Marshall	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Meade	40	33	45
Mellette	95	94	90
Miner	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Minnehaha	741	686	759
Moody	31	21	36
Oglala Lakota	1,174	1,190	1,155
Pennington	573	643	672
Perkins	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Potter	5 or fewer	0	0
Roberts	14	16	12
Sanborn	0	0	5 or fewer
Spink	5 or fewer	7	6
Stanley	11	11	11
Sully	5 or fewer	0	5 or fewer
Todd	748	720	761
Tripp	84	66	57
Turner	15	17	11
Union	30	21	25
Walworth	36	38	38
Yankton	66	60	70
Ziebach	195	184	180
Source: South Dakota Department of Social Services			

T A N F Children	2015	2016	2017
State	5,187	5,269	5,359
Aurora	5 or fewer	8	8
Beadle	22	32	24
Bennett	186	184	181
Bon Homme	9	10	10
Brookings	50	39	50
Brown	57	70	56
Brule	14	21	27
Buffalo	111	114	110
Butte	23	22	19
Campbell	0	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Charles Mix	274	282	250
Clark	0	0	5 or fewer
Clay	42	43	45
Codington	43	63	59
Corson	248	220	207
Custer	19	21	18
Davison	63	69	67
Day	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	6
Deuel	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Dewey	249	241	253
Douglas	5 or fewer	6	6
Edmunds	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Fall River	16	12	21
Faulk	0	0	0
Grant	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Gregory	25	29	27
Haakon	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Hamlin	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Hand	0	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Hanson	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	9
Harding	0	0	0
Hughes	62	73	86
Hutchinson	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	7

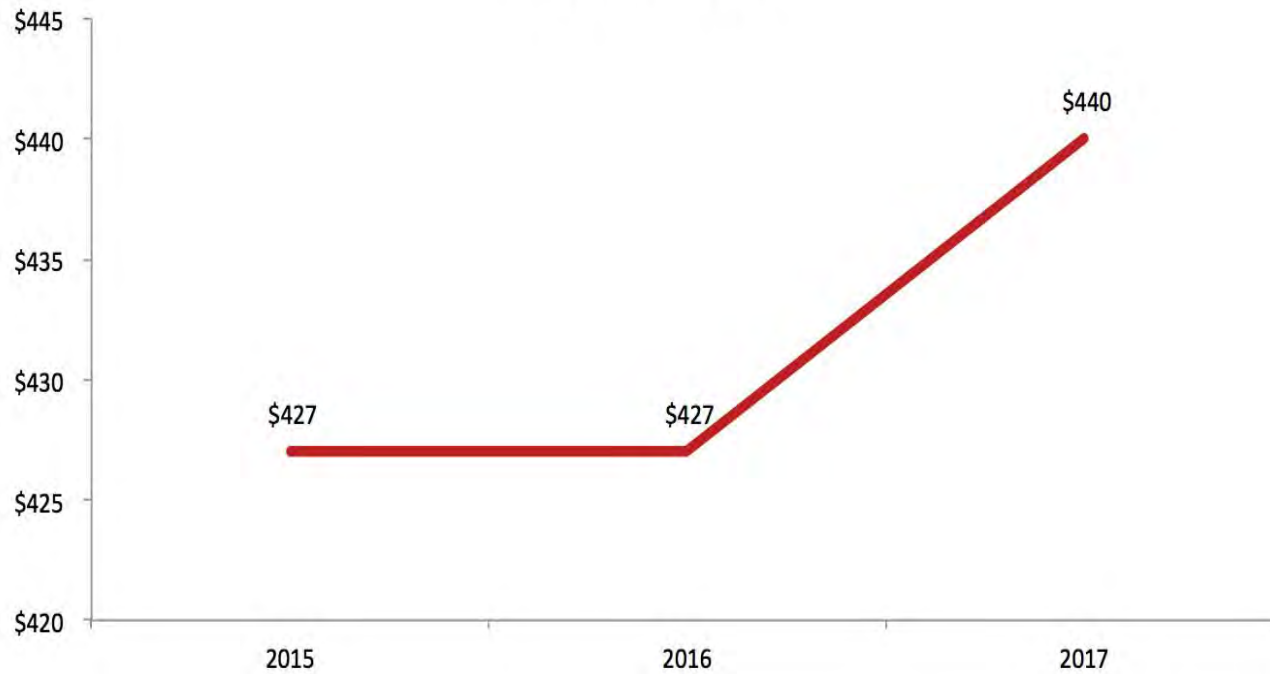
	2015	2016	2017
Hyde	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Jackson	141	137	128
Jerauld	5 or fewer	0	0
Jones	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Kingsbury	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Lake	8	10	8
Lawrence	31	40	38
Lincoln	18	23	32
Lyman	59	85	83
McCook	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	7
McPherson	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	0
Marshall	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Meade	37	33	41
Mellette	80	94	81
Miner	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	0
Minnehaha	616	686	642
Moody	30	21	36
Oglala Lakota	1,001	1,190	1,006
Pennington	537	643	628
Perkins	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Potter	5 or fewer	0	0
Roberts	13	16	11
Sanborn	0	0	5 or fewer
Spink	5 or fewer	6	6
Stanley	11	11	10
Sully	5 or fewer	0	0
Todd	664	644	682
Tripp	74	60	53
Turner	11	13	9
Union	22	18	22
Walworth	33	36	37
Yankton	53	49	61
Ziebach	177	171	167

Source: South Dakota Department of Social Services

T A N F Average \$ Per Month Per Family (SFY avg.)



State Trends



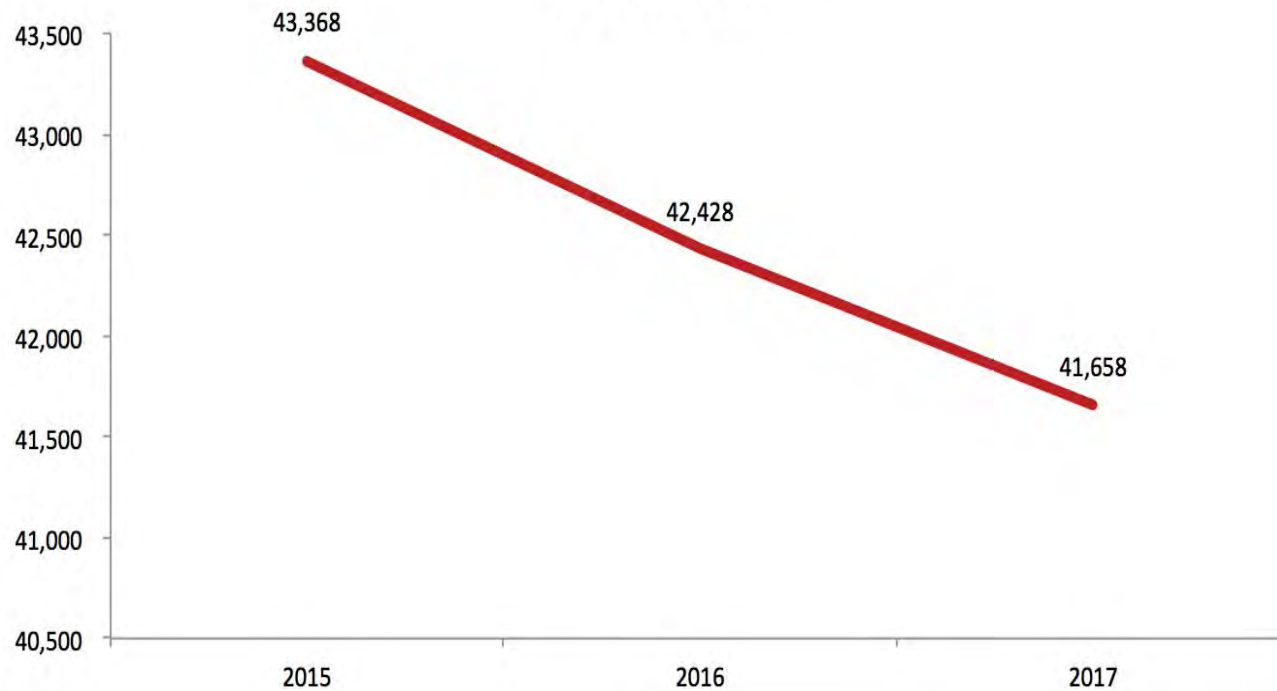
T A N F \$ Avg. Family	2015	2016	2017
State	\$427.49	\$426.95	\$439.90
Aurora	\$444.89	\$518.38	\$466.83
Beadle	\$420.57	\$416.29	\$466.55
Bennett	\$414.71	\$416.53	\$429.64
Bon Homme	\$475.50	\$489.12	\$423.46
Brookings	\$427.23	\$386.23	\$429.33
Brown	\$412.35	\$420.42	\$410.34
Brule	\$387.77	\$387.69	\$431.39
Buffalo	\$425.70	\$427.22	\$424.41
Butte	\$424.68	\$409.41	\$422.76
Campbell	\$-	\$320.83	\$379.00
Charles Mix	\$446.74	\$441.89	\$464.74
Clark	\$-	\$-	\$504.83
Clay	\$438.34	\$426.08	\$452.15
Codington	\$400.93	\$422.09	\$434.32
Corson	\$423.45	\$430.26	\$442.05
Custer	\$481.09	\$479.39	\$397.47
Davison	\$423.45	\$453.82	\$439.54
Day	\$378.03	\$439.33	\$420.90
Deuel	\$307.50	\$382.67	\$180.00
Dewey	\$408.25	\$414.69	\$424.85
Douglas	\$365.46	\$413.55	\$459.96
Edmunds	\$246.00	\$425.50	\$159.92
Fall River	\$433.77	\$475.61	\$450.81
Faulk	\$-	\$-	\$-
Grant	\$334.71	\$433.42	\$453.17
Gregory	\$385.82	\$382.41	\$395.32
Haakon	\$351.00	\$369.00	\$435.17
Hamlin	\$711.50	\$457.54	\$437.42
Hand	\$-	\$309.83	\$339.42
Hanson	\$427.88	\$392.03	\$445.40
Harding	\$-	\$-	\$-
Hughes	\$392.66	\$394.69	\$437.23
Hutchinson	\$444.58	\$371.00	\$435.25

	2015	2016	2017
Hyde	\$429.79	\$518.50	\$405.36
Jackson	\$424.02	\$414.33	\$413.71
Jerauld	\$732.67	\$-	\$-
Jones	\$482.67	\$343.92	\$363.21
Kingsbury	\$408.50	\$374.21	\$496.96
Lake	\$392.86	\$383.71	\$432.88
Lawrence	\$398.92	\$418.79	\$409.30
Lincoln	\$456.35	\$444.49	\$423.00
Lyman	\$419.67	\$434.09	\$431.95
McCook	\$531.33	\$338.25	\$357.87
McPherson	\$511.33	\$404.17	\$-
Marshall	\$329.22	\$493.67	\$316.17
Meade	\$430.81	\$442.81	\$443.04
Mellette	\$420.46	\$414.67	\$433.21
Miner	\$237.75	\$248.25	\$165.96
Minnehaha	\$422.35	\$412.96	\$435.98
Moody	\$483.42	\$431.62	\$484.26
Oglala Lakota	\$443.72	\$444.33	\$465.03
Pennington	\$436.09	\$443.23	\$443.42
Perkins	\$345.25	\$229.13	\$278.00
Potter	\$146.83	\$-	\$-
Roberts	\$424.49	\$385.39	\$392.72
Sanborn	\$-	\$-	\$199.00
Spink	\$331.56	\$386.08	\$384.89
Stanley	\$374.92	\$443.14	\$496.07
Sully	\$342.67	\$-	\$239.75
Todd	\$423.28	\$415.41	\$436.34
Tripp	\$418.99	\$410.73	\$435.25
Turner	\$495.87	\$476.21	\$511.13
Union	\$436.26	\$399.43	\$450.63
Walworth	\$446.28	\$436.21	\$401.19
Yankton	\$394.35	\$397.87	\$396.39
Ziebach	\$425.83	\$426.30	\$439.01
Source: South Dakota Department of Social Services			

SNAP Participation — Households (SFY avg.)



State Trends

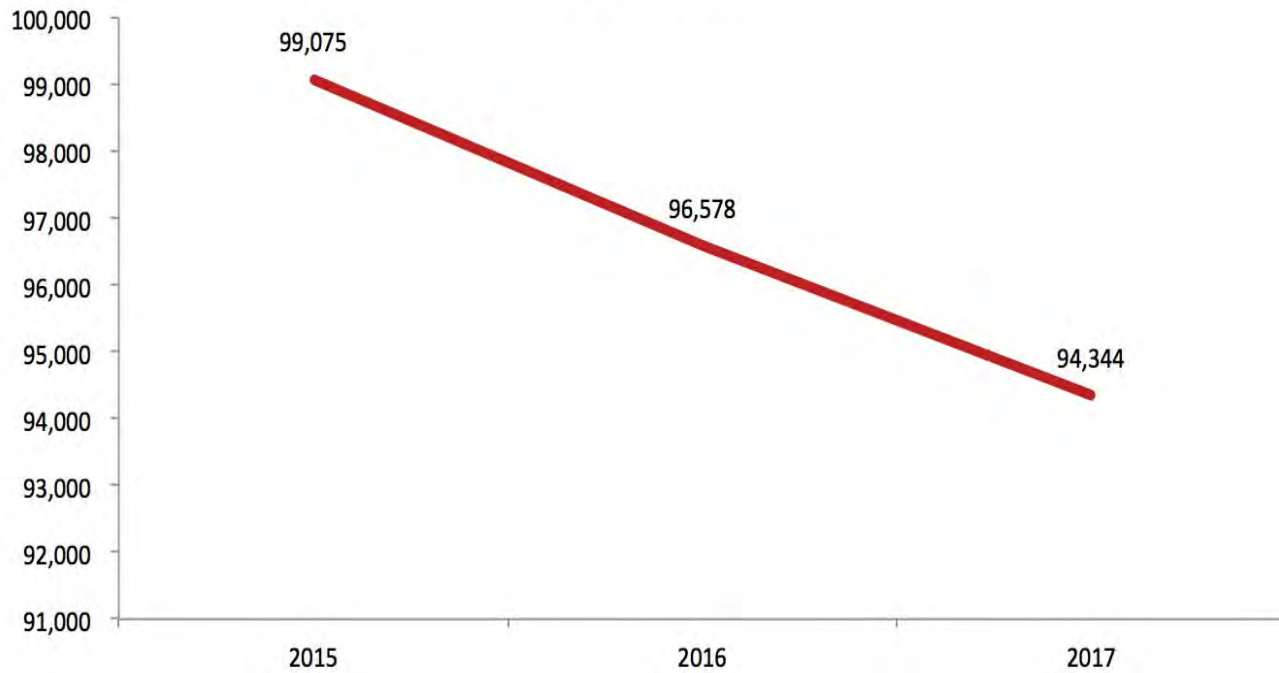


SNAP Households	2015	2016	2017		2015	2016	2017
State	43,368	42,428	41,658	Hyde	22	16	14
Aurora	43	41	41	Jackson	408	408	397
Beadle	1,227	1,263	1,226	Jerauld	33	26	22
Bennett	497	488	501	Jones	26	25	21
Bon Homme	189	166	157	Kingsbury	118	119	118
Brookings	837	769	751	Lake	376	384	377
Brown	1,609	1,648	1,609	Lawrence	1,093	1,067	1,036
Brule	224	211	228	Lincoln	504	515	553
Buffalo	337	320	312	Lyman	261	276	284
Butte	663	663	649	McCook	147	138	137
Campbell	20	18	16	McPherson	53	58	61
Charles Mix	833	804	777	Marshall	105	99	95
Clark	82	75	69	Meade	761	735	717
Clay	579	566	527	Mellette	314	315	314
Codington	1,154	1,188	1,200	Miner	67	60	62
Corson	610	587	593	Minnehaha	9,217	8,950	8,777
Custer	232	246	233	Moody	226	202	185
Davison	1,025	993	966	Oglala Lakota	3,473	3,420	3,343
Day	239	215	220	Pennington	6,242	6,071	5,889
Deuel	119	125	117	Perkins	95	100	93
Dewey	1,023	948	937	Potter	38	38	35
Douglas	70	62	64	Roberts	780	773	762
Edmunds	57	54	56	Sanborn	58	48	55
Fall River	326	327	324	Spink	182	166	159
Faulk	28	32	28	Stanley	62	65	62
Grant	225	225	224	Sully	7	10	12
Gregory	191	183	178	Todd	2,193	2,219	2,213
Haakon	29	27	33	Tripp	387	362	347
Hamlin	108	104	104	Turner	256	257	260
Hand	59	60	62	Union	365	343	315
Hanson	37	39	43	Walworth	295	290	288
Harding	15	17	15	Yankton	1,152	1,089	1,064
Hughes	734	712	734	Ziebach	448	427	428
Hutchinson	188	176	169	Source: South Dakota Department of Social Services			

SNAP Participation — Recipients (SFY avg.)



State Trends



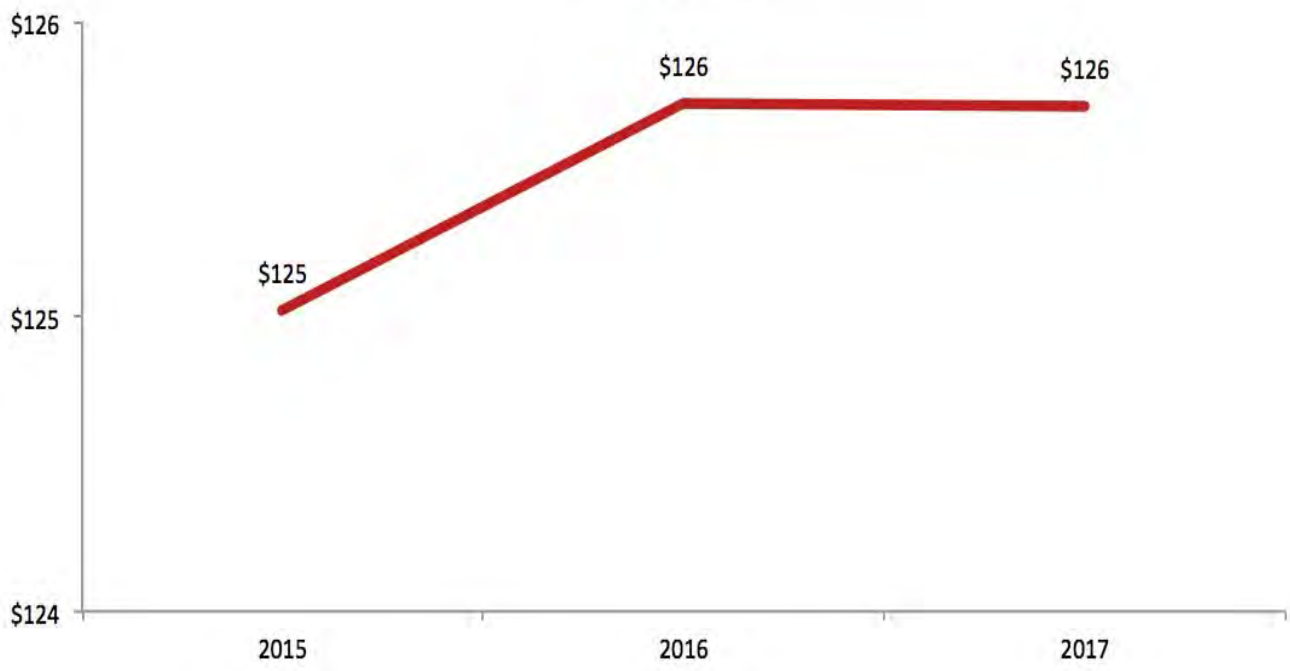
SNAP Recipients	2015	2016	2017
State	99,075	96,578	94,344
Aurora	117	112	99
Beadle	3,100	3,176	3,048
Bennett	1,389	1,372	1,409
Bon Homme	430	368	345
Brookings	1,844	1,672	1,636
Brown	3,441	3,559	3,500
Brule	453	442	480
Buffalo	922	888	851
Butte	1,454	1,430	1,385
Campbell	28	27	30
Charles Mix	2,170	2,085	1,976
Clark	180	156	154
Clay	1,232	1,155	1,094
Codington	2,499	2,600	2,621
Corson	1,727	1,650	1,651
Custer	498	535	500
Davison	2,067	2,013	1,908
Day	532	493	497
Deuel	259	267	246
Dewey	2,268	2,131	2,127
Douglas	163	145	143
Edmunds	130	129	141
Fall River	648	641	644
Faulk	59	81	75
Grant	439	456	446
Gregory	481	488	451
Haakon	62	59	77
Hamlin	313	307	315
Hand	139	123	135
Hanson	90	102	108
Harding	32	40	30
Hughes	1,616	1,557	1,593
Hutchinson	420	417	384

	2015	2016	2017
Hyde	44	27	27
Jackson	1,045	1,028	1,016
Jerauld	76	56	55
Jones	59	61	60
Kingsbury	236	241	250
Lake	750	779	773
Lawrence	2,174	2,098	2,041
Lincoln	1,351	1,341	1,420
Lyman	756	809	805
McCook	351	325	343
McPherson	106	120	131
Marshall	259	234	230
Meade	1,713	1,689	1,628
Mellette	795	800	788
Miner	131	126	132
Minnchaha	20,081	19,207	18,645
Moody	553	482	450
Oglala Lakota	8,372	8,188	8,043
Pennington	14,042	13,635	13,124
Perkins	162	169	152
Potter	73	65	56
Roberts	2,038	2,039	1,983
Sanborn	126	103	136
Spink	396	356	344
Stanley	158	167	152
Sully	14	27	333
Todd	5,605	5,654	5,540
Tripp	896	837	811
Turner	573	567	594
Union	797	767	692
Walworth	640	649	636
Yankton	2,278	2,107	2,033
Ziebach	1,228	1,151	1,127
Source: South Dakota Department of Social Services			

SNAP Participation — Average \$ Per Month Per Recipient (SFY avg.)



State Trends

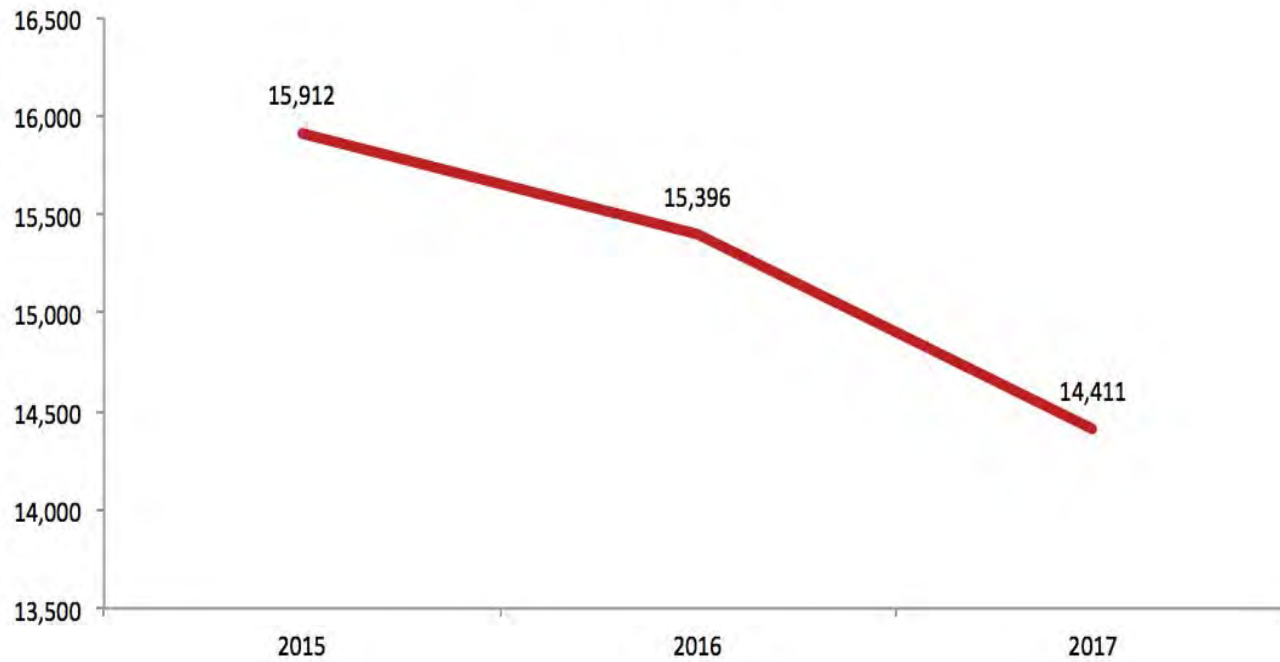


SNAP \$ Recipient	2015	2016	2017		2015	2016	2017
State	\$125.02	\$125.72	\$125.71	Hyde	\$106.73	\$109.38	\$104.01
Aurora	\$106.70	\$104.42	\$117.31	Jackson	\$135.30	\$136.15	\$135.76
Beadle	\$108.46	\$111.28	\$109.16	Jerauld	\$105.37	\$108.87	\$122.58
Bennett	\$131.11	\$131.96	\$131.62	Jones	\$109.91	\$135.04	\$114.91
Bon Homme	\$121.54	\$120.39	\$112.37	Kingsbury	\$119.97	\$118.16	\$113.61
Brookings	\$123.04	\$122.19	\$123.78	Lake	\$121.24	\$120.91	\$120.59
Brown	\$120.21	\$121.68	\$122.11	Lawrence	\$124.76	\$125.25	\$125.50
Brule	\$123.75	\$120.57	\$118.76	Lincoln	\$110.55	\$111.35	\$111.76
Buffalo	\$129.18	\$129.29	\$131.70	Lyman	\$126.65	\$125.85	\$130.44
Butte	\$125.01	\$124.99	\$125.75	McCook	\$108.69	\$115.35	\$107.27
Campbell	\$122.00	\$132.47	\$135.57	McPherson	\$119.69	\$116.39	\$123.23
Charles Mix	\$126.64	\$127.87	\$126.00	Marshall	\$115.84	\$116.72	\$120.19
Clark	\$114.30	\$117.80	\$107.41	Meade	\$121.51	\$121.03	\$120.43
Clay	\$131.91	\$131.21	\$130.26	Mellette	\$136.04	\$136.93	\$136.49
Codington	\$117.63	\$117.30	\$118.87	Miner	\$119.20	\$115.39	\$112.96
Corson	\$135.32	\$137.88	\$139.12	Minnehaha	\$121.00	\$121.59	\$121.98
Custer	\$127.11	\$123.01	\$125.21	Moody	\$113.35	\$126.56	\$118.80
Davison	\$121.14	\$123.45	\$124.05	Oglala Lakota	\$139.35	\$141.15	\$140.64
Day	\$128.51	\$126.79	\$130.77	Pennington	\$123.21	\$123.96	\$123.25
Deuel	\$119.96	\$115.76	\$117.33	Perkins	\$117.70	\$122.18	\$118.77
Dewey	\$140.31	\$140.16	\$141.53	Potter	\$120.98	\$122.99	\$127.49
Douglas	\$122.59	\$117.89	\$122.12	Roberts	\$125.95	\$127.64	\$128.10
Edmunds	\$123.05	\$124.62	\$287.61	Sanborn	\$108.99	\$114.41	\$113.09
Fall River	\$116.82	\$115.53	\$225.34	Spink	\$111.47	\$117.43	\$108.83
Faulk	\$97.25	\$114.57	\$296.24	Stanley	\$113.87	\$124.26	\$115.14
Grant	\$119.35	\$123.49	\$240.57	Sully	\$112.75	\$87.43	\$103.12
Gregory	\$123.37	\$115.24	\$316.73	Todd	\$139.80	\$139.91	\$139.29
Haakon	\$114.26	\$102.44	\$250.97	Tripp	\$119.77	\$120.81	\$122.91
Hamlin	\$100.43	\$98.42	\$293.24	Turner	\$117.88	\$117.37	\$112.20
Hand	\$106.53	\$105.29	\$252.48	Union	\$116.48	\$117.52	\$120.04
Hanson	\$108.33	\$111.72	\$278.22	Walworth	\$128.21	\$126.21	\$126.78
Harding	\$106.58	\$102.71	\$78.64	Yankton	\$125.93	\$126.17	\$125.62
Hughes	\$122.22	\$121.13	\$122.64	Ziebach	\$133.23	\$134.43	\$137.80
Hutchinson	\$114.03	\$109.69	\$118.76	Source: South Dakota Department of Social Services			

SNAP Age Distribution — 0-4



State Trends

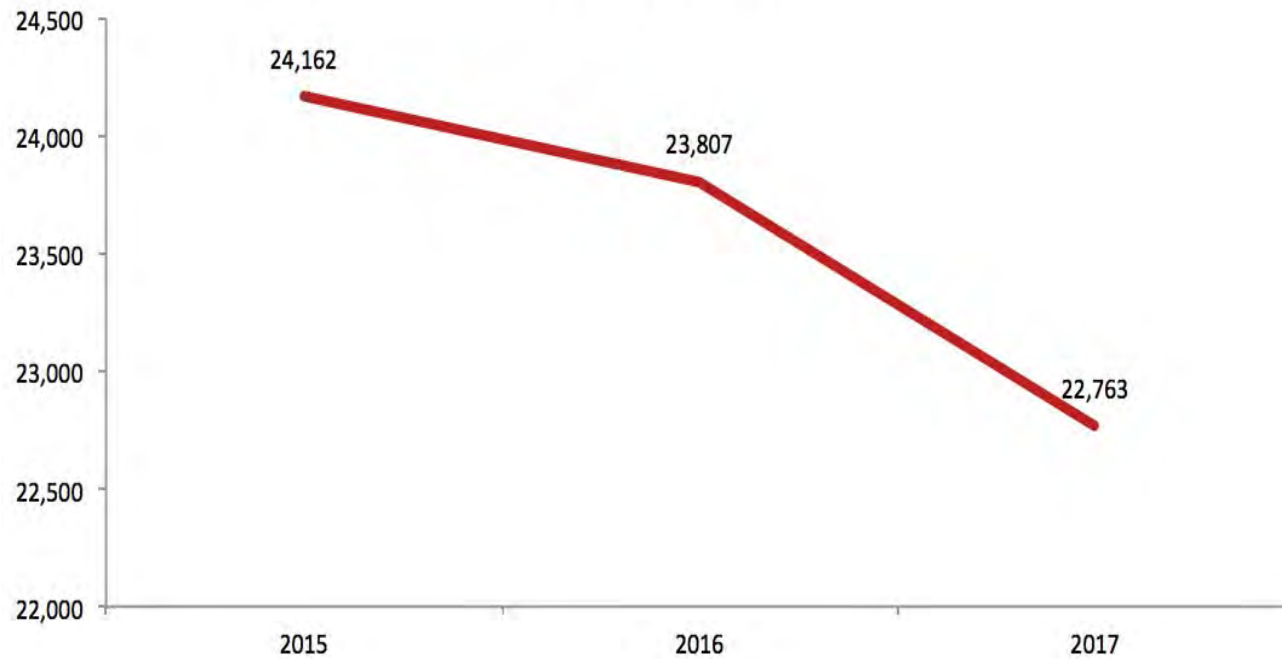


SNAP 0-4	2015	2016	2017		2015	2016	2017
State	15,912	15,396	14,411	Hyde	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Aurora	12	20	5 or fewer	Jackson	175	175	164
Beadle	672	610	558	Jerauld	6	5 or fewer	13
Bennett	243	262	214	Jones	9	8	12
Bon Homme	42	44	27	Kingsbury	31	42	30
Brookings	333	304	286	Lake	114	122	121
Brown	590	569	559	Lawrence	293	249	244
Brule	80	73	75	Lincoln	236	237	241
Buffalo	167	14	134	Lyman	156	157	137
Butte	200	205	173	McCook	69	58	64
Campbell	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	McPherson	8	12	10
Charles Mix	388	368	326	Marshall	45	36	40
Clark	29	27	21	Meade	217	236	206
Clay	161	167	158	Mellette	122	124	114
Codington	415	433	423	Miner	11	12	13
Corson	269	249	261	Minnehaha	3,129	3,084	2,823
Custer	66	70	50	Moody	95	74	71
Davison	300	286	250	Oglala Lakota	1,252	1,172	1,167
Day	82	73	77	Pennington	2,329	2,237	2,092
Deuel	31	43	29	Perkins	20	23	24
Dewey	330	353	295	Potter	9	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Douglas	24	22	19	Roberts	382	402	266
Edmunds	14	18	20	Sanborn	16	18	24
Fall River	96	75	76	Spink	58	50	42
Faulk	11	12	10	Stanley	32	18	29
Grant	55	68	47	Sully	5 or fewer	8	5 or fewer
Gregory	77	84	59	Todd	1,021	976	962
Haakon	7	9	6	Tripp	129	132	130
Hamlin	64	48	60	Turner	66	58	72
Hand	24	12	14	Union	109	92	73
Hanson	8	19	14	Walworth	106	110	107
Harding	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	Yankton	322	288	271
Hughes	288	255	266	Ziebach	206	185	164
Hutchinson	48	64	57	Source: South Dakota Department of Social Services			

SNAP Age Distribution — 5-13



State Trends

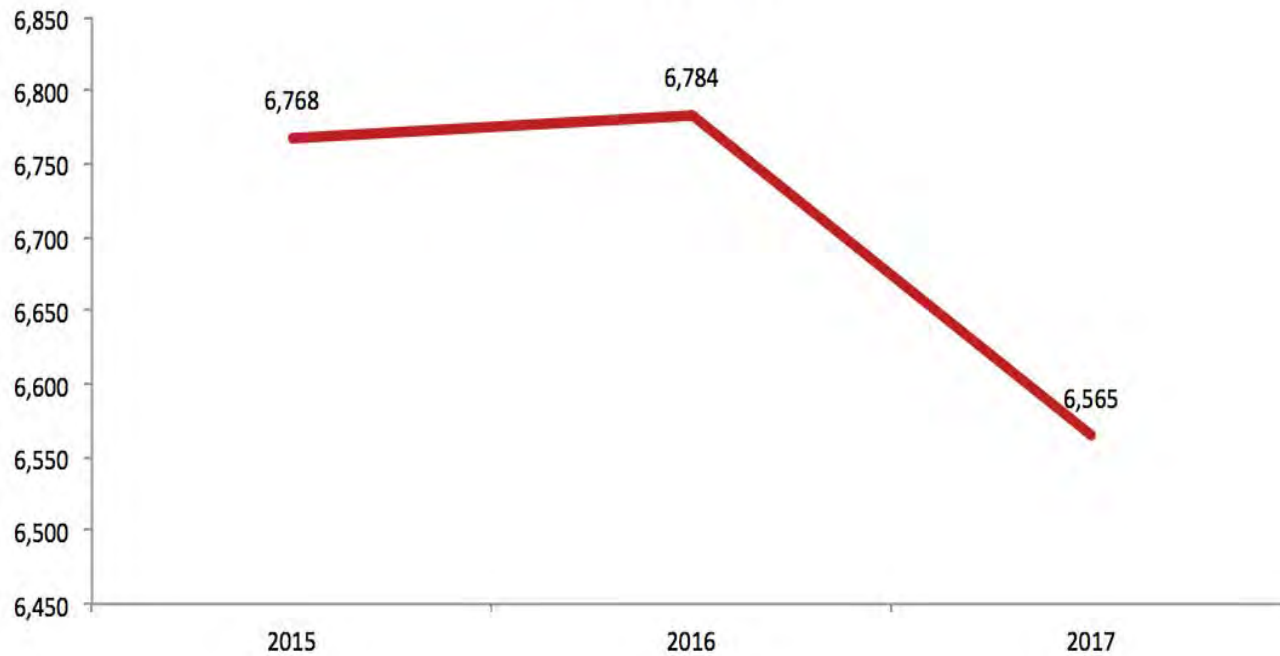


SNAP 5-13	2015	2016	2017		2015	2016	2017
State	24,162	23,807	22,763	Hyde	8	7	5 or fewer
Aurora	41	31	27	Jackson	246	244	238
Beadle	819	844	805	Jerauld	13	12	20
Bennett	401	383	381	Jones	13	19	21
Bon Homme	94	93	87	Kingsbury	51	74	65
Brookings	434	400	397	Lake	173	157	169
Brown	751	830	793	Lawrence	466	444	450
Brule	102	109	113	Lincoln	416	340	367
Buffalo	241	238	239	Lyman	224	240	203
Butte	329	328	282	McCook	80	73	103
Campbell	5 or fewer	0	5 or fewer	McPherson	26	22	19
Charles Mix	562	499	472	Marshall	45	36	45
Clark	38	32	33	Meade	449	438	415
Clay	261	248	251	Mellette	213	221	201
Codington	604	612	629	Miner	29	23	32
Corson	448	428	426	Minnehaha	4,781	4,705	4,431
Custer	118	131	106	Moody	140	128	100
Davison	485	457	411	Oglala Lakota	2,094	2,011	2,036
Day	117	116	105	Pennington	3,590	3,592	3,332
Deuel	50	66	58	Perkins	26	16	12
Dewey	489	477	472	Potter	11	8	14
Douglas	35	31	32	Roberts	580	534	500
Edmunds	24	42	41	Sanborn	14	15	46
Fall River	90	118	106	Spink	78	81	85
Faulk	21	20	11	Stanley	37	32	35
Grant	98	96	78	Sully	5 or fewer	7	12
Gregory	106	117	106	Todd	1468	1440	1,412
Haakon	13	18	16	Tripp	212	195	198
Hamlin	78	102	97	Turner	141	140	153
Hand	35	31	36	Union	192	201	145
Hanson	18	32	24	Walworth	131	167	148
Harding	11	10	7	Yankton	454	435	353
Hughes	382	379	361	Ziebach	344	302	290
Hutchinson	113	114	101	Source: South Dakota Department of Social Services			

SNAP Age Distribution — 14-17



State Trends

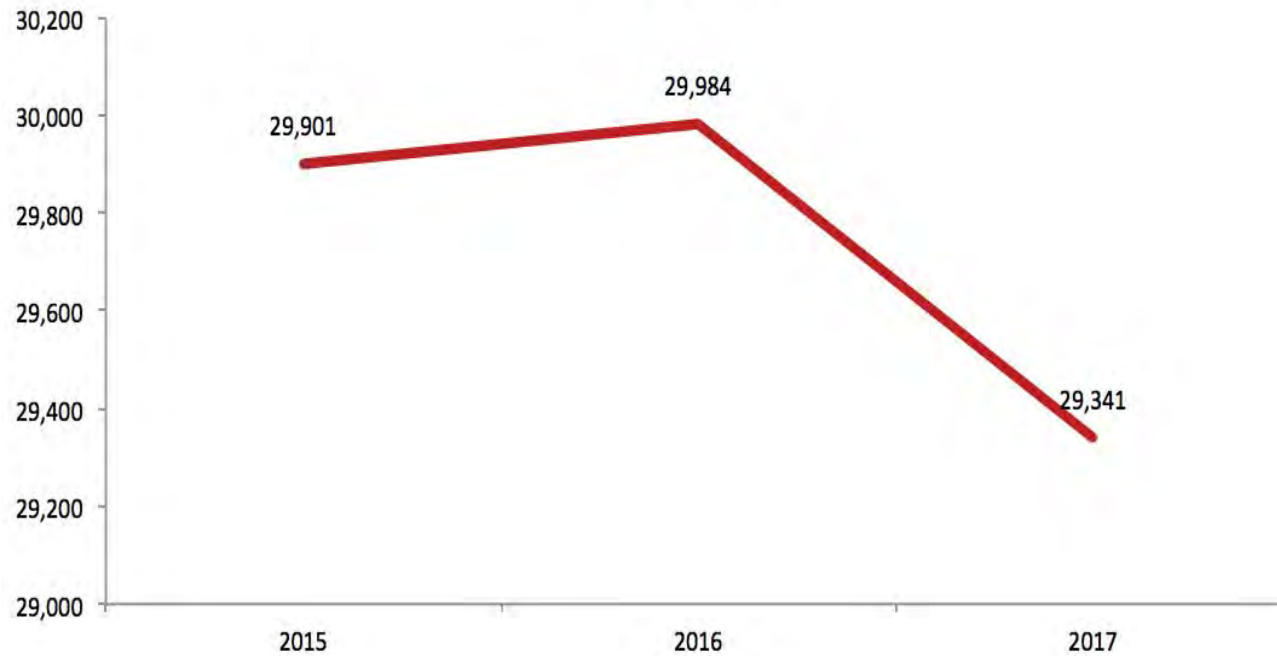


SNAP 14-17	2015	2016	2017		2015	2016	2017
State	6,768	6,784	6,565	Hyde	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Aurora	12	15	8	Jackson	80	77	85
Beadle	228	212	203	Jerauld	6	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Bennett	98	109	116	Jones	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Bon Homme	28	29	21	Kingsbury	7	15	8
Brookings	117	109	92	Lake	55	48	50
Brown	192	225	198	Lawrence	112	111	129
Brule	14	23	22	Lincoln	100	104	109
Buffalo	74	65	68	Lyman	62	70	65
Butte	103	119	94	McCook	19	25	22
Campbell	0	0	5 or fewer	McPherson	5 or fewer	11	8
Charles Mix	200	184	168	Marshall	17	24	16
Clark	14	14	6	Meade	124	126	119
Clay	73	73	64	Mellette	56	61	46
Codington	140	160	136	Miner	12	14	11
Corson	127	123	152	Minnehaha	1,241	1,274	1,284
Custer	41	46	35	Moody	35	35	35
Davison	112	125	116	Oglala Lakota	670	659	672
Day	29	25	26	Pennington	964	942	886
Deuel	19	16	10	Perkins	5 or fewer	6	6
Dewey	161	147	142	Potter	7	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Douglas	15	9	9	Roberts	139	124	114
Edmunds	12	12	7	Sanborn	12	9	15
Fall River	47	53	43	Spink	21	25	18
Faulk	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	Stanley	11	9	16
Grant	22	30	29	Sully	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer
Gregory	33	45	39	Todd	444	458	464
Haakon	5 or fewer	7	8	Tripp	56	64	59
Hamlin	23	17	21	Turner	43	54	62
Hand	5 or fewer	6	6	Union	56	62	45
Hanson	5 or fewer	11	8	Walworth	34	35	39
Harding	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewer	Yankton	109	113	117
Hughes	88	96	94	Ziebach	92	86	81
Hutchinson	27	17	22	Source: South Dakota Department of Social Services			

Medicaid Age Distribution — 0-5



State Trends



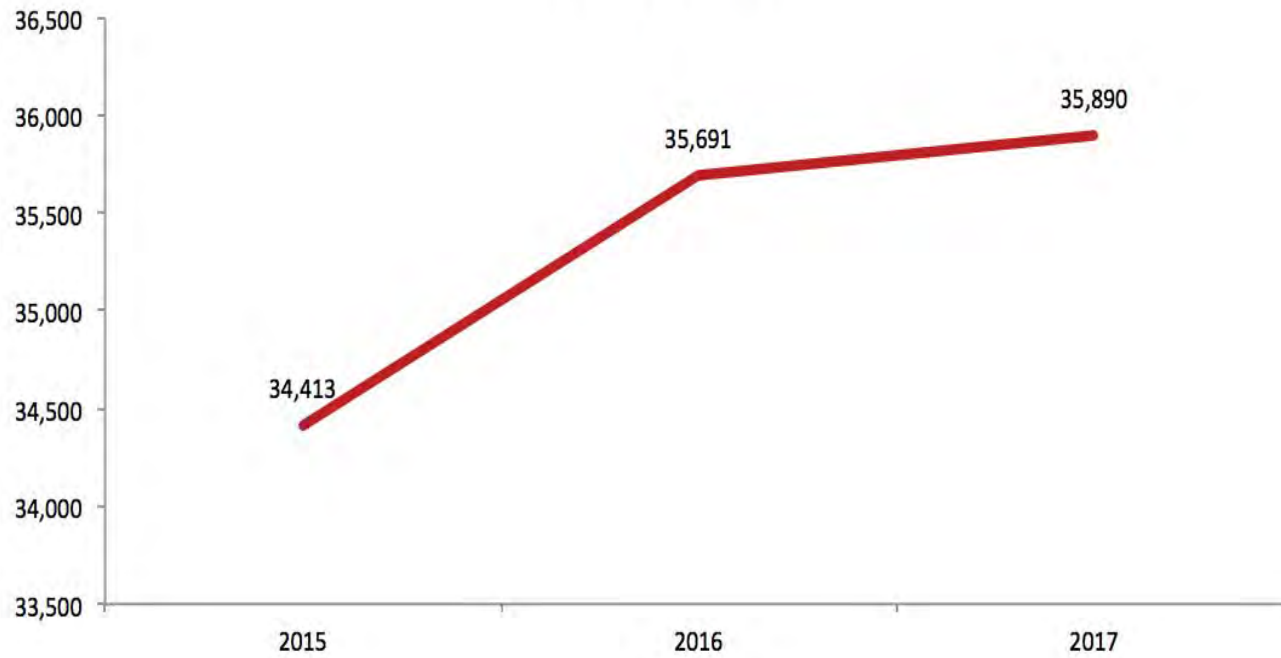
Medicaid 0-5	2015	2016	2017
State	29,901	29,984	29,341
Aurora	78	81	81
Beadle	1,162	1,169	1,144
Bennett	532	354	323
Bon Homme	127	117	101
Brookings	704	679	649
Brown	1,101	1,160	1,176
Brule	185	190	203
Buffalo	238	219	233
Butte	426	457	413
Campbell	9	10	13
Charles Mix	601	614	566
Clark	79	74	80
Clay	335	314	320
Codington	929	951	965
Corson	387	384	406
Custer	130	142	132
Davison	639	669	623
Day	135	147	147
Deuel	89	100	96
Dewey	585	574	556
Douglas	53	51	48
Edmunds	63	69	71
Fall River	167	188	186
Faulk	15	22	39
Grant	150	169	156
Gregory	158	180	142
Haakon	28	34	34
Hamlin	245	263	267
Hand	60	60	51
Hanson	39	47	48
Harding	12	18	13
Hughes	567	554	565
Hutchinson	127	155	167

	2015	2016	2017
Hyde	15	18	25
Jackson	245	247	244
Jerauld	33	26	36
Jones	23	32	29
Kingsbury	86	94	87
Lake	190	228	230
Lawrence	580	569	521
Lincoln	562	591	700
Lyman	247	257	237
McCook	131	121	142
McPherson	32	37	46
Marshall	104	102	99
Meade	521	561	540
Mellette	169	191	177
Miner	29	29	29
Minnehaha	6,575	6,483	6,240
Moody	194	182	163
Oglala Lakota	1,763	1,669	1,648
Pennington	4,137	4,037	3,878
Perkins	53	43	55
Potter	36	30	31
Roberts	622	703	657
Sanborn	48	66	66
Spink	147	140	133
Stanley	72	70	76
Sully	14	26	17
Todd	1,399	1,389	1,379
Tripp	233	234	227
Turner	169	153	180
Union	268	244	258
Walworth	210	205	206
Yankton	650	629	621
Ziebach	288	260	246
Source: South Dakota Department of Social Services			

Medicaid Age Distribution — 6-13



State Trends

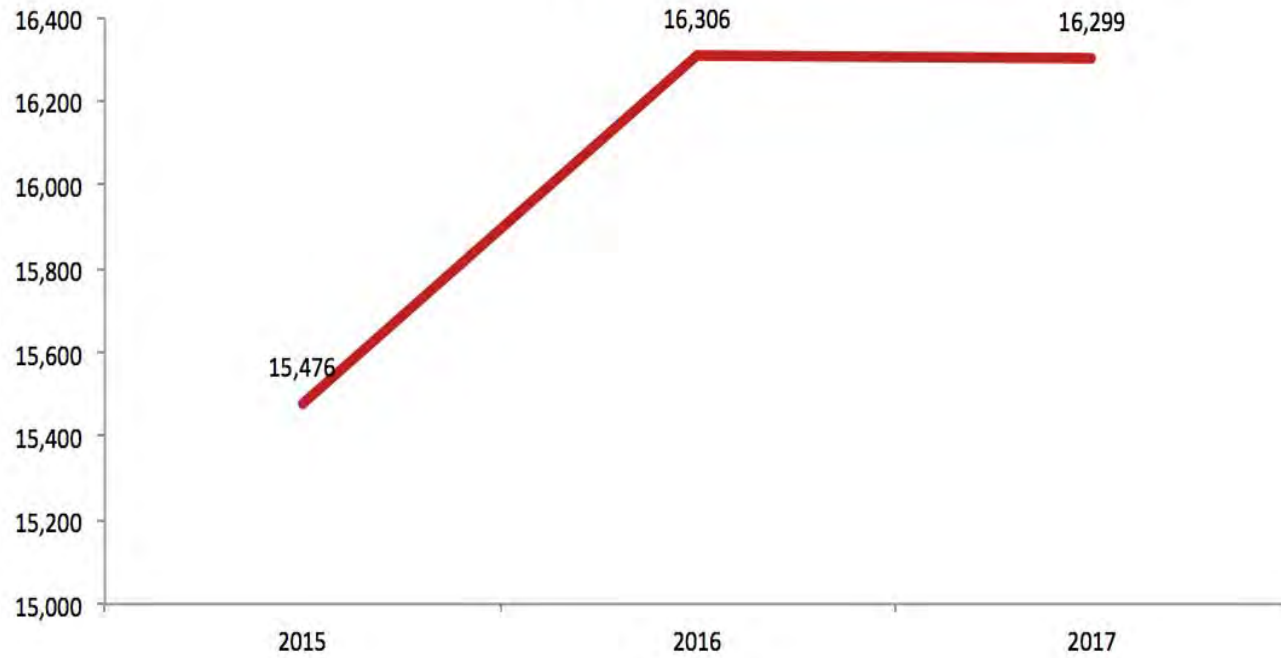


Medicaid 6-13	2015	2016	2017		2015	2016	2017
State	34,413	35,691	35,890	Hyde	26	21	15
Aurora	89	106	90	Jackson	287	286	274
Beadle	1,060	1,138	1,159	Jerauld	44	45	50
Bennett	447	434	428	Jones	45	39	50
Bon Homme	187	169	164	Kingsbury	117	134	131
Brookings	648	654	693	Lake	261	242	280
Brown	1,160	1,263	1,318	Lawrence	681	693	754
Brule	221	248	272	Lincoln	713	775	836
Buffalo	305	309	297	Lyman	291	308	305
Butte	514	551	519	McCook	169	154	167
Campbell	8	10	13	McPherson	46	49	53
Charles Mix	676	682	653	Marshall	96	102	95
Clark	83	86	94	Meade	709	799	833
Clay	386	362	355	Mellette	235	247	254
Codington	920	1,022	1,068	Miner	49	40	47
Corson	572	552	535	Minnehaha	7,091	7,187	7,254
Custer	164	201	183	Moody	187	203	181
Davison	714	744	724	Oglala Lakota	2,208	2,299	2,315
Day	186	214	198	Pennington	4,651	4,871	4,789
Deuel	137	129	111	Perkins	67	62	59
Dewey	673	667	680	Potter	48	58	46
Douglas	61	51	54	Roberts	675	739	732
Edmunds	60	67	69	Sanborn	55	51	86
Fall River	193	202	235	Spink	196	191	202
Faulk	33	32	31	Stanley	68	81	75
Grant	204	204	198	Sully	10	22	31
Gregory	190	189	189	Todd	1,654	1,625	1,632
Haakon	39	35	38	Tripp	283	274	287
Hamlin	241	260	256	Turner	235	254	257
Hand	72	54	81	Union	313	355	319
Hanson	60	70	55	Walworth	205	228	240
Harding	13	19	14	Yankton	688	712	663
Hughes	604	606	631	Ziebach	345	340	328
Hutchinson	174	199	193	Source: South Dakota Department of Social Services			

Medicaid Age Distribution — 14-18



State Trends



Medicaid 14-18	2015	2016	2017
State	15,476	16,306	16,299
Aurora	34	44	44
Beadle	424	457	453
Bennett	206	189	203
Bon Homme	85	83	89
Brookings	235	260	281
Brown	497	552	546
Brule	92	78	108
Buffalo	147	142	144
Butte	246	299	268
Campbell	6	12	13
Charles Mix	349	346	353
Clark	47	47	35
Clay	164	160	160
Codington	356	399	401
Corson	227	242	279
Custer	88	99	116
Davison	262	311	302
Day	97	99	98
Deuel	58	66	56
Dewey	332	303	329
Douglas	38	27	33
Edmunds	38	34	22
Fall River	132	132	125
Faulk	18	11	9
Grant	81	92	101
Gregory	111	112	106
Haakon	22	17	18
Hamlin	86	85	94
Hand	21	18	19
Hanson	19	25	19
Harding	10	10	6
Hughes	251	265	284
Hutchinson	101	97	75

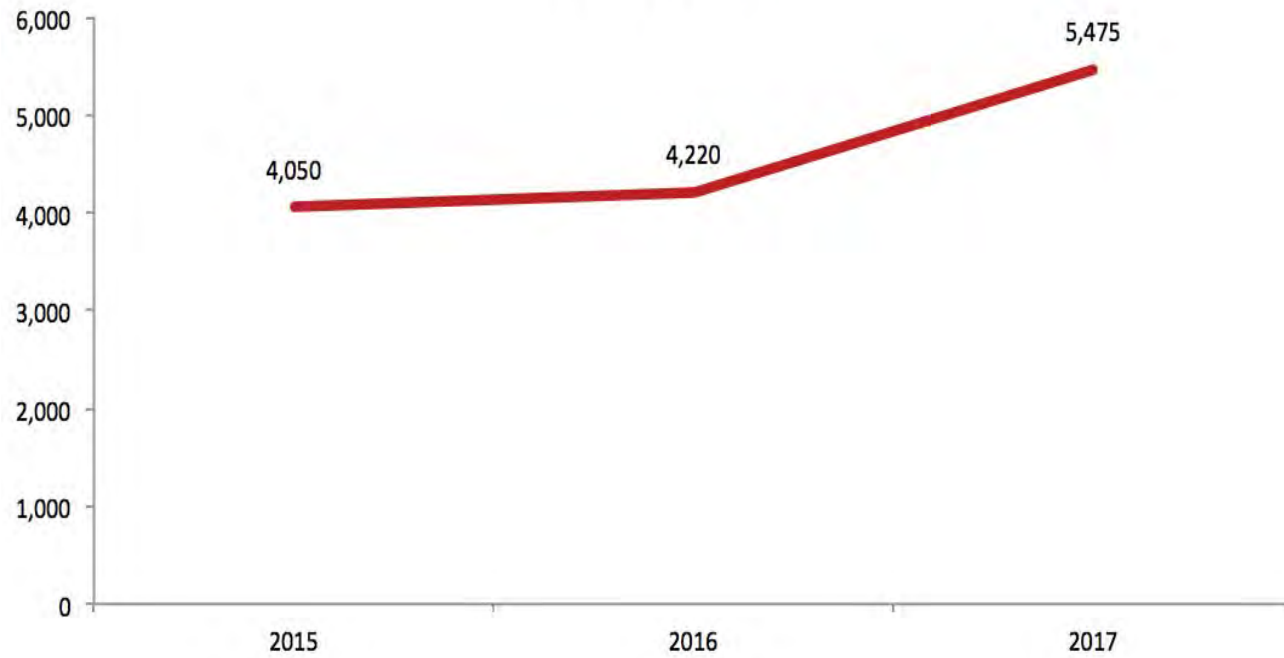
	2015	2016	2017
Hyde	15	14	16
Jackson	139	149	151
Jerauld	24	26	29
Jones	13	16	16
Kingsbury	48	68	70
Lake	115	135	141
Lawrence	284	301	301
Lincoln	253	317	318
Lyman	133	152	150
McCook	77	77	72
McPherson	24	27	28
Marshall	45	60	55
Meade	332	374	375
Mellette	94	106	100
Miner	32	32	27
Minnehaha	2,965	3,053	3,009
Moody	86	88	105
Oglala Lakota	1,060	1,094	1,136
Pennington	1,864	1,984	1,957
Perkins	28	32	33
Potter	24	26	23
Roberts	270	286	286
Sanborn	42	36	43
Spink	91	90	95
Stanley	41	40	41
Sully	9	13	9
Todd	760	837	838
Tripp	136	139	127
Turner	100	120	126
Union	162	166	151
Walworth	97	109	113
Yankton	303	320	337
Ziebach	164	173	165

Source: South Dakota Department of Social Services

Adjudicatory Actions



State Trends

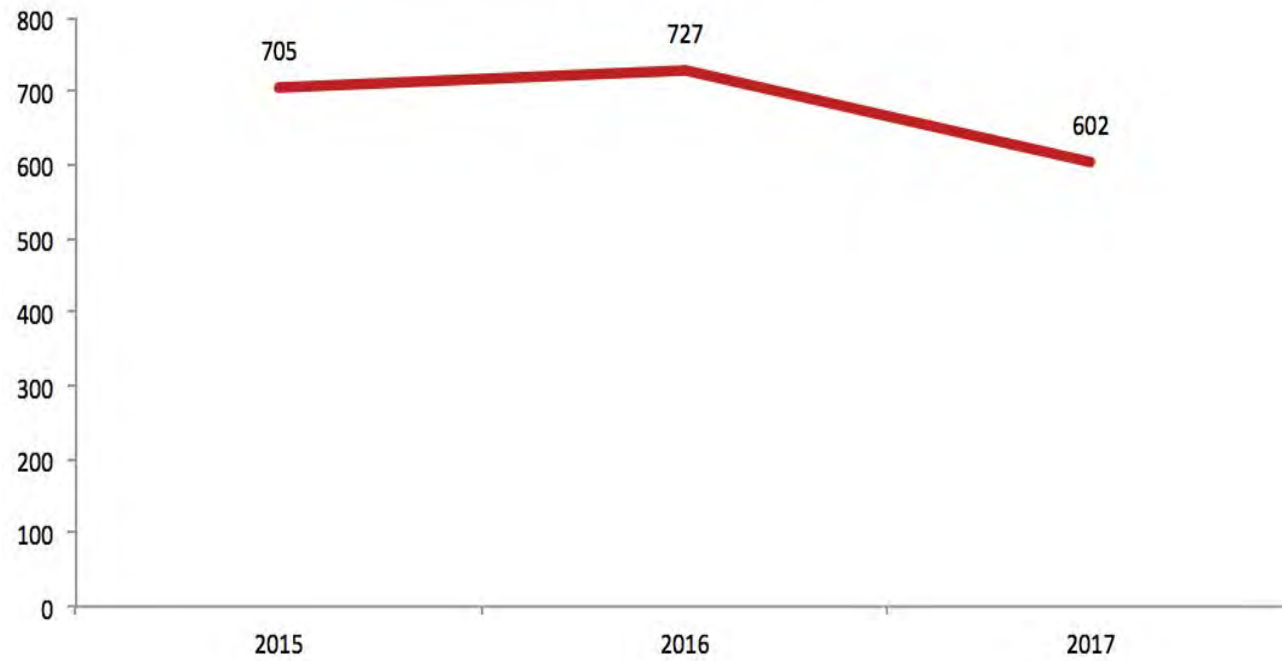


Adjudicatory Actions	2015	2016	2017		2015	2016	2017
State	4,050	4,220	5,475	Hyde	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	0
Aurora	4	4	9	Jackson	6	3 or fewer	3 or fewer
Beadle	102	107	62	Jerauld	3 or fewer	0	0
Bennett	32	15	23	Jones	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	0
Bon Homme	9	33	15	Kingsbury	5	7	10
Brookings	83	202	239	Lake	56	32	30
Brown	116	215	419	Lawrence	38	46	81
Brule	25	10	35	Lincoln	103	100	152
Buffalo	0	3 or fewer	0	Lyman	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	4
Butte	37	35	52	McCook	10	12	9
Campbell	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	McPherson	0	0	6
Charles Mix	82	82	181	Marshall	3 or fewer	5	12
Clark	6	9	0	Meade	36	82	146
Clay	41	28	59	Mellette	5	12	8
Codington	117	183	206	Miner	6	3 or fewer	7
Corson	0	0	0	Minnehaha	1,680	1,533	1892
Custer	15	20	32	Moody	25	17	14
Davison	51	101	128	Oglala Lakota	0	0	0
Day	5	7	20	Pennington	796	793	993
Deuel	11	8	14	Perkins	11	5	0
Dewey	0	0	0	Potter	4	3 or fewer	3 or fewer
Douglas	4	0	3 or fewer	Roberts	52	45	69
Edmunds	7	5	4	Sanborn	5	3 or fewer	11
Fall River	38	46	29	Spink	14	22	24
Faulk	0	3 or fewer	0	Stanley	7	12	3 or fewer
Grant	25	10	25	Sully	3 or fewer	0	0
Gregory	28	11	16	Todd	0	0	0
Haakon	4	3 or fewer	0	Tripp	26	14	22
Hamlin	7	3 or fewer	7	Turner	13	15	34
Hand	3 or fewer	4	8	Union	41	36	43
Hanson	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	7	Walworth	17	22	12
Harding	3 or fewer	0	0	Yankton	125	109	150
Hughes	67	131	131	Ziebach	0	0	3 or fewer
Hutchinson	31	16	12	Source: South Dakota Unified Judicial System			

Non-Adjudicatory Actions



State Trends

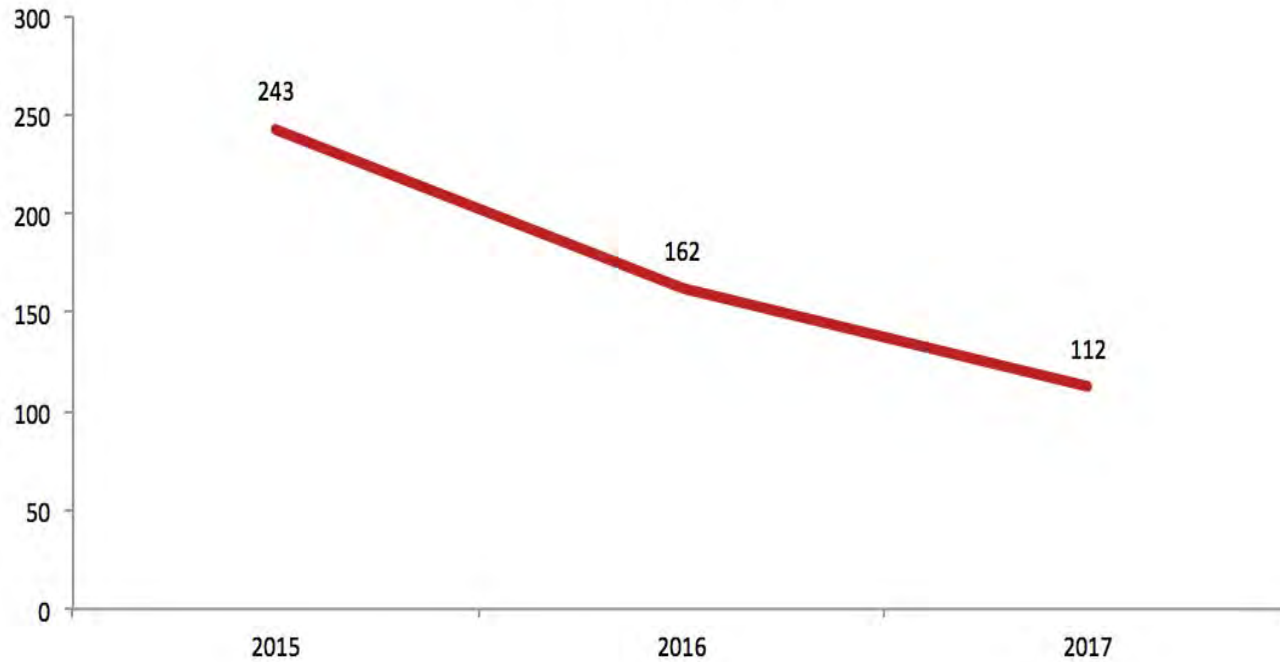


Non-Adjudicatory Actions	2015	2016	2017		2015	2016	2017
State	705	727	602	Hyde	0	6	11
Aurora	3 or fewer	5	3 or fewer	Jackson	3 or fewer	5	0
Beadle	11	4	0	Jerauld	3 or fewer	0	0
Bennett	3 or fewer	11	9	Jones	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	3 or fewer
Bon Homme	0	0	0	Kingsbury	4	7	3 or fewer
Brookings	3 or fewer	0	0	Lake	8	4	6
Brown	7	6	39	Lawrence	3 or fewer	6	6
Brule	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	9	Lincoln	76	111	111
Buffalo	0	0	0	Lyman	0	6	7
Butte	6	3 or fewer	0	McCook	7	6	0
Campbell	0	0	0	McPherson	0	0	3 or fewer
Charles Mix	23	7	18	Marshall	3 or fewer	0	0
Clark	0	0	0	Meade	23	7	9
Clay	0	0	3 or fewer	Mellette	3 or fewer	5	3 or fewer
Codington	24	12	21	Miner	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	3 or fewer
Corson	0	0	0	Minnehaha	342	357	263
Custer	9	0	0	Moody	4	5	4
Davison	63	56	33	Oglala Lakota	0	0	0
Day	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	0	Pennington	17	8	0
Deuel	0	0	6	Perkins	7	0	0
Dewey	3 or fewer	0	3 or fewer	Potter	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	3 or fewer
Douglas	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	0	Roberts	13	27	11
Edmunds	0	0	0	Sanborn	6	5	0
Fall River	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	0	Spink	0	0	0
Faulk	0	0	0	Stanley	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	3 or fewer
Grant	0	3 or fewer	7	Sully	0	0	0
Gregory	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	Todd	0	3 or fewer	0
Haakon	0	3 or fewer	0	Tripp	3 or fewer	11	4
Hamlin	4	3 or fewer	0	Turner	6	21	10
Hand	3 or fewer	0	0	Union	0	0	0
Hanson	3 or fewer	0	0	Walworth	0	0	3 or fewer
Harding	0	0	0	Yankton	0	0	0
Hughes	8	6	3 or fewer	Ziebach	0	3 or fewer	0
Hutchinson	3 or fewer	0	3 or fewer	Source: South Dakota Unified Judicial System			

Commitments to Department of Corrections



State Trends



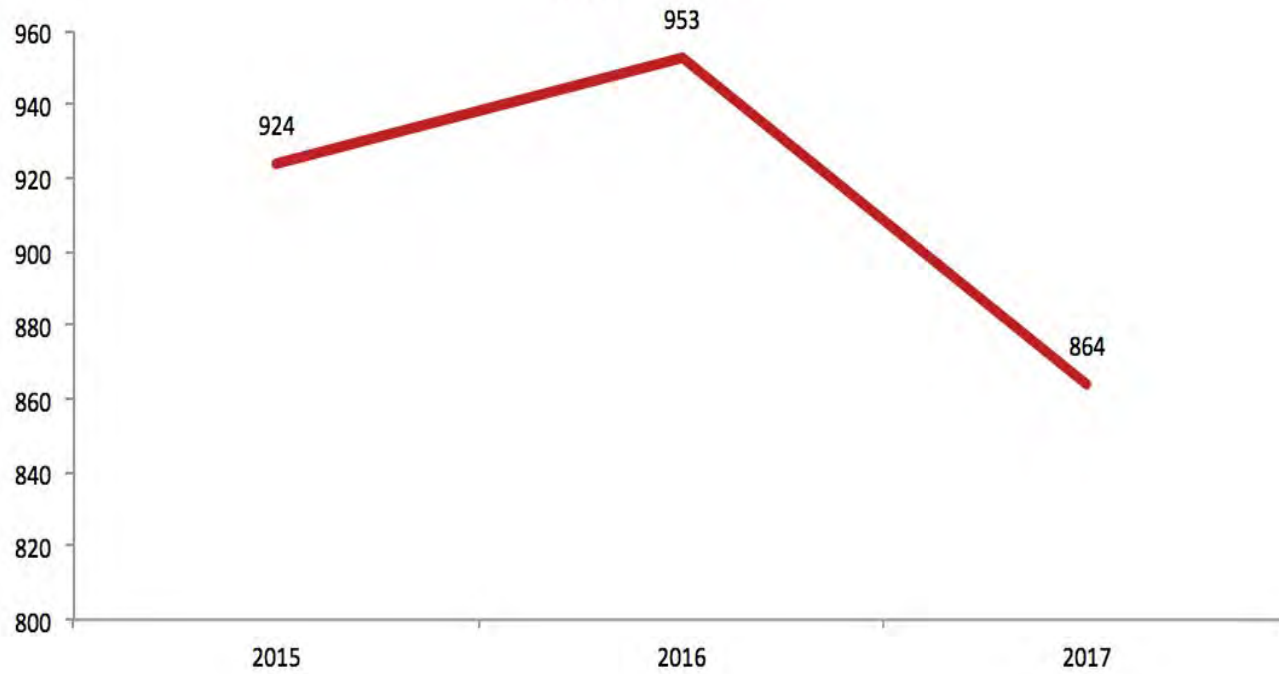
Commit. Dept. of Corrections	2015	2016	2017		2015	2016	2017
State	243	162	112	Hyde	0	0	0
Aurora	0	3 or fewer	0	Jackson	0	0	0
Beadle	15	3 or fewer	4	Jerauld	3 or fewer	0	0
Bennett	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	0	Jones	3 or fewer	0	3 or fewer
Bon Homme	3 or fewer	0	0	Kingsbury	0	0	0
Brookings	12	17	5	Lake	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	5
Brown	10	6	3 or fewer	Lawrence	4	3 or fewer	3 or fewer
Brule	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	Lincoln	12	5	9
Buffalo	0	0	0	Lyman	0	0	0
Butte	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	0	McCook	0	0	0
Campbell	3 or fewer	0	0	McPherson	0	0	0
Charles Mix	17	8	3 or fewer	Marshall	0	0	0
Clark	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	0	Meade	8	6	4
Clay	4	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	Mellette	3 or fewer	5	3 or fewer
Codington	9	6	3 or fewer	Miner	0	0	0
Corson	0	0	0	Minnchaha	40	24	37
Custer	0	4	3 or fewer	Moody	3 or fewer	0	0
Davison	5	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	Oglala Lakota	0	0	0
Day	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	0	Pennington	43	31	14
Deuel	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	0	Perkins	0	0	0
Dewey	0	0	0	Potter	0	0	0
Douglas	0	0	0	Roberts	5	5	3 or fewer
Edmunds	3 or fewer	0	0	Sanborn	0	0	0
Fall River	3 or fewer	0	3 or fewer	Spink	3 or fewer	0	3 or fewer
Faulk	0	0	0	Stanley	0	3 or fewer	0
Grant	4	0	3 or fewer	Sully	0	0	0
Gregory	0	0	0	Todd	0	0	0
Haakon	0	0	0	Tripp	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	0
Hamlin	3 or fewer	0	0	Turner	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	0
Hand	0	3 or fewer	0	Union	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	3 or fewer
Hanson	0	0	0	Walworth	3 or fewer	0	0
Harding	0	0	0	Yankton	4	3 or fewer	5
Hughes	14	6	3 or fewer	Ziebach	0	0	0
Hutchinson	3 or fewer	5	0				

Source: South Dakota Unified Judicial System

Youth Admissions to Drug or Alcohol Treatment Programs



State Trends



Drug/Alcohol Treatment	2015	2016	2017		2015	2016	2017
State	924	953	864	Hyde	no data	no data	no data
Aurora	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	Jackson	5	5	3 or fewer
Beadle	14	14	14	Jerauld	no data	no data	no data
Bennett	4	5	7	Jones	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	no data
Bon Homme	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	0	Kingsbury	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	no data
Brookings	5	5	8	Lake	4	4	3 or fewer
Brown	20	29	39	Lawrence	15	15	41
Brule	4	5	10	Lincoln	18	19	9
Buffalo	13	14	3 or fewer	Lyman	16	16	7
Butte	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	22	McCook	no data	no data	3 or fewer
Campbell	no data	no data	0	McPherson	no data	no data	3 or fewer
Charles Mix	34	34	29	Marshall	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	4
Clark	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	0	Meade	14	15	57
Clay	10	11	8	Mellette	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	3 or fewer
Codington	33	33	30	Miner	no data	no data	no data
Corson	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	4	Minnehaha	259	263	209
Custer	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	5	Moody	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	no data
Davison	27	28	36	Oglala Lakota	17	18	24
Day	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	4	Pennington	147	148	136
Deuel	no data	no data	0	Perkins	no data	no data	no data
Dewey	12	12	11	Potter	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	3 or fewer
Douglas	no data	no data	no data	Roberts	35	36	20
Edmunds	no data	no data	no data	Sanborn	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	3 or fewer
Fall River	6	7	7	Spink	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	3 or fewer
Faulk	no data	no data	no data	Stanley	5	5	9
Grant	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	Sully	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	no data
Gregory	no data	no data	3 or fewer	Todd	10	10	3 or fewer
Haakon	no data	no data	no data	Tripp	6	8	3 or fewer
Hamlin	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	Turner	no data	no data	no data
Hand	3 or fewer	no data	no data	Union	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	7
Hanson	no data	no data	no data	Walworth	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	3 or fewer
Harding	no data	no data	no data	Yankton	13	16	25
Hughes	52	54	53	Ziebach	3 or fewer	3 or fewer	3 or fewer
Hutchinson	4	4	3 or fewer	Source: South Dakota Department of Social Services			

Sources & Definitions

Demographic Indicators

Data Source: 2016 population estimates: Population Estimates for April 1, 2010 and July 1, 2016. Total and one-dimensional demographic summaries (Hispanic, race, age, and sex) by county. Missouri Census Data Center: <http://mcdc.missouri.edu>

Economic Indicators

TANF/SNAP/Medicaid

Internet sites: <http://dss.sd.gov/tanf/>
<http://dss.sd.gov/snap/index.asp>
<http://dss.sd.gov/medicalservices/>

Data Source: TANF/SNAP/Medicaid participation are from the South Dakota Department of Social Services. The years are for state fiscal years (July 1 - June 30). Data of 5 or fewer cases are not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP, formerly known as food stamps) benefits are provided to supplement the shopping recipient's food budget. The amount of benefits a household receives is based on its size, income and allowable expenses.

Child Care

Internet site: <http://dss.sd.gov/childcare/>

Data Source: Child Care Services Assistance Program, Department of Social Services.

Types of Regulated Child Care:

Family Child Care Home - Registered: South Dakota law defines a Family Child Care Home as one in which care is given on a regular basis for any part of a 24 hour day to 12 or less children from more than one unrelated family. This includes any children under the age of six who are living in the home. Family child care is a service provided in the provider's home.

Family child care providers are registered rather than licensed. Registration is a voluntary process where the applicants declare their intent to provide family child

care and agree to comply with standards that have been established by the Department of Social Services. A registration certificate is in effect for two years. Registration is legally mandated when a provider receives compensation from public funds. Providers who are not receiving reimbursement from public funds and caring for 12 or fewer children are exempt from registration. A registered family child care provider must be at least 18 years old.

Group Family Child Care Home - Licensed: South Dakota law defines a Group Family Child Care Home as a facility providing child care for a part of a day as a supplement to regular parental care for 13 to 20 children from more than one family, including the provider's own children who are under the age of six years. A group family child care home may be located in the provider's own home or in a separate facility. Group family child care homes are mandated by law to be licensed regardless of funding source.

Child Care Center - Licensed: South Dakota law defines a Child Care Center as a facility which provides child care for part of a 24-hour period to 21 or more children from one or more unrelated families, including the provider's own children under the age of 6 years, regardless of the source of income. A child care center may be located in the provider's own home or in a separate facility. Child care centers are mandated by law to be licensed regardless of funding source. A child care center may be operated as a nonprofit organization or as an independent, proprietary facility.

Before & After School Care Center: Provides care and supervision before and after school hours for children who are five years of age or older and enrolled in school. Before & After School Care Center providers serve only school-age children and may be providing care for either part of a day or full-time during school breaks. These centers are required to become licensed regardless of the funding source or location of the program. Centers are inspected each year. The exemption to this requirement is if the after school program is providing educational or

recreational activities for children who come and go at their own discretion.

Funding Categories Available for Child Care Assistance:

TANF Child Care: Provides payment of child care expenses for TANF families in approved work activities, which includes community service. Families must be receiving cash TANF benefits. No co-payment is required.

Non-TANF Assistance: Available for low-income families who work or work and attend school. Families may earn up to 175% of the federal poverty level and still be eligible. Families must be working or in school a minimum of 80 hours per month or if attending a college, university or technical institute a minimum of 15 semester credit hours is required. No minimum hours are required for high school or GED students. Co-payment is based on family size and adjusted gross family income.

Transitional Child Care (TCC): Provides 12 months of child care payments for families whose TANF case closes because of income. May earn up to 175% of the federal poverty level and still be eligible. Co-payment is based on family size and adjusted gross household income.

The Division of Child Care (CCS) at the South Dakota Department of Social Services has a number of responsibilities that include funding, training and technical assistance for registered and licensed child care providers; child care facility development in response to local community needs. In addition, CCS provides direct child care assistance payments for qualifying families; a statewide training delivery system for child care providers; and the licensing and registration of child care programs as authorized by SDCL 26-6.

Licensing of Child Care Programs: Individuals or corporations who provide child care for more than 12 children are required by South Dakota law to be licensed. South Dakota Codified Law 26-6-9 requires licensure (regulation) of all child welfare agencies (including child care centers, group family child care homes and

before-after-school programs) by the Department of Social Services. South Dakota Codified Law 26-6-16 authorized the Department to develop standards of child care to be used for the regulation of these agencies. Child care licensing is a means of reducing the risk of harm to children in child care settings by establishing and enforcing regulations that require maintenance of minimum standards. Licensing is a form of consumer protection. Without licensing to achieve compliance with states regulations children would be at higher risk from fire, unsafe buildings and play equipment, injury, disease, and developmental impairment. In addition to prevention efforts, licensing workers also offer consultation to providers to help them increase quality of care beyond the minimum standards.

Direct Child Care Assistance:

South Dakota families with incomes below 175% of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL), families receiving TANF benefits and those transitioning off TANF may apply for financial assistance to help pay their child care costs. Eligibility for the program is based on household size and gross monthly income. A sliding fee scale is used to determine the amount of reimbursement and co-payments for each family. Families receiving child care assistance generally choose a provider who is licensed or registered (regulated) by the state. If a family chooses a provider who is unregulated by the state, certain criteria must be met, such as TB testing, screening for child abuse and neglect, and basic training. Unregulated providers can be a close relative, a family friend, or someone who provides care in the home of the family requesting assistance. Unregulated providers are limited in the number of children they may care for and the amount of reimbursement they can receive. All providers must be 18 years old.

Training and Education-Early Childhood Enrichment (ECE): This program was established in 1998, to meet the growing need for early childhood and out-of-school-time (OST) training and to assist CCS in efforts to recruit and retain quality child care providers across South Dakota. Five ECE sites are located

throughout the state to offer a variety of accessible services that support child care providers, teachers, parents and others involved in the care and education of children. ECE programs offer provide ongoing training, education, technical assistance and coaching opportunities to help licensed or registered child care providers meet mandated training requirements and to improve overall program quality. Registered family child care homes are required to obtain 6 hours of training each year; licensed group child care facilities are required to obtain 10 hours of training each year; licensed child care centers are required to obtain 20 hours of training each year. By offering this unique blend of direct services and expertise, the ECE system helps to ensure children receive quality care in an enriched learning environment.

Safety Indicators

Youth Offense Referrals

Internet site: <http://uj.s.sd.gov/>

Data Source: Court Services Department of the South Dakota Unified Judicial System.

Definitions: The figures represent the number of youth under 18 years of age who are referred to the Unified Judicial System (UJS) by the states attorneys. Numbers are for the county in which apprehension took place and represent the number of cases rather than individuals. In other words, if a child was referred to UJS for several different offenses, he or she would be counted several different times. Juvenile informational complaints may be filed with the states attorney by law enforcement officials, parents, court services officers (alleged probation violations), and others. The states attorney may decide to file a formal petition, refer the case to a court services department for a 90-day informal adjustment, refer the case to a private agency approved by the court, or take no action.

Commitments to Department of Corrections

Internet site: <http://uj.s.sd.gov/>

Data Source: Court Services Department of the South Dakota Unified Judicial System.

Definition: The total number of juveniles committed to the Department of Corrections during the reporting period. The figure includes youth who have had multiple petitions committing them to the Department of Corrections with separate dispositional dates during the reporting period. Figures are by county, which means the county of record in which the judge conducted the adjudication and dispositional proceedings. It can be county of residence or the county where the offense occurred.

Youth Related Traffic Crashes

Internet site:

http://dps.sd.gov/enforcement/accident_records/Annual_Crash_Reports.aspx

Data Source: 2016 South Dakota Motor Vehicle Traffic Crash Summary. Department of Public Safety, Accident Records Office.

Child Abuse & Neglect

Internet site: <http://dss.sd.gov/cps/>

Data Source: Department of Social Services, Child Protection Services.

Child Protection Services is a division of the South Dakota Department of Social Services which:

- 1) Completes safety assessments of children who are reported as abused and neglected;
- 2) Assures provision of services to the children and families when safety of the children is a concern;
- 3) Provides reunification services to children and families when out-of-home placements of the children are necessary; and
- 4) Provides services to develop permanent placements for children in out-of-home placement when efforts to return the children to their family are not successful.

Child Protection Services responds to reports of suspected child abuse or neglect involving a parent, guardian or custodian through a process referred to as an Initial Family Assessment. An Initial Family Assessment is a neutral approach to gathering information and a thorough family centered evaluation of child maltreatment and family functioning. Upon

the completion of the Initial Family Assessment, Child Protection Services must determine whether abuse or neglect has occurred and whether the child is safe or unsafe in the home due to the existence of threats to child safety. Threats to child safety may exist in a family situation even if abuse and neglect has not yet occurred.

When threats to child safety require court ordered out-of-home placement, the first goal considered is reunification of the child with the parents. Child Protection Services provides services to improve the ability of the parent to safely care for their child. Child Protection Services has responsibility for developing a permanent placement if the court determines the parents are not able to make the changes necessary to safely provide for their child making reunification with the parents no longer an option. Those permanent placement options are adoption, guardianship with a relative or non-relative family or other permanent living arrangement.

Admission to Drug or Alcohol Treatment Programs

Internet site:

<http://dss.sd.gov/behavioralhealth/>

Data Source: The South Dakota Department of Social Services, Behavioral Health Services.

Definition: Admissions include youth under 18 years of age who received state accredited alcohol and drug services ranging from crisis intervention to structured treatment programs. The person is counted once for every program in which the client participated. However, if a person was admitted to the same program more than once, he or she is only counted once. Admissions include both residential and outpatient treatment programs. Admission totals may include juveniles who are counted more than once if they received services at different programs. The reason for this is because the system does not track clients by a common identifier but by facility. Although the possibility of a client being counted more than once exists, it is probably uncommon.

Health Indicators

Internet site: <http://doh.sd.gov/>

Data Source: South Dakota Department of Health.

Data Indicators & Definitions:

A dash [-] indicates there were no events. An asterisk [*] indicates there were less than three events and no rate/percent was calculated.

Infant mortality (rate): The number of deaths of infants under one year of age per 1,000 live births.

Low birth weight babies (percent): Low birth weight babies are those born weighing less than 2,500 grams (about 5 and one half pounds).

Child death (rate): The number of deaths for children ages 1-14 per 100,000, from all causes.

Teen violent death (rate): The number of deaths from homicides, suicides, and accidents to teens ages 15-19 years per 100,000 teens.

Births to single teens (percent): The percent of all live births to single females under the age of 20.

Women receiving prenatal care (percent): The number of live single births to women receiving prenatal care during the first trimester (first three months) of pregnancy, by county of residence.

Education Indicators

Internet site:

<http://www.doe.sd.gov/ofm/statdigest.aspx>

Enrollments and dropouts

Data Source: South Dakota Department of Education. Statistics for dropout rates are for grades 7 through 12 and enrollment are for pre-kindergarten through grade 12.

Definitions: Dropout rate: The rate is calculated by dividing the number of dropouts grades 7-12 divided by the grade 7-12 enrollment, based on fall enrollment census count. The SD-DOE calculates the dropout rate

in this manner to conform with Federal guidelines. A "NA" indicates "not applicable".

Enrollment: Total number of students enrolled in school on the last Friday of school in September.

Child Count

Definition: Child Count data on disabilities are for individuals age three through twenty-one. This information is obtained from the Special Education Child Count done every December to determine age, placement alternatives, and disabling conditions for children with special needs. The number presented represents the number of children with disabling conditions in the designated school district. These conditions include: deaf, blind, seriously emotionally disturbed, mental retardation, hearing and visual impairments, specific learning disabilities, multiple disabilities, orthopedic impairments, speech/language impairments, other health impairments, autism, and traumatic brain injury. Child Count data does not include data from private or BIA schools but does include Chapter I state operated/state supported programs.

Free and Reduced Price School Lunches

Internet site: <http://www.doe.sd.gov/cans/nslp.aspx>

Data Source: Child and Adult Nutrition Services, Department of Education. Data for the SD Department of Human Services and SD Department of Corrections are included as inmates and clients who are under age 21 can participate in the program.

Definitions: "DNP" = Did Not Participate in the School Lunch Program. A double asterisk (**) means the agency has 90% or more of the children eligible for free or reduced price meals or have 10 or fewer children enrolled. In accordance with 7CFR 245 6(f), the percentages are not listed because to do so would overtly identify the children directly or by deduction. Contact Child and Adult Nutrition Services at 605-773-3413 if there are any questions.



University of South Dakota
www.usd.edu

Founded in 1862 and the first university in the Dakotas, the University of South Dakota is the only public liberal arts university in the state, with 205 undergraduate and 73 graduate programs in the College of Arts & Sciences, School of Education, School of Law, Sanford School of Medicine, School of Health Sciences, Beacom School of Business and College of Fine Arts. With an enrollment of nearly 10,000 students and more than 400 faculty, USD has a 17:1 student/faculty ratio, and it ranks among the best in academics and affordability. USD's 17 athletic programs compete at the NCAA Division I level.



www.aecf.org

The Annie E. Casey Foundation is devoted to developing a brighter future for millions of children at risk of poor educational, economic, social and health outcomes.

Our work focuses on strengthening families, building stronger communities and ensuring access to opportunity, because children need all three to succeed. We advance research and solutions to overcome the barriers to success, help communities demonstrate what works and influence decision makers to invest in strategies based on solid evidence.

As a private philanthropy based in Baltimore and working across the country, we make grants that help federal agencies, states, counties, cities and neighborhoods create more innovative, cost-effective responses to the issues that negatively affect children: poverty, unnecessary disconnection from family and communities with limited access to opportunity.

Since 1948, these efforts have translated into more informed policies and practices and yielded positive results for larger numbers of kids and families.



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We are committed to USD's inclusive excellence initiatives, and cultivating an environment of inclusive excellence at all levels of the school. We graduate globally and culturally aware business students who are equipped with the tools to embrace and practice inclusiveness.



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